PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES TOGETHER WITH INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024



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Convenience Translation of the Independent Auditor's Report Originally Prepared and Issued in Turkish to English

To the Shareholders' of Burgan Bank A.Ş.

A) Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the unconsolidated financial statements of Burgan Bank A.Ş. ("the Bank") which comprise the unconsolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2024 and the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, unconsolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, unconsolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity, unconsolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, comprising significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, except for the effect of the matter described in the Basis For Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the unconsolidated financial position of Burgan Bank A.Ş. as at 31 December 2024, and its unconsolidated financial performance and its unconsolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the "Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") Accounting and Reporting Legislation" which includes the "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette No. 26333 dated 1 November 2006, and other regulations on accounting records of banks published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Board, circulars and interpretations published by BRSA and requirements of Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") for the matters not regulated by the aforementioned legislations.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

As stated in Note 2.h.2.ii of Section Five, the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2024 include a free provision of total of TL 701,889 thousands, of which TL 607,081 thousands had been cancelled in the current period and TL 1,308,970 thousands had been recognized as expense in prior periods which does not meet the requirements of BRSA Accounting and Reporting Legislation. This general provision is provided by the Bank management for the possible effects of the negative circumstances which may arise in economy or market conditions.



We conducted our audit in accordance with the "Regulation on Independent Audit of the Banks" ("BRSA Auditing Regulation") published in the Official Gazette No.29314 dated 2 April 2015 by BRSA and Standards on Auditing which is a component of the Turkish Auditing Standards published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") ("Standards on Auditing issued by POA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We declare that we are independent of the Bank in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Auditors issued by POA (Including Independence Standards) ("POA's Code of Ethics") and the ethical requirements in the regulations issued by POA that are relevant to audit of unconsolidated financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the POA's Code of Ethics and regulations. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Impairment of loans measured at amortised cost

The details of accounting policies and significant estimates and assumptions for impairment of loans measured at amortised cost are presented in Section III, No: VIII of the unconsolidated financial statements.

Key audit matter

As of 31 December 2024, loans measured at amortised cost comprise 55% of the Bank's total assets.

The Bank recognizes its loans in accordance with the Regulation on the Procedures and Principles for Classification of Loans by Banks and Provisions to be set aside (the "Regulation") published on the Official Gazette No. 29750 dated 22 June 2016 and TFRS 9 Financial Instruments standard ("Standard").

The Bank applies the "expected credit loss model" in determining the impairment of financial assets in accordance with the Regulation and Standard. The model which contains significant assumptions and estimates is reviewed by the Bank's management annually.

The significant assumptions and estimates used in the model by Bank's management are as follows:

significant increase in credit risk;

How the matter is addressed in our audit

Our procedures for testing the impairment of loans measured at amortised cost are as below:

- We tested the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of the controls on lending, collateralization, collection, followup, classification and impairment procedures are tested with the involvement of information risk management specialists.
- We evaluated the adequacy of the subjective and objective criteria that is defined in the Bank's impairment accounting policy compared with the Regulation and Standard.
- We evaluated the model and methodology and the evaluation of the calculations were carried out with the control testing and detailed analysis by the involvement of specialist.
- We performed loan reviews for selected loan samples which include a detailed examination of loan files and related information and testing their classification. In this context, the current status of the loan customer has been evaluated on prospective information and macroeconomic variables.



- incorporating the forward-looking macroeconomic information in calculation of credit risk; and
- design and implementation of expected credit loss model.

The determination of the impairment of loans measured at amortised cost depends on the (i) credit default status, (ii) the model based on the change in the credit risk at the first recognition date and (iii) the classification of the loans measured at amortised cost according to the model. Establishing an accurate classification is a significant process as the calculation of expected credit loss varies to the staging of the financial assets.

The Bank calculates expected credit losses on both an individual and a collective basis. Individual provisions consider the estimated future performance of the business and the fair value of the collateral provided for credit transactions.

The collective basis expected credit loss calculation is based on complex processes which are modelled by using current and past data sets and expectations. The completeness and accuracy of data sets in the model are also considered and the forward-looking expectations are reflected by macroeconomic models.

Impairment on loans measured at amortised cost is determined as a key audit matter, due to the significance of the estimates, the level of judgements and its complex structure as explained above.

- We tested the accuracy of the expected credit loss calculations for all loans subject to individual assessment taking into account the assumptions and estimates used.
- We tested the accuracy and completeness of the data in the calculation models for the loans which are assessed on collective basis. The expected credit loss calculation was tested through recalculation. The models used for the calculation of the risk parameters were examined and the risk parameters were recalculated.
- We assessed the macroeconomic models, that are used to reflect forward looking expectations and tested the effect of the risk parameters by recalculation method.
- We evaluated the qualitative and quantitative assessments, which are used in determining the significant increase in credit risk.
- We evaluated the sufficiency and adequacy of the unconsolidated financial statements' disclosures related to impairment provisions.



Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with the "BRSA Accounting and Reporting Legislation", and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of unconsolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the unconsolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Bank's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Responsibilities of auditors in an audit are as follows:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with BRSA Auditing Regulation and Standards on Auditing issued by POA will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these unconsolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with BRSA Auditing Regulation and Standards on Auditing issued by POA we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the unconsolidated financial statements,
 whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
 obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk
 of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
 error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Bank's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the unconsolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the unconsolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the unconsolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

B) Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1) Pursuant to the fourth paragraph of Article 402 of the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC") No. 6102; no significant matter has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Bank's bookkeeping activities for the period 1 January 31 December 2024 are not in compliance with TCC and provisions of the Bank's articles of association in relation to financial reporting.
- 2) Pursuant to the fourth paragraph of Article 402 of the TCC; the Board of Directors provided us the necessary explanations and required documents except for the annual report, in connection with the audit.

KPMG Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi

Ebru Koçak, SMMM

Partner

7 February 2025 İstanbul, Turkey

THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT OF BURGAN BANK A.Ş. AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

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34485 Sariyer / İstanbul

Telephone and Fax Numbers of the Bank : Telephone : 0 212 371 37 37

> : 0 212 371 42 42 Fax

The Bank's Website : www.burgan.com.tr : bilgi@burgan.com.tr Contact E-mail

The unconsolidated period end financial report includes the following sections in accordance with the Communiqué on Financial Statements and Related Explanations and Notes that will be Publicly Announced as sanctioned by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency.

Section One GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE BANK

Section Two UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE BANK

Section Three EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE RELEVANT PERIOD

Section Four INFORMATION RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

OF THE BANK

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL **Section Five**

STATEMENTS

OTHER EXPLANATIONS **Section Six**

Section Seven INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT

The accompanying unconsolidated financial statements and notes to these financial statements which are expressed, unless otherwise stated, in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"), have been prepared and presented based on the accounting books of the Bank in accordance with the Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, and related appendices and interpretations of these, and have been audited.

7 February 2025

Emin Hakan EMİNSOY Chairman of the Board of Directors

Ali Murat DİNC Member of the Board of Directors and General Manager

Zeynep BOZKURT Deputy Chief Executive Officer, Vice General Manager of Financial **Affairs**

Bahadır AKSU Head of Accounting. Tax, and Reporting Unit

Hasan KILIÇ

Khaled F.A.O. ALZOUMAN Head of the Audit Committee Member of the Audit Committee

Moustapha CHAMI Member of the Audit Committee

Contact information of the personnel in charge of the addressing of questions about this financial report:

: Bahadır AKSU / Head Of Department Name-Surname / Title

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EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION ONE

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE BANK

I. BANK'S FOUNDATION DATE, START-UP STATUTE, HISTORY ABOUT THE CHANGES IN THIS MENTIONED STATUTE:

Tekfen Yatırım ve Finansman Bankası A.Ş. was established as an "investment bank" with the permission of the Council of Ministers No. 88/13253 on 26 August 1988 and authorised to conduct finance investment and foreign trade activities. Banking operations commenced on 7 August 1989.

Bank Ekspres A.Ş. ("Bank Ekspres") was established with the permission of the Council of Ministers in decision No. 91/2316 on 22 September 1991; "The Decree of Establishment Permission" was published in the Official Gazette numbered 21017 and dated 10 October 1991. The Articles of Association was published in the Trade Registry Gazette numbered 2969 and dated 18 February 1992. The Turkish Savings Deposit and Insurance Fund ("SDIF") took over the management of Bank Ekspres A.Ş. due to the poor fiscal structure of the Bank on 23 October 1998.

According to the Share Transfer Agreement signed between the SDIF and Tekfen Holding A.Ş. on 30 June 2001, 2,983,800,000 shares with a nominal value of Kr 1 each and which amount to 99.46% of the capital of Bank Ekspres A.Ş. under the control of the SDIF in accordance with Banking Law were transferred to Tekfen Holding A.Ş. Based on this agreement, the acquisition of Tekfen Yatırım ve Finansman Bankası A.Ş., where Tekfen Holding A.Ş. owns 57.69% of the Bank, by Bank Ekspres A.Ş. was permitted by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency's ("BRSA") decision numbered 489 dated 18 October 2001. The share transfers were realised on 26 October 2001 and the Bank's name was changed to Tekfenbank Anonim Şirketi (the "Bank"), which had two main shareholders: Tekfen Holding A.Ş. with 57.30% and TST International S.A. with 40.62%.

EFG Eurobank Ergasias S.A. ("Eurobank EFG") and Tekfen Holding A.Ş. ("Tekfen Group") signed an agreement as of 8 May 2006, that anticipated Eurobank EFG to purchase Tekfen Group's 70% share in Tekfenbank A.Ş and Tekfen Finansal Kiralama A.Ş which is fully owned by Tekfenbank; where Tekfen Group retained its strategic partnership by keeping all remaining shares. On 23 February 2007, the sale of Tekfenbank A.Ş. to Eurobank EFG Holding (Luxembourg) S.A. ("Eurobank EFG Holding") was approved by the BRSA and the sale was completed after the share transfer on 16 March 2007.

Under the agreement regarding the sale of Eurobank Ergasias S.A.'s Turkey operations to Burgan Bank K.P.S.C. (formerly Burgan Bank S.A.K), 70% of the bank shares belonging to Eurobank EFG Holding (Luxemburg) S.A. and 29.26% of the shares belonging to Tekfen Holding A.Ş. are bought by Burgan Bank K.P.S.C. in 7 December 2012 in accordance with the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency's authorization, and then 99.26% of the Bank shares are turned over to Burgan Bank K.P.S.C. in 21 December 2012.

At the Extraordinary Board of Directors meeting on 23 January 2013, the title of the Bank has been decided to change from Eurobank Tekfen A.Ş. to Burgan Bank A.Ş. ("the Bank"), and has been registered to the Turkish Trade Registry as of 25 January 2013.

Burgan Bank K.P.S.C., which is the main shareholder with a share ratio of 99.41%, has completed the transfer transaction of its share corresponding to 52% of the Bank's capital to Al Rawabi United Holding K.S.C.C., obtaining necessary approvals from the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency on 13 November 2023. Kuwait Projects Company K.S.C.P., the actual main shareholder of Burgan Bank K.P.S.C., also owns 99.99% of the shares of Al Rawabi United Holding Company K.S.C.C. Therefore, there has been no change in the ultimate ownership of Burgan Bank A.Ş., as Kuwait Projects Company K.S.C.P., the actual main shareholder of Burgan Bank K.P.S.C., holds 99.99% of the shares of Al Rawabi United Holding Company K.S.C.C.

BURGAN BANK A.Ş. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE BANK (Continued):

II. EXPLANATION ABOUT THE BANK'S CAPITAL STRUCTURE, SHAREHOLDERS OF THE BANK WHO ARE IN CHARGE OF THE MANAGEMENT AND/OR AUDITING OF THE BANK DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, CHANGES IN THESE MATTERS (IF ANY) AND THE GROUP THE BANK BELONGS TO:

The Bank's registered capital ceiling is 6 billion full TL.

The Bank's capital amounts to full TL 3,050,000,000.

In accordance with the Decision of the Board of Directors of the Bank dated 21 June 2023 and numbered 2023/22, the required permission was obtained from Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency regarding increasing the capital amounting to TL 2,655,500,000 by TL 6,000,000,000 to TL 394,500,000, being within the limit of registered capital ceiling amounting to TL 3,050,000,000, and it was notified that there is no objection for consummation of transactions regarding the capital increase. In this context, the capital amount provided by the shareholders were transferred to the paid-in capital account and it is registered and announced in the Turkish Trade Registry Gazette dated 13 December 2023 and numbered 10978.

Burgan Bank K.P.S.C., which is the main shareholder with a share ratio of 99.41%, has completed the transfer transaction of its share corresponding to 52% of the Bank's capital to Al Rawabi United Holding K.S.C.C., obtaining necessary approvals from the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency on 13 November 2023. Kuwait Projects Company K.S.C.P., the actual main shareholder of Burgan Bank K.P.S.C., also owns 99.99% of the shares of Al Rawabi United Holding Company K.S.C.C. Therefore, there has been no change in the ultimate ownership of Burgan Bank A.Ş., as Kuwait Projects Company K.S.C.P., the actual main shareholder of Burgan Bank K.P.S.C., holds 99.99% of the shares of Al Rawabi United Holding Company K.S.C.C.

Founded in 1977, Burgan Bank K.P.S.C. as an affiliate of KIPCO Group (Kuwait Projects Company), one of the largest holding groups of the MENA region (Middle East and North Africa), is among the significant banking groups in the region. Besides Kuwait, Burgan Bank Group also operates as a main shareholder with its affiliate banks in Algeria (Gulf Bank Algeria), Iraq (Bank of Baghdad), and Tunisia (Tunis International Bank).

BURGAN BANK A.Ş. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATION ON THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, MEMBERS OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE, PRESIDENT AND EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENTS, CHANGES IN THESE MATTERS (IF ANY) AND SHARES OF THE BANK THEY POSSESS:

<u>Title</u>	<u>Name</u>	Responsibility	Education
Chairman of the Board of Directors:	Emin Hakan Eminsoy	Chairman of the Board of Directors	Undergraduate
Board of Directors Members:	Abdelkarim A. S. Kabariti Belkıs Gümüş(*) Khaled F.A.O. Alzouman Hasan Kılıç Fadhil M. GH. A. Abdullah Samer Abbouchi(**) Moustapha Chami Ali Murat Dinç	Deputy Chairman Member Member Member Member Member Member Member Member Member	Undergraduate Graduate Undergraduate Undergraduate Undergraduate Graduate Graduate Graduate Graduate
General Manager:	Ali Murat Dinç	Member and General Manager	Graduate
Deputy General Managers:	Suat Kerem Sözügüzel Zeynep Bozkurt	Commercial & Corporate Banking Financial Affairs	Graduate Graduate
Vice General Managers:	Esra Aydın Cihan Vural Rasim Levent Ergin Suat Kerem Sözügüzel Banu Ertürk Darço Akkaranfil Zeynep Bozkurt Ayşen Aslı Koçer Yener Yazlalı Halil Özcan Tuba Onay Ergelen Erdal Arda Türerer	Operations & Management Services Internal Systems Employee Experience and Communication Commercial & Corporate Banking Loans Monitoring and Legal Follow-Up Information Technologies Financial Affairs Savings Management Credits Digital Banking Risk Management Treasury, Capital Markets and Financial Institutions	Graduate Undergraduate Graduate Undergraduate Graduate Undergraduate Graduate Undergraduate Undergraduate Undergraduate Graduate Undergraduate Undergraduate Undergraduate Undergraduate
Audit Committee:	Hasan Kılıç Khaled F.A.O. Alzouman Moustapha Chami	Committee President Member Member	Undergraduate Undergraduate Graduate

^(*) Board Member Mehmet Alev Göçmez resigned from his position on 8 January 2025 and Belkıs Gümüş assigned to the position of Board Member on 8 January 2025.

There is no share of the above individuals in the Bank.

^(**) Board Member Mohammad M.A.H.S. Almael resigned from his position on 24 September 2024 and Samer Abbouchi assigned to the position of Board Member on 26 September 2024.

BURGAN BANK A.Ş. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE BANK (Continued):

IV. EXPLANATION ON SHAREHOLDERS HAVING CONTROL SHARES:

Name/Commercial Title	Share Amounts	Share Percentage	Paid-in Capital	Unpaid Portion
Al Rawabi United Holding K.S.C.C.	1,586,000	52.00%		-
Burgan Bank K.P.S.C.	1,446,061	47.41%		-

Based on the Principal Agreement, the Bank has 1 million founder's shares. According to the Principal Agreement, after allocating 5% to legal reserves and distributing 5% of the paid in capital, 10% of distributable amount is distributed to the owners of the founder's shares.

V. INFORMATION ON THE BANK'S SERVICE TYPE AND FIELD OF OPERATIONS:

As of 31 December 2024, the Bank, whose headquarter located in Istanbul, has 26 branches operating in Turkey (31 December 2023: 29). The Bank's core business activities include corporate and commercial banking, retail banking and banking services in treasury fields. As of 31 December 2024, the Bank has 1,320 (31 December 2023: 1,104) employees.

VI. CURRENT OR LIKELY ACTUAL OR LEGAL BARRIERS TO IMMEDIATE TRANSFER OF EQUITY OR REPAYMENT OF DEBTS BETWEEN THE PARENT BANK AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES:

None.

SECTION TWO

UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE BANK

- Balance sheet (Statement of financial position) Off-balance sheet I.
- II.
- III. Statement of profit or loss
- Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income Statement of changes in shareholders' equity IV.
- V.
- VI. Statement of cash flows
- VII. Statement of profit distribution

BURGAN BANK A.Ş. UNCONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION) AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024 AND 31 DECEMBER 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EET	Note (Section		Audited 31/12/2024			Audited 31/12/2023	
	Five)	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
SSETS (Net)		14,591,392	13,645,440	28,236,832	9,697,858	9,999,608	19,697,466
Equivalents		5,832,146	7,378,079	13,210,225	4,427,730	7,392,082	11,819,812
l Bank	I-a	5,631,150	5,260,389	10,891,539	4,427,484	6,188,372	10,615,856
	I-c	864	2,117,690	2,118,554	311		
n Money Markets		200,268	-	200,268	-	-	-
Losses (-)		136		136	65	-	65
s at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	I-b	710,992	1,282,998	1,993,990	751,410	64,784	816,194
nrities		340,773	563,449	904,222	1,493	64,784	66,277
bt Instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-
Assets		370,219	719,549	1,089,768	749,917	-	749,917
s at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	I-d	6,004,634	4,587,579	10,592,213	2,020,960	988,763	3,009,723
nrities		5,996,960	4,196,082	10,193,042	2,013,286	988,763	3,002,049
bt Instruments		7,674	-	7,674	7,674	-	7,674
Assets		-	391,497	391,497	-	-	-
ncial Assets	I-l	2,043,620		2,440,404			
cial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss		752,651	250,421	1,003,072	1,071,826	438,866	1,510,692
cial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive							
		1,290,969		1,437,332	1,425,932		
SSETS MEASURED AT AMORTIZED COST (Net)			32,488,184	75,378,595		23,095,095	
	I-e-f	34,279,365	27,528,471	61,807,836	25,726,667	20,516,689	46,243,356
m Leasing Transactions	I-k	-	-	-	-	-	-
ivables	I-e	42,172	1 1	42,172	12,889	-	12,889
Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	I-g	9,264,322	1 ' ' 1	14,374,054	6,432,367		
nrities		8,715,258	1 1 1	13,824,990	6,432,367	3,232,867	9,665,234
Assets		549,064	!	549,064		-	-
t Losses (-)	I-e-f	695,448	150,019	845,467	543,607	654,461	1,198,068
TS ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND FROM ED OPERATIONS (Net)	I-r	1,571,475		1 571 475	1,805,136		1,805,136
LD OFERATIONS (Net)	1-1	1,571,475		1,571,475 1,571,475	1,805,136	1	1,805,136
ntinued Operations		1,3/1,4/3]	1,3/1,4/3	1,005,150	_	1,805,150
S IN PARTNERSHIP		3,822,776]	3,822,776	2,388,445	_	2,388,445
SINTAKINERSIII	I-h	3,022,770		3,022,770	2,300,443	_	2,300,443
unted by Using Equity Method	1-11	_]	_]]	
ed Associates		_		_]	_	_
et)	I-i	3,822,776]	3,822,776	2,388,445	_	2,388,445
ed Financial Subsidiaries		3,822,776		3,822,776	2,388,445		2,388,445
ed Non-Financial Subsidiaries		3,822,770]	3,822,770	2,300,443	_	2,300,443
ed Partnerships (Joint Ventures) (Net)	I-j	_	_	_	_	_	_
d Partnerships Accounted by Using Equity Method	1.	_	_	_	_	_	
ad Jointly Controlled Partnerships		_	_	_	_	_	_
SETS (Net)	I-m	550,069	_	550,069	455,412	_	455,412
ASSETS (Net)	I-n	335,209]	335,209	150,123	_	150,123
		-		-	-	_	-
		335,209	-	335,209	150,123	_	150,123
PROPERTIES (Net)	I-o	-	-	-	_	_	_
X ASSETS		-	-	-	32,976	_	32,976
AX ASSETS	I-p	306,234	-	306,234	_	_	_
ΓS (Net)	I-s	2,926,721	343,878	3,270,599	957,835	230,743	1,188,578
			'				
'S		66,994,287	46,477,502	113,471,789	47,116,101	33,325,446	80,441,547
							66,994,287 46,477,502 113,471,789 47,116,101 33,325,446

BURGAN BANK A.Ş. UNCONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION) AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024 AND 31 DECEMBER 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

I. D. III. L. III. P. III. IV. IS III. B. 4.1 B. 4.2 A. 4.3 B. IV. FT. 5.1 B. 5.5.1 B. 5.5.1 B. 5.5.1 D. C. VII. D. T. 1.1 D. T. 1.1 D. T. 1.1 D. T. 1.1 D. T. 1.1 D. T. 1.1 D. T. 1.1 D. T. 1.1 D. T. T. 1.1 D. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T.	DEPOSITS OANS RECEIVED AYABLES TO MONEY MARKET SSUED SECURITIES (Net)	(Section Five)	TL	FC	Total			
I. D. III. L. III. P. III. IV. IS III. B. 4.1 B. 4.2 A. 4.3 B. IV. FT. 5.1 B. 5.5.1 B. 5.5.1 B. 5.5.1 D. C. VII. D. T. 1.1 D. T. 1.1 D. T. 1.1 D. T. 1.1 D. T. 1.1 D. T. 1.1 D. T. 1.1 D. T. 1.1 D. T. T. 1.1 D. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T.	DEPOSITS OANS RECEIVED CAYABLES TO MONEY MARKET	II-a	IL	FC		TOT	T 4 1	
III. L. L. L. L. L. L. L. L. L. L. L. L. L.	OANS RECEIVED AYABLES TO MONEY MARKET	1		: !	Total	TL	FC	Total
III. L. L. L. L. L. L. L. L. L. L. L. L. L.	OANS RECEIVED AYABLES TO MONEY MARKET	1	38,357,701	14,384,432	52,742,133	25,508,650	15,170,115	40.678.765
III. P. IV. IS 44.1 Be 44.2 A: 44.3 Bi V. FI 5.1 Be 5.2 O' VI. FI L VVII. D. 7.1 D.	AYABLES TO MONEY MARKET	II-c		27,917,379	28,604,226		12,627,772	
IV. IS 4.1 Bd 4.2 Ad 4.3 Bi V. FI 5.1 Bd 5.2 Od VI. FI Ld VII. Dd 7.1 Dd		11 0	-	3,748,467	6,718,486		2,734,906	1 ′ ′
4.1 Bd 4.2 A 4.3 Bi V. FU 5.1 Bd 5.2 Or VI. FI LO VII. D 7.1 D		II-d	-	-	-	-	-	_
4.3 Bi V. FV 5.1 Bc 5.2 O VI. FI Lc VII. D 7.1 Dc	londs		-	-	-	-	-	-
V. FV. 5.1 B6 5.2 Or VI. F1 L6 VII. D. 7.1 D6	sset Backed Securities		-	-	-	-	-	-
5.1 Bo 5.2 Or VI. FI LO VII. DO 7.1 DO	ills		-	-	-	-	-	-
5.2 Or VI. F1 L0 VII. D2 7.1 D6	UNDS		-	-	-	-	-	-
VI. FI LO VII. D	forrower Funds		-	-	-	-	-	-
VII. D	Other		-	-	-	-	-	-
VII. D	INANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR							
7.1 D	OSS	II-b	2 005 012	151 406	2 155 210	1 ((0 002	- ((2.700	2 222 051
	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	II-g	2,005,813	171,406	2,177,219	1,669,082	663,789	
1.2 D	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive		1,061,583	114,055	1,175,638	975,647	424,525	1,400,172
	ncome		944,230	57,351	1,001,581	693,435	239,264	932,699
	ACTORING LIABILITIES		-	-	-	-		-
IX. L	EASE LIABILITIES (Net)	II-f	137,795	-	137,795	93,936	-	93,936
X. Pl	ROVISIONS	II-h	1,209,112	22,536	1,231,648	1,092,244	600,969	1,693,213
10.1 Pr	rovision for Restructuring		-	-	-	-	-	-
10.2 Pr	rovision for Employee Benefits		473,903	-	473,903	323,297	-	323,297
	nsurance Technical Reserves (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-
	Other Provisions		735,209	22,536	757,745	768,947	600,969	
	CURRENT TAX PAYABLES	II-i	591,077	-	591,077	164,745		164,745
	DEFERRED TAX PAYABLES	II-i	-	-	-	453,518	-	453,518
	AYABLES RELATED TO NON-CURRENT ASSETS HELD FOR ALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)	II-j						
	feld for Sale	11-j	-	_	_]	_	
	elated to Discontinued Operations		_		_	_	_	
	UBORDINATED DEBT	II-k	_	7,118,127	7,118,127	_	5,943,105	5,943,105
	oans		_	7,118,127	7,118,127	-	5,943,105	
	Other Debt Instruments		-	-	-	-	-	_
xv. o	OTHER LIABILITIES	II-e	2,665,519	1,091,590	3,757,109	1,094,059	3,530,902	4,624,961
XVI. E	QUITY	II-l	10,296,448	97,521	10,393,969	6,813,303	576,374	7,389,677
16.1 Pa	aid-in Capital		3,050,000	-	3,050,000	3,050,000	-	3,050,000
	apital Reserves		(6,321)	-	(6,321)	(6,321)	-	(6,321)
	quity Share Premiums		-	-	-	-	-	-
	hare Cancellation Profits		-	-	-		-	-
	Other Capital Reserves		(6,321)	-	(6,321)	(6,321)	-	(6,321)
	Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income that Will Not be Reclassified in rofit or Loss		57,304		57,304	45,044		45,044
	other Accumulated Comprehensive Income That Will be Reclassified in Profit		31,304	-	37,304	73,044	-	73,044
	r Loss		(121,796)	97,521	(24,275)	(88,058)	576,374	488,316
16.5 Pr	rofit Reserves		3,668,076		3,668,076	1,252,334		1,252,334
16.5.1 Le	egal Reserves		167,239	-	167,239	46,452	-	46,452
	tatutory Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-
	xtraordinary Reserves		3,500,732	-	3,500,732	1,205,777	-	1,205,777
	Other Profit Reserves		105	-	105	105	-	105
	rofit or Loss		3,649,185	-	3,649,185	2,560,304	-	2,560,304
	rior Years' Profits or Losses		144,562	-	144,562	2.500.201	-	2.5(0.20)
16.6.2 Ci	Surrent Period Net Profit or Loss		3,504,623	-	3,504,623	2,560,304	-	2,560,304
т	OTAL LIABILITIES		58 920 331	54,551,458	113,471,789	38 503 615	41,847,932	80 441 547
1	VIAL BIABILITER		30,720,331	37,331,430	113,7/1,/09	30,373,013	71,07/,732	00,771,34/

BURGAN BANK A.Ş. UNCONSOLIDATED OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 AND 31 DECEMBER 2023

 $\underline{\text{(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)}}$

	OFE DATANCE SHEET									
II.	OFF-BALANCE SHEET	Note		Audited 31/12/2024			Audited 31/12/2023			
		(Section Five)	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total		
A.	OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS (I+II+III)		63,790,839			44,864,757	89,285,441	134,150,198		
I. 1.1.	GUARANTEES and WARRANTIES Letters of Guarantee	III-a-2-3	11,332,830 8,238,680		21,138,127 10,552,898	8,431,713 6,059,424	6,236,042 1,876,876	14,667,755 7,936,300		
1.1.1.	Guarantees Subject to State Tender Law		8,849		10,337	20,225	1,241	21,466		
1.1.2.	Guarantees Given for Foreign Trade Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-		
1.1.3.	Other Letters of Guarantee		8,229,831	2,312,730	10,542,561	6,039,199	1,875,635	7,914,834		
1.2. 1.2.1.	Bank Loans Import Letter of Acceptance		650 650		134,400 134,400	75,030 75,030	27,242 27,242	102,272 102,272		
1.2.1.	Other Bank Acceptances		030	133,730	134,400	75,030	27,242	102,272		
1.3.	Letters of Credit		-	7,274,180	7,274,180	166,509	3,627,573	3,794,082		
1.3.1.	Documentary Letters of Credit		-	7,274,180	7,274,180	166,509	3,627,573	3,794,082		
1.3.2.	Other Letters of Credit		-	-	-	-	-	-		
1.4. 1.5.	Prefinancing Given as Guarantee Endorsements]	-	-	-	-	-		
1.5.1.	Endorsements Endorsements to the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey		_]	_	_	-	-		
1.5.2.	Other Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	-		
1.6.	Securities Issue Purchase Guarantees		-	-	-	-	-	-		
1.7. 1.8.	Factoring Guarantees		2 002 500	92 140	2 176 640	2 120 750	704 251	2 925 101		
1.8.	Other Guarantees Other Collaterals		3,093,500	83,149	3,176,649	2,130,750	704,351	2,835,101		
II.	COMMITMENTS	III-a-1	2,809,649	1,418,611	4,228,260	772,296	575,825	1,348,121		
2.1.	Irrevocable Commitments		2,809,649		4,228,260	772,296	575,825	1,348,121		
2.1.1.	Asset Purchase Commitments		1,077,910	1,418,611	2,496,521	159,580	575,825	735,405		
2.1.2. 2.1.3.	Deposit Purchase and Sales Commitments Share Capital Commitments to Associates and Subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-		
2.1.3.	Share Capital Commitments to Associates and Subsidiaries Commitments for Loan Limits		1,511,654	_	1,511,654	397,903	-	397,903		
2.1.5.	Securities Issue Brokerage Commitments			-	-,5.11,054	-	-	-		
2.1.6.	Commitments for Reserve Deposit Requirements		-	-	-	-	-	-		
2.1.7.	Commitments for Cheques		173,763	-	173,763	141,403	-	141,403		
2.1.8. 2.1.9.	Tax and Fund Liabilities from Export Commitments Commitments for Credit Card Limits		2,601	-	2,601	-	-	-		
2.1.10.	Promotion Commitments for Credit Cards and Banking Services		2,001]	2,001	-	- -	-		
2.1.11.	Receivables from Short Sale Commitments of Marketable Securities		-	-		-	-	-		
2.1.12.	Payables for Short Sale Commitments of Marketable Securities		-	-	-	-	-	-		
2.1.13.	Other Irrevocable Commitments		43,721	-	43,721	73,410	-	73,410		
2.2. 2.2.1.	Revocable Commitments Revocable Commitments for Loan Limits		-	_	-	-	-	_		
2.2.2.	Other Revocable Commitments		_	_	_	_	-	-		
III.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS		49,648,360	60,677,768	110,326,128	35,660,748	82,473,574	118,134,322		
3.1.	Hedging Derivative Financial Instruments		26,755,296	14,297,460	41,052,756	10,097,042	31,085,144	41,182,186		
3.1.1.	Transactions for Fair Value Hedge		26.755.206	14 207 460	41.052.756	10.007.042	21.095.144	41 102 107		
3.1.2. 3.1.3.	Transactions for Cash Flow Hedge Transactions for Foreign Net Investment Hedge		26,755,296	14,297,460	41,052,756	10,097,042	31,085,144	41,182,186		
3.2.	Trading Transactions		22,893,064	46,380,308	69,273,372	25,563,706	51,388,430	76,952,136		
3.2.1.	Forward Foreign Currency Buy-Sell Transactions		7,596,581	6,372,925	13,969,506	874,284	903,651	1,777,935		
3.2.1.1	Forward Foreign Currency Transactions-Buy		742,478		6,408,955	874,284	50,157	924,441		
3.2.1.2. 3.2.2.	Forward Foreign Currency Transactions-Sell Swap Transactions Related to Foreign Currency and Interest Rates		6,854,103 10,994,919		7,560,551 39,578,553	23,119,642	853,494 45,105,816	853,494 68,225,458		
3.2.2.1.	Foreign Currency Swap-Buy		3,019,683		16,796,085	6,849,120	24,575,434	31,424,554		
3.2.2.2.	Foreign Currency Swap-Sell		2,725,236		16,600,622	15,870,522	15,808,758	31,679,280		
3.2.2.3.	Interest Rate Swap-Buy		2,625,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3,090,923	200,000	2,360,812	2,560,812		
3.2.2.4.	Interest Rate Swap-Sell		2,625,000		3,090,923	200,000	2,360,812	2,560,812		
3.2.3. 3.2.3.1.	Foreign Currency, Interest Rate and Securities Options Foreign Currency Options-Buy		330,575 222,546		8,440,798 4,226,215	_	3,871,728 1,929,671	3,871,728 1,929,671		
3.2.3.2.	Foreign Currency Options-Sell		108,029	4,106,554	4,214,583	-	1,942,057	1,942,057		
3.2.3.3.	Interest Rate Options-Buy		-	-	-	-	-	-		
3.2.3.4.	Interest Rate Options-Sell		-	-	-	-	-	-		
3.2.3.5.	Securities Options-Buy		-	-	-	-	-	-		
3.2.3.6. 3.2.4.	Securities Options-Sell Futures Transactions		3,970,989	3,313,526	7,284,515	1,569,780	1,507,235	3,077,015		
3.2.4.1.	Futures Transactions-Buy		1,027,603		3,563,622	1,172,958	385,640	1,558,598		
3.2.4.2.	Futures Transactions-Sell		2,943,386	777,507	3,720,893	396,822	1,121,595	1,518,417		
3.2.5.	Futures Interest Trading Transactions		-	-	-	-	-	-		
3.2.5.1. 3.2.5.2.	Futures Interest Transactions-Buy Futures Interest Transactions-Sell		_		-	-	-	-		
3.2.6	Other		_	_	-	-	-	-		
В.	CUSTODY AND PLEDGES RECEIVED (IV+V+VI)		188,090,960			168,211,880	484,218,224	652,430,104		
IV.	ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY		14,498,432	19,454,878	33,953,310	7,974,149	11,772,077	19,746,226		
4.1. 4.2.	Customer Fund and Portfolio Balances Investment Securities Held in Custody		5,762,038	- 19,267,938	25,029,976	- 1,434,779	11,636,109	13,070,888		
4.2.	Cheques Received for Collection		5,762,038		5,711,404	4,340,209	109,771	4,449,980		
4.4.	Commercial Notes Received for Collection		61,944		91,729	25,411	26,197	51,608		
4.5.	Other Assets Received for Collection		-	-	-	-	-	-		
4.6.	Assets Received for Public Offering		2 002 502	26.50	2 120 201	2 172 752	-	0.170.750		
4.7. 4.8.	Other Items Under Custody Custodians		3,093,500	26,701	3,120,201	2,173,750	-	2,173,750		
V.	PLEDGES RECEIVED		171,422,348	506,503,517	677,925,865	160,029,531	472,446,147	632,475,678		
5.1.	Marketable Securities		707,581	-	707,581	893,581	-	893,581		
5.2.	Guarantee Notes		42,509,210			31,306,099	84,482,296	115,788,395		
5.3. 5.4	Commodity		14,497,456	3,383,815	17,881,271	8,566,884	2,633,834	11,200,718		
5.4. 5.5.	Warranty Immovable		107,766,328	- 397,467,773	505,234,101	- 113,914,927	373,215,380	487,130,307		
5.6.	Other Pledged Items		5,941,773		17,989,296	5,348,040	12,114,637	17,462,677		
5.7	Pledged Items-Depository		-	-	-	-	-	-		
VI.	ACCEPTED INDEPENDENT GUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES		2,170,180		2,170,180	208,200	-	208,200		
1	TOTAL OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS (A+B)		251,881,799	597,860,071	849,741,870	213,076,637	573,503,665	786,580,302		
	The accommon ving explanations on	l				i				

BURGAN BANK A.Ş. UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 AND 31 DECEMBER 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

III.	STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS	Note		
	***************************************	(Section	4 12. 1	4 11/ 1
	INCOME AND EXPENSE ITEMS	Five)	Audited 01/01/2024-31/12/2024	Audited 01/01/2023-31/12/2023
I.	INTEREST INCOME	IV-a	29,640,383	11,980,433
1.1	Interest Received from Loans	1 v -a	13,760,971	5,677,820
1.2	Interest Received from Reserve Deposits		887,955	325
1.3	Interest Received from Banks		452,333	95,072
1.4	Interest Received from Money Market Transactions		100,102	177,806
1.5	Interest Received from Securities		4,894,724	2,547,474
1.5.1	Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss		142,272	17,325
1.5.2	Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income		1,747,623	592,452
1.5.3	Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost		3,004,829	1,937,697
1.6	Finance Lease Interest Income			
1.7	Other Interest Income	IV-k	9,544,298	3,481,936
II.	INTEREST EXPENSES (-)	IV-b	25,886,712	10,953,879
2.1 2.2	Interest on Deposits Interests Given to Used Loans		12,710,929 1,907,468	6,132,130
2.2	Interest on Money Market Transactions		2,117,704	858,353 292,671
2.3	Interest on Noney Market Transactions Interest on Securities Issued		2,117,704	292,071
2.5	Finance Lease Interest Expenses		37,172	15,894
2.6	Other Interest Expenses	IV-k	9,113,439	3,654,831
III.	NET INTEREST INCOME/EXPENSE (I - II)		3,753,671	1,026,554
IV.	NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSES		394,624	797,607
4.1	Fees and Commissions Received		571,766	896,377
4.1.1	Non-Cash Loans		161,608	135,068
4.1.2	Other	IV-k	410,158	761,309
4.2	Fees and Commissions Paid (-)		177,142	98,770
4.2.1	Non-Cash Loans (-)	****	94	100
4.2.2	Other (-) DIVIDEND INCOME	IV-k	177,048	98,670
V. VI.		IV-c IV-d	52 662,567	32 1,589,588
6.1	TRADING PROFIT/LOSS (Net) Profit/Losses from Capital Market Transactions	ıv-u	453,645	657,833
6.2	Profit/Losses from Derivative Financial Transactions		345,436	(298,116)
6.3	Foreign Exchange Profit/Losses		(136,514)	1,229,871
VII.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	IV-e	1,134,839	273,616
VIII.	GROSS PROFIT FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (III+IV+V+VI+VII)	1, 0	5,945,753	3,687,397
IX.	ALLOWANCES FOR EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES (-)	IV-f	(414,641)	(1,098,678)
X.	OTHER PROVISION EXPENSES (-)	IV-f	4,185	338,581
XI.	PERSONNEL EXPENSES (-)		2,457,141	1,199,737
XII.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	IV-g	1,875,302	976,074
XIII.	NET OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS (VIII-IX-X-XI-XII)		2,023,766	2,271,683
XIV.	SURPLUS WRITTEN AS GAIN AFTER MERGER			-
XV.	PROFIT/LOSS FROM EQUITY METHOD APPLIED SUBSIDIARIES		1,504,926	965,707
XVI.	NET MONETARY POSITION GAIN/LOSS		-	-
XVII.	PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAXES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	IV-h	3 538 603	2 227 200
XVIII.	(XIII++XVI) PROVISION FOR TAXES ON INCOME FROM CONTINUING	1 V -II	3,528,692	3,237,390
AVIII.	OPERATIONS (±)	IV-i	(24,069)	(677,086)
18.1	Current Tax Provision	1,-1	598,014	15,447
18.2	Expense Effect of Deferred Tax (+)		341,911	739,032
18.3	Income Effect of Deferred Tax (-)		915,856	77,393
XIX.	NET PROFIT/LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (XVII±XVIII)	IV-j	3,504,623	2,560,304
XX.	INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	•	-	-
20.1	Income from Assets Held For Sale		-	-
20.2	Profit from Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures		-	-
20.3	Other Income from Discontinued Operations		-	-
XXI.	EXPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)		-	-
21.1	Expenses on Assets Held for Sale		-	-
21.2	Losses from Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures		-	-
21.3 XXII.	Other Expenses from Discontinued Operations PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAXES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		-	-
AAII.	(XX-XXI)			
XXIII.	TAX PROVISION FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)			- -
23.1	Current Tax Provision			- -
23.2	Expense Effect of Deferred Tax (+)			-
23.3	Income Effect of Deferred Tax (-)			-
XXIV.	NET PROFIT/LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XXII±XXIII)			-
XXV.	NET PROFIT/LOSS FOR THE PERIOD (XIX+XXIV)	IV-k	3,504,623	2,560,304
	Profit / (Loss) per share (1,000 nominal in TL full)		11.491	9.571
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

BURGAN BANK A.Ş. UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 AND 31 DECEMBER 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

IV.	STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	Audited 01/01/2024-31/12/2024	Audited 01/01/2023-31/12/2023
I.	PROFIT/LOSS FOR THE PERIOD	3,504,623	2,560,304
II.	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	(500,331)	(264,577)
2.1	Items not to be Reclassified to Profit or Loss	12,260	32,420
2.1.1	Revaluation Increase/Decrease of Tangible Assets	15,250	67,750
2.1.2	Revaluation Increase/Decrease of Intangible Assets	-	-
2.1.3	Defined Benefit Plans Remeasurement Gains/Loss	628	(23,726)
2.1.4	Other Comprehensive Income not to be Reclassified to Profit or Loss	-	-
2.1.5	Tax Related to Other Comprehensive Income not to be Reclassified to Profit or Loss	(3,618)	(11,604)
2.2	Items to be Reclassified to Profit or Loss	(512,591)	(296,997)
2.2.1	Foreign Currency Translation Differences	-	-
2.2.2	Gains/Losses on Valuation or Reclassification Arising from Financial Assets at Fair Value		
	Through Other Comprehensive Income	(119,381)	(231,940)
2.2.3	Gains/Losses Arising on Cash Flow Hedges	(613,206)	(117,149)
2.2.4	Gains/Losses Arising on Net Investment Hedges	-	-
2.2.5	Other Comprehensive Income to be Reclassified to Profit or Loss	-	-
2.2.6	Tax Related to Other Comprehensive Income to be Reclassified to Profit or Loss	219,996	52,092
III.	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (I+II)	3,004,292	2,295,727

UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

							Other Comprehensive Income or Expenses to be Reclassified to Profit or Loss									
	Audited CURRENT PERIOD 31.12.2024	Note (Section Five)	Paid-in Capital	Share Premium	Share Cancellation Profits	Other Capital Reserves	1	2	3	4	5	6	Profit Reserves	Prior Period Profit / (Loss)	Current Period Net Income or Loss	Total Shareholders' Equity
I.	Prior Period End Balance	II-l	3,050,000	-	-	(6,321)	99,718	(54,674)	-	-	(102,006)	590,322	1,252,334	2,560,304	-	7,389,677
II.	Corrections according to TAS 8		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1	Effect of Corrections of Errors		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III.	Effect of Amendments in Accounting Policies New Balance (I+II)		3,050,000	-	-	(6,321)	99,718	(54,674)	-	-	(102,006)	590,322	1,252,334	2,560,304	-	7,389,677
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income		3,030,000	-	-	(0,321)	99,718 11.820	(54,674)	-	_	(83,567)	(429,024)	1,232,334	2,360,304	3,504,623	3,004,292
V.	Capital Increase in Cash		_	-	-	-	11,620	440	_	_	(83,307)	(423,024)	_	_	5,304,025	5,004,292
VI.	Capital Increase in Internal Resources		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
VII.	Paid-in Capital Inflation Adjustment Difference		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII.	Convertible Bonds		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX.	Subordinated Debt Instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
X.	Gain/Loss Related to Other Changes		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
XI.	Profit Distribution		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,415,742	(2,415,742)	-	-
11.1	Dividend Paid		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11.2	Transfers to Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,415,742	(2,415,742)	-	-
11.3	Other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Period End Balance (III+IV++X+XI)		3,050,000	-	-	(6,321)	111,538	(54,234)	-	-	(185,573)	161,298	3,668,076	144,562	3,504,623	10,393,969

^{1.} Tangible assets revaluations increases / decreases,

^{2.} Accumulated re-measurement gains / losses of defined benefit plans,

^{3.} Other (the share of other comprehensive income of the investments accounted by the equity method that cannot be classified as profit / loss and the accumulated amount of other comprehensive income items that will not be reclassified as other profit / loss),

^{4.} Foreign currency translation differences

^{5.} Accumulated revaluation and / or classification gains / losses on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income,

^{6.} Other (Cash flow hedging gains / losses, share of other comprehensive income of equity method investees classified as profit / loss and accumulated other comprehensive income to be reclassified as other profit or loss).

UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

V. S	STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN S	HAREH	OLDERS	s' EQUIT	ſΥ		Other Comprel				prehensive Incom sified to Profit or					
	Audited PRIOR PERIOD 31.12.2023	Note (Section Five)	Paid-in Capital	Share Premium	Share Cancellation Profits	Other Capital Reserves	1	2	3	4	5	6	Profit Reserves	Prior Period Profit / (Loss)	Current Period Net Income or Loss	Total Shareholders' Equity
I.	Prior Period End Balance	II-l	2,655,500	-	-	(6,321)	53,305	(40,681)	-	-	64,663	720,650	429,402	1,217,432	-	5,093,950
II.	Corrections according to TAS 8		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1	Effect of Corrections of Errors		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2	Effect of Amendments in Accounting Policies		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III.	New Balance (I+II)		2,655,500	-	-	(6,321)	53,305	(40,681)	-	-	64,663	720,650	429,402	1,217,432	-	5,093,950
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income		-	-	-	-	46,413	(13,993)	-	-	(166,669)	(130,328)		-	2,560,304	2,295,727
V.	Capital Increase in Cash		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	Capital Increase in Internal Resources		394,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(394,500)	-	-	-
VII.	Paid-in Capital Inflation Adjustment Difference		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII.	Convertible Bonds		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX.	Subordinated Debt Instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
X.	Increase / Decrease Related to Other Changes		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
XI.	Profit Distribution		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,217,432	(1,217,432)	-	-
11.1	Dividend Paid		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11.2	Transfers to Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,217,432	(1,217,432)	-	-
11.3	Other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Period End Balance (III+IV++X+XI)		3,050,000	-	-	(6,321)	99,718	(54,674)	-	-	(102,006)	590,322	1,252,334	-	2,560,304	7,389,677

^{1.} Tangible assets revaluations increases / decreases,

^{2.} Accumulated re-measurement gains / losses of defined benefit plans,

^{3.} Other (the share of other comprehensive income of the investments accounted by the equity method that cannot be classified as profit / loss and the accumulated amount of other comprehensive income items that will not be reclassified as other profit / loss),

^{4.} Foreign currency translation differences,

^{5.} Accumulated revaluation and / or classification gains / losses on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income,

^{6.} Other (Cash flow hedging gains / losses, share of other comprehensive income of equity method investees classified as profit / loss and accumulated other comprehensive income to be reclassified as other profit or loss).

BURGAN BANK A.Ş. UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024 AND 31 DECEMBER 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

		Nata		1
		Note (Section	Audited	Audited
VI.	STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	Five)	01/01/2024 - 31/12/2024	01/01/2023 - 31/12/2023
	CASH ELOWS EDOM DANIZING OBED ATIONS			
A.	CASH FLOWS FROM BANKING OPERATIONS			
1.1	Operating Profit Before Changes in Assets and Liabilities in the Field of Activity of Banking		1,342,944	(838,902)
	operating Front Detore Changes in Assets and Embinates in the Field of Activity of Banking		1,0 12,0 11	(000,702)
1.1.1	Interest Received		26,366,782	10,738,014
1.1.2	Interest Paid		(25,372,797)	(10,357,807)
1.1.3 1.1.4	Dividend Received Fees and Commissions Received		52 492,680	789,743
1.1.5	Other Income		492,000	709,743
1.1.6	Collections from Previously Written-off Loans and Other Receivables		104,380	794,345
1.1.7	Payments to Personnel and Service Suppliers		(2,137,141)	(1,199,737)
1.1.8	Taxes Paid		(341,398)	(129,212)
1.1.9	Other	VI-b	2,230,386	(1,474,280)
1.2	Change in Assets and Liabilities Subject to Banking Activities		9,737,742	5,813,330
1.2.1	Net (Increase) Decrease in Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/Loss		(1,097,808)	(221,439)
1.2.1	Net (Increase) Decrease in Phiancial Assets at Pair Value Through Front Loss Net (Increase) Decrease in Due from Banks and Other Financial Institutions		2,215,220	259,538
1.2.3	Net (Increase) Decrease in Loans		(15,215,349)	(10,049,936)
1.2.4	Net (Increase) Decrease in Other Assets		(5,633,756)	(711,249)
1.2.5	Net Increase (Decrease) in Bank Deposits		689,506	(151,562)
1.2.6	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Deposits		11,111,111	465,112
1.2.7	Net Increase (Decrease) in Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		-	
1.2.8	Net Increase (Decrease) in Funds Borrowed		16,889,757	12,963,690
1.2.9	Net Increase (Decrease) in Payables Due		-	-
1.2.10	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities	VI-b	779,061	3,259,176
I.	Net Cash Provided from Banking Operations		11,080,686	4,974,428
B.	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
II.	Net Cash Flow Provided from Investing Activities		(8,044,007)	(3,098,420)
2.1	Acquired Affiliates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures (Joint Partnerships)		_	(350,000)
2.2	Sold Affiliates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures (Joint Partnerships)		-	(550,000)
2.3	Purchased Securities and Real Estate		(128,014)	(142,035)
2.4	Sold Securities and Real Estates		267,499	266,843
2.5	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		(7,115,809)	(1,710,337)
2.6	Financial Assets Disposed at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		196,779	604,058
2.7	Financial Assets Purchased at Amortized Cost		(3,027,292)	(2,178,641)
2.8	Financial Assets Sold Measured at Amortized Cost		1,993,767	502,604
2.9	Other		(230,937)	(90,912)
C.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
III.	Net Cash Generated from Financing Activities		(123,665)	(64,892)
3.1	Cash Obtained from Funds Borrowed and Securities Issued			_
3.2	Cash Used for Repayment Of Funds Borrowed and Securities Issued		-	_
3.3	Issued Capital Instruments		-	-
3.4	Dividends Paid		-	-
3.5	Payments for Finance Leases		(123,665)	(64,892)
3.6	Other		-	-
IV.	Effect of Change in Foreign Exchange Rate on Cash and Cash Equivalents	VI-b	165,142	434,382
v.	Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (I+II+III+IV)		3,078,156	2,245,498
VI.	Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of the Period	VI-a	8,017,147	5,771,649
VII.	Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of the Period	VI-a	11,095,303	8,017,147
-	u* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	**	11,000,000	0,01.,11/

 $The \ accompanying \ explanations \ and \ notes \ form \ an \ integral \ part \ of \ these \ financial \ statements.$

BURGAN BANK A.Ş. UNCONSOLIDATED PROFIT DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024 AND 31 DECEMBER 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

VII. STATEMENT OF PROFIT DISTRIBUTION	31/12/2024(*)	31/12/2023(**)
I. DISTRIBUTION OF PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		
1.1. PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	3,528,692	3,237,390
1.2. TAX AND LEGAL DUTIES PAYABLE (-)	24,069	677,086
1.2.1. Corporate Tax (Income Tax)	598,014	15,447
1.2.2. Income Withholding Tax	_	-
1.2.3. Other Tax and Legal Liabilities (***)	(573,945)	661,639
A. NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR (1.1-1.2) (****)	3,504,623	2,560,304
1.3. PRIOR PERIODS' LOSS (-)	-	-
1.4. FIRST LEGAL RESERVES (-)	-	79,730
1.5. OTHER STATUTORY RESERVES (-)	-	-
B. NET INCOME AVAILABLE FOR DISTRIBUTION [(A-(1.3+1.4+1.5)]	-	2,480,574
1.6. FIRST DIVIDEND TO SHAREHOLDERS (-)	-	-
1.6.1. To Owners of Ordinary Shares	-	-
1.6.2. To Owners of Privileged Shares	-	-
1.6.3. To Preferred Shares	-	-
1.6.4. To Profit Sharing Bonds 1.6.5. To Holders of Profit and Loss Sharing Certificates	-	-
1.7. DIVIDENDS TO PERSONNEL (-)]	-
1.8. DIVIDENDS TO BOARD OF DIRECTORS (-)]	_
1.9. SECOND DIVIDEND TO SHAREHOLDERS (-)]	_
1.9.1. To Owners of Ordinary Shares	_	_
1.9.2. To Owners of Privileged Shares	_	_
1.9.3. To Owners of Preferred Shares	_	-
1.9.4. To Profit Sharing Bonds	-	-
1.9.5. To Holders of Profit and Loss Sharing Certificates	-	-
1.10. SECOND LEGAL RESERVES (-)	-	-
1.11. STATUTORY RESERVES (-)	-	=
1.12. EXTRAORDINARY RESERVES	-	2,480,574
1.13. OTHER RESERVES	-	-
1.14. SPECIAL FUNDS	-	-
II. DISTRIBUTION OF RESERVES		
2.1. APPROPRIATED RESERVES	_	-
2.2. SECOND LEGAL RESERVES (-)	-	-
2.3. DIVIDENDS TO SHAREHOLDERS (-)	-	-
2.3.1. To Owners of Ordinary Shares	-	-
2.3.2. To Owners of Privileged Shares	-	-
2.3.3. To Owners of Preferred Shares	-	-
2.3.4. To Profit Sharing Bonds	-	-
2.3.5. To Holders of Profit and Loss Sharing Certificates	-	-
2.4. SHARE TO PERSONNEL (-) 2.5. SHARE TO BOARD OF DIRECTORS (-)	_	-
III. EARNINGS PER SHARE		
3.1. TO OWNERS OF ORDINARY SHARES	_	_
3.2. TO OWNERS OF ORDINARY SHARES (%)]]
3.3. TO OWNERS OF PRIVILEGED SHARES]	_
3.4. TO OWNERS OF PRIVILEGED SHARES (%)	-	-
IV. DIVIDEND PER SHARE		
4.1 TO OWNERS OF ORDINARY SHARES	_	_
4.2. TO OWNERS OF ORDINARY SHARES (%)	<u> </u>	_
4.3. TO OWNERS OF PRIVILEGED SHARES	_	-
4.4. TO OWNERS OF PRIVILEGED SHARES (%)		-

^(*) As of the preparation date of the financial statements, the General Assembly meeting of the Bank has not been held yet.

^(**) It contains the information on the 'Profit Distribution Statement' approved at the Bank's Ordinary General Assembly held on 25 March 2024, and 1,504,926 TL of it consists of adjustments.

^(***) The Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency has stated that income amounts related to deferred tax assets cannot be considered as cash or internal resources, and therefore, the portion of the period's profit arising from these assets should not be subject to profit distribution and capital increase. Accordingly, the Company's deferred tax income, which will not be subject to distribution for the accounting period ending on 31 December 2024 is TL 573,945 (31 December 2023: Deferred tax expense TL 661,639).

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE

EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE RELEVANT PERIOD

I. BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

a. The preparation of the financial statements and related notes and explanations in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards and Regulation on the Principles and Procedures Regarding Banks' Accounting Application and Keeping Documents:

The unconsolidated financial statements are prepared within the scope of the "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" related with Banking Act numbered 5411 published in the Official Gazette no.26333 dated 1 November 2006 and in accordance with the regulations, communiqués, interpretations and legislations related to accounting and financial reporting principles published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA"), and in case where a specific regulation is not made by BRSA, "Turkish Accounting Standards" ("TAS") and "Turkish Financial Reporting Standards" ("TFRS") and related appendices and interpretations put into effect by Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA"). The format and content of the publicly announced unconsolidated financial statements and related disclosures to these statements have been prepared in accordance with the "Communiqué related to Publicly Announced Financial Statements of Banks and Explanations and Notes to related to these Financial Statements", published in the Official Gazette No. 28337, dated 28 June 2012, and changes and amendments to this Communiqué. The Bank maintains its accounting entries in Turkish Lira, in accordance with the Banking Law, Turkish Trade Law and the Turkish Tax Legislation.

The unconsolidated financial statements expressed in TL, were prepared with the cost-based method and were subject to inflation adjustments until 31 December 2004, except for financial assets, liabilities and buildings which were carried at fair value. The amounts in the unconsolidated financial statements and notes related to these financial statements have been expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira, unless otherwise stated. The preparation of unconsolidated financial statements in conformity with TAS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates by the Bank management to exercise its judgment on the assets and liabilities of the balance sheet and contingent issues as of the balance sheet date. These estimates, which include the fair value calculations of financial instruments and impairments of financial assets are being reviewed regularly and, when necessary, suitable corrections are made and the effects of these corrections are reflected to the income statement. Assumptions and estimates that are used in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements are explained in the following related disclosures.

In accordance with the CMB's decision dated 17 March 2005 and numbered 11/367, for companies operating in Turkey and preparing financial statements in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards, the application of inflation accounting has been terminated as of 1 January 2005. Accordingly, as of 1 January 2005, the standard No. 29 "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" ("TAS 29") has not been applied.

According to the Financial Reporting Standard for High Inflationary Economies (TMS 29), entities whose functional currency is the currency of a high inflationary economy report their financial statements in terms of the purchasing power of the currency at the end of the reporting period. TMS 29 identifies characteristics that may indicate an economy as high inflationary. Furthermore, according to TMS 29, all entities reporting in the currency of a high inflationary economy are required to apply this Standard from the same date. Therefore, to ensure consistency in application nationwide, it is expected that all entities will commence applying TMS 29 simultaneously, following an announcement by the Public Oversight, Accounting, and Auditing Standards Authority as stated in TMS 29.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE RELEVANT PERIOD (Continued):

I. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued):

a. The preparation of the financial statements and related notes and explanations in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards and Regulation on the Principles and Procedures Regarding Banks' Accounting Application and Keeping Documents:

With its announcement dated 23 November 2023, the Public Oversight, Accounting, and Auditing Standards Authority (POA) stated that the financial statements of entities applying the Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, for annual reporting periods ending on or after 31 December 2023, should be prepared in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for High Inflationary Economies ("TAS 29"). However, it was also mentioned that institutions authorized to regulate and supervise in their respective fields may determine different transition dates for the application of TAS 29 provisions. In response to POA's announcement, the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency (BRSA) decided through its decision numbered 10744 dated 12 December 2023, that banks, financial leasing, factoring, financing, savings finance, and asset management companies would not be subject to inflation adjustment for their financial statements ending on December 31, 2023, under TAS 29. According to the decision numbered 10825 dated 11 January 2024, by BRSA, it was decided that banks, financial leasing, factoring, financing, savings finance, and asset management companies would transition to inflation accounting from 1 January 2025, onwards. However, with the decision numbered 11021 dated 5 December 2024, by BRSA, it was decided that banks, financial leasing, factoring, financing, savings finance, and asset management companies will not apply inflation accounting in 2025.

b. Information on accounting policies and changes in financial statements:

None.

II. EXPLANATIONS ON STRATEGY OF USING FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS:

The overall strategy of the Bank of using financial instruments is to sustain an optimal balance between the yield of financial instruments and their risks. The most important funding source of the Bank is deposits. The Bank can also sustain a lengthened liability structure by using long-term borrowings from foreign financial institutions. Funds obtained from deposits and other sources are invested in high yield and quality financial assets and currency, interest rate and liquidity risks are being kept within the limits following the asset-liability management strategy. The currency, interest and liquidity risks of on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet assets and liabilities are managed accordingly within the risk limits accepted by the Bank and the related legal limits. Derivative instruments are mainly utilized for liquidity needs and for mitigating currency and interest rate risks. The position of the Bank as a result of foreign currency activities being held within the legal limits and the exposed currency risk is followed within the determined levels by the Board of Directors by considering the limits given by the Banking Law.

Foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated with the Bank's foreign currency bid rates prevailing at the balance sheet date and related gains and losses arising from these translations are recognized in the income statement under the account of "Foreign exchange gains/losses".

As of 31 December 2024, the USD exchange rate used in the conversion of foreign currency transactions into Turkish currency and their reflection in the financial statements is TL 35,2803 and the Euro exchange rate is TL 36,7362.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE RELEVANT PERIOD (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES:

Unconsolidated financial associates are recognized according to equity method in the framework of TAS 28 Communique on Investments in Subsidiaries and Associates with respect to TAS 27 Separate Financial Statements Communique in unconsolidated financial statements. Associates, which were recognized with cost value in the unconsolidated financial statement previously, are recognized according to equity method as of 31 December 2015 along with the year-end of 2015.

The Bank has no joint ventures as of 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023.

IV. EXPLANATIONS ON FORWARD TRANSACTIONS, OPTIONS AND DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS:

The major derivative instruments utilized by the Bank are currency and interest rate swaps, cross currency swaps, currency options and currency forwards.

The Bank classifies its currency forwards, swaps, options and futures as transactions at "Fair Value Through Profit or Loss" in accordance with TFRS 9 principles. Derivative transactions are recorded in accordance with their fair value on the contract date. Also, liabilities and receivables arising from derivative instruments are followed in the off-balance sheet accounts from their contractual values.

Derivative instruments are measured at their fair values in the periods following their recording and are disclosed under assets or liabilities in the "Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss" section according to whether their fair value is positive or negative. Differences in the fair value of trading derivative instruments are reflected to the income statement. The fair values of the derivative financial instruments are calculated by using quoted market prices or by using discounted cash flow models.

As of 31 December 2024, the Bank applies cash flow hedge accounting through cross and interest currency swaps to protect against changes in interest rates of FC deposits which have average maturities of up to 3 months. The Bank implements effectiveness tests at the balance sheet dates for hedge accounting, the effective parts are accounted as defined in TAS 39, on the financial statements under equity "Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Expense To Be Reclassified Through Profit or Loss", whereas the amount concerning ineffective parts is associated with the income statement.

In cash flow hedge accounting, when the hedging instrument expires, is executed or sold and when the hedge relationship becomes ineffective or is discontinued as a result of the hedge relationship being revoked; the hedging gains and losses that were previously recognized under equity are transferred to profit or loss when the cash flows of the hedged item are realized. The renewal of a financial hedging instrument or the transfer of a financial hedging instrument to another financial hedging instrument does not eliminate the hedging relationship, if the financial hedging instrument is part of the hedging strategy in accordance with TFRS 9.

V. EXPLANATIONS ON INTEREST INCOME AND EXPENSES:

Interest income and expenses are recognized by using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE RELEVANT PERIOD (Continued):

VI. EXPLANATIONS ON FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME AND EXPENSES:

Fees and commission income/expenses are primarily recognized on an accrual basis or "Effective interest (internal efficiency rate) method" according to the nature of the fee and commission, except for certain commission income and fees for various banking services which are recorded as income at the time of collection. Contract based fees or fees received for services such as the purchase and sale of assets on behalf of a third party or legal person are recognized as income at the time of collection. The commissions and fees other than those whose amortised costs are integral part of their effective profit rate, are accounted over time in accordance with the TFRS 15 Revenue From Contracts With Customers Standard.

VII. EXPLANATIONS ON FINANCIAL ASSETS:

The Bank classifies and accounts its financial assets as "Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/Loss", "Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income" or "Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost". Such financial assets are recognized or derecognized according to TFRS 9 Financial Instruments Part 3 "Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments" published in the Official Gazette No. 29953 dated 19 January 2017 by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority. Financial assets are measured at fair value at initial recognition in the financial statements. During the initial recognition of financial assets other than "Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss", transaction costs are added to fair value or deducted from fair value.

The Bank recognizes a financial asset into the financial statements when it becomes a party to the contractual terms of a financial instrument. During the first recognition of a financial asset into the financial statements, the business model determined by the Bank management and the nature of contractual cash flows of the financial asset are taken into consideration. When the business model determined by the Bank's management is changed, all affected financial assets are reclassified and this reclassification is applied prospectively. In such cases, no adjustments are made to earnings, losses or interests that were previously recorded in the financial statements.

a. Financial assets at fair value through profit/loss:

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets other than the ones that are managed with business models that aim to hold contractual cash flows in order to collect them and the ones that are managed with business models that aim to collect both the contractual cash flows and cash flows arising from the sale of the assets; If the contractual terms of the financial asset do not lead to cash flows representing solely payments of principal and interest at a certain date; that are either acquired for generating a profit from short-term fluctuations in prices or are financial assets included in a portfolio aiming to short-term profit making. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value and are remeasured at their fair value after recognition. All gains and losses arising from these valuations are reflected in the profit/loss accounts.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE RELEVANT PERIOD (Continued):

VII. EXPLANATIONS ON FINANCIAL ASSETS (Continued):

b. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:

In addition to financial assets within a business model that aims to hold to collect contractual cash flows and aims to hold to sell, financial assets with contractual terms that lead to cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest at certain dates, are classified as fair value through other comprehensive income.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized by adding transaction cost to acquisition cost reflecting the fair value of the financial asset. After the recognition, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-measured at fair value. Interest income calculated with the effective interest rate method arising from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and dividend income from equity securities are recorded to statement of profit or loss. Unrealized gains and losses, arising from the difference between the amortized cost and the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are not reflected in the statement of profit or loss of the period until the acquisition of the asset, sale of the asset, the disposal of the asset, and impairment of the asset and they are accounted under the "Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Expense To Be Reclassified Through Profit or Loss" under shareholders' equity. When the mentioned marketable securities are collected or sold, the accumulated losses through fair value are reflected on the statement of profit or loss.

Equity securities, which are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, that have a quoted market price in an active market and/or whose fair values can be reliably measured are carried at their fair value. Equity securities that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and/or whose fair values cannot be reliably measured are carried at cost, less provision for impairment. In case of disposal of the equity investment, the accumulated total gain or loss is followed in the "Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Expense that cannot be reclassified to Profit or Loss".

During initial recognition, an entity can make an irrevocable decision, by choosing to record the changes of the fair value of the investment in an equity instrument that is not held for trading purposes in other comprehensive income. If this choice is made, the dividends from the investment are taken into the financial statements as profit or loss.

c. Financial assets measured at amortized cost:

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash fows represent solely payments of principal and interest are classified as financial assets measured at amortized cost. Financial assets measured at amortized cost are initially recognized at their acquisition cost including the transaction costs which reflect the fair value of those instruments and are subsequently recognized at "Amortized Cost" by using "Effective Interest (Internal efficiency rate)" method. Interest income obtained from financial assets measured at amortized cost are accounted in the income statement.

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE RELEVANT PERIOD (Continued):

VII. EXPLANATIONS ON FINANCIAL ASSETS (Continued):

c. Financial assets measured at amortized cost (Continued):

Additionally, the Bank's securities portfolio includes inflation-linked government bonds, which are classified as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets measured at amortized cost. These securities are indexed to the Consumer Price Index (CPI). They are valued and accounted for using the effective interest method based on the index calculated considering the real coupon rates and the inflation index at the issuance date along with the estimated inflation rate. As stated in the Treasury Undersecretariat's Investor Guide for CPI-Linked Bonds, the reference indices used for calculating the actual coupon payment amounts for these securities are based on the CPI from two months prior. The Bank determines the estimated inflation rate accordingly. The estimated inflation rate, taking into account the expectations of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey and the Bank, is updated as deemed necessary throughout the year.

d. Loans:

Loans are financial assets that have fixed or determinable payment terms and are not quoted in an active market. Loans are initially recognized at acquisition cost plus transaction costs presenting their fair value and thereafter measured at amortized cost using the "Effective Interest Rate (Internal Rate of Return)" method.

The Bank's loans are recorded under the "Measured at Amortized Cost" account.

Write-down policy is explained in, section V, the explanations and notes related to assets.

VIII. EXPLANATIONS ON EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES:

The Bank allocates impairment for expected loss on financial assets measured at amortized cost and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

As of 1 January 2018, in accordance with the Communiqué related to "Procedures and Principals regarding Classification of Loans and Allowances Allocated for Such Loans" published in the Official Gazette no. 29750 dated 22 June 2016, the Bank has started to allocate a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets and loans measured at amortized cost in accordance with TFRS 9. In this context, as of 1 January 2018, the credit loss allowance method within the framework of the BRSA's related legislation has been changed to the loss allowance for expected credit losses model with the implementation of TFRS 9. The predictions of expected credit loss forecasts include credible information which is objective, probability-weighted, supportable about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE RELEVANT PERIOD (Continued):

VIII. EXPLANATIONS ON EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES (Continued):

The basic parameters used in the calculations of provision are described below:

Probability of Default (PD): PD refers to the likelihood that a loan will default within a specified time horizon. Based on TFRS 9, two different PDs are considered in calculations:

- **12-month PD:** The probability of default occurring within the next 12 months following the balance sheet date.
- **Lifetime PD:** The probability of default occurring over the remaining life of the loan.

The Bank generates ratings for the corporate and commercial customers via internal rating system and the 12-month or lifetime probability of defaults are estimated based on these ratings. Macroeconomic expectations are taken into account when carrying out these expectations and the weighted average of the probabilities of default calculated from three different scenarios are considered as the final probability of default.

For retail customers, the score point is generated via the internal scoring system and the 12-month or lifetime probabilities of default are estimated based on these score points by considering the above-mentioned macroeconomic factors.

For the receivables from customers such as sovereign and banks, provision is calculated by using the determined values in the corporate and commercial probability of default table and the loss given default rates.

Loss Given Default Rate: If a loan default occurs, it refers to the economic loss that might be encountered by taking into consideration the collection period and the time value of money. The Bank has determined the loss given default rates by considering the expert opinion based on the past historical data set.

Exposure at Default: For cash loans, it corresponds to the amount of loan granted as of the reporting date. For non-cash loans, it is the value calculated through using credit conversion factors.

In calculating expected credit losses, the Bank includes forward-looking macroeconomic information in the probability of default calculations. In this context, the default rate for future periods is estimated based on Turkey's annual real Gross Domestic Product (GDP) growth rate. Estimates for the macroeconomic variable are determined according to three different scenarios: negative, base and positive, to be used in the expected credit loss calculation. Final values are reached through the weighted average of expected credit losses produced in the relevant scenarios.

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE RELEVANT PERIOD (Continued):

VIII. EXPLANATIONS ON EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES (Continued):

These financial assets are divided into three categories depending on the gradual increase in credit risk observed since their initial recognition:

Stage 1:

These are the financial assets at initial recognition or financial assets that do not have a significant increase in credit risk since their initial recognition. Impairment for credit risk for these assets is accounted in the amount of 12-month expected credit losses. Therefore, the expected probability of default of 12 months is calculated by considering the maturity of the loan. This value is obtained after weighting the three macro-economic scenarios and the provision is calculated using the loss given default and risk amounts calculated by taking into consideration the collateral composition of the loan.

Stage 2:

As of the reporting date of the financial asset, in the event of a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the financial asset is transferred to Stage 2. Impairment for credit risk is accounted on the basis of the financial asset's lifetime expected credit losses. The provision which will be allocated for the loan is calculated by considering the maturity and cash flow of the loan for three macroeconomic scenarios as stated above. For this purpose, the probability of default and the loss given default amounts are estimated not only for 12 months but also for the whole life of the loan and the loan provision is determined by using the present value set calculated over the cash flow.

Stage 3:

Stage 3 includes financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date. For these assets, lifetime expected credit losses are recognized. The method is similar to the methodology applied for Stage 2 loans, but the probability of default is considered 100% in these calculations. In general the Bank follows the definition of default in the legislation (objective default definition, for example the criterion of the number of days past due). On the other hand, if it is decided that the debt will not be paid, the aforementioned receivable will be considered as Stage 3, even if the default has not occurred yet.

The Bank carries out its determination regarding the significant increase in credit risk by taking into consideration of the following criterias:

- Type of customer (calculations are made on separate models for corporate and commercial customers and retail customers).
- Internal rating scores (calculations are based on score points for retail customers and ratings for corporate and commercial customers).
- The deterioration observed in the internal rating score between the drawdown date and the reporting date.

In addition to the above rules, the Bank also provides additional provisions through individual assessment.

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE RELEVANT PERIOD (Continued):

IX. EXPLANATIONS ON OFFSETTING FINANCIAL ASSETS:

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Bank has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to collect/pay related financial assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

X. EXPLANATIONS ON SALES AND REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS AND SECURITIES LENDING TRANSACTIONS:

Securities subject to repurchase agreements ("Repo") are classified as "Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss", "Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income" and "Measured at amortized cost" according to the investment purposes of the Bank and measured according to the portfolio to which they belong. Funds obtained from repurchase agreements are accounted under "Funds Provided under Repurchase Agreements" in liabilities and the difference between the sale and repurchase price is accrued over the life of repurchase agreements using the effective interest method.

Funds given against securities purchased under agreements ("Reverse repo") to resell are accounted under "Receivables from Reverse Repurchase Agreements" on the balance sheet. The difference between the purchase and determined resell price is accrued over the life of repurchase agreements using the "Effective Interest Rate (Internal Efficiency) method". The Bank has no securities lending transactions.

XI. EXPLANATIONS ON TANGIBLE ASSETS HELD FOR RESALE, DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS AND LIABILITIES REGARDING THOSE ASSETS:

Assets held for sale are measured at the lower of the assets' carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Held for sale assets are not amortized and presented separately in the financial statements. In order to classify an asset as held for sale, only when the sale is highly probable, experienced quite often and the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale. Highly saleable condition requires a plan by the management regarding the sale of the asset to be disposed (or else the group of assets), together with an active program for determination of buyers as well as for the completion of the plan. Also the asset (or else the group of assets) shall be actively marketed in conformity with its fair value. On the other hand, the sale is expected to be journalized as a completed sale within one year after the classification date; and the necessary transactions and procedures to complete the plan should demonstrate the fact that the possibility of making significant changes or cancelling the plan is low. Various circumstances and conditions could extend the completion period of the sale more than one year. If such delay arises from any events and conditions beyond the control of the entity and if there is sufficient evidence that the entity has an ongoing disposal plan for these assets, such assets (or else group of assets) are continued to be classified as assets held for sale.

The Bank has no discontinued operations.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

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EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE RELEVANT PERIOD (Continued):

XII. EXPLANATIONS ON GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS:

a. Goodwill:

As at 31 December 2024, the Bank has no goodwill (31 December 2023: None).

b. Other intangible assets

Intangible assets are measured at cost on initial recognition and any directly attributable costs of setting the asset to work for its intended use are included in the initial measurement. Subsequently, intangible assets are carried at historical costs after the deduction of accumulated amortization and the provision for value decreases, if any.

Intangibles are amortized over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The useful life of the asset is determined by assessing the expected useful life of the asset, technical, technological and other kinds of obsolescence and all required maintenance expenses necessary to utilize the economic benefit of the asset and differs from 3 years to 15 years.

XIII. EXPLANATIONS ON TANGIBLE ASSETS:

Tangible assets is measured at its cost when initially recognised and any directly attributable costs of setting the asset in working order for its intended use are included in the initial measurement. Subsequently, tangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and provision for value decrease, if any.

The Bank has adopted the "revaluation method" in accordance with the "Communiqué Regarding the Principles and Procedures for the Tangible Assets (TAS 16)" for its buildings. Independent expert appraisal values are presented in the financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated over the cost of tangible assets using the straight-line method. The depreciation rates are stated below:

Buildings
Movables, Movables Acquired by Financial Leasing

2%
2-50%

The depreciation charge for items remaining in tangible assets for less than an accounting period at the balance sheet date is calculated in proportion to the period the item remained in tangible assets.

When the carrying amount of an asset is greater than its estimated "Net realizable value", it is written down to its "Net realizable value" and the provision for the diminution in value is associated with expense accounts.

Gains and losses on the disposal of tangible assets are determined by deducting the net book value of the tangible assets from its sales revenue.

Expenditures for the repair and renewal of tangible assets are recognised as expense. The capital expenditures made in order to increase the capacity of the tangible asset or to increase its future benefits are capitalised on the cost of the tangible asset. The capital expenditures include the cost components which are used either to increase the useful life or the capacity of the asset, or the quality of the product or to decrease the costs.

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE RELEVANT PERIOD (Continued):

XIV. EXPLANATIONS ON LEASING TRANSACTIONS:

The Bank records its tangible assets obtained via leasing by taking into consideration the "lower of the fair value of the leased asset and the present value of the amount of cash consideration given for the leased asset".

Leased assets are included in the tangible assets and depreciation is charged on a straight-line basis over the useful life of the asset. If there is any diminution in value of the leased asset, a "Provision for impairment" is recognised. Liabilities arising from the leasing transactions are included in "Financial Lease Payables" on the balance sheet. Interest and foreign exchange expenses regarding lease transactions are charged to the income statement.

With the "TFRS 16 Leases" standard, which became effective as of 1 January 2019, the difference between the operating lease and financial lease has been removed, and lease transactions have started to be recognized under "Tangible Tangible assets" as an asset (right to use asset) and under "Lease Payables" as a liability.

The Bank has applied the changes in accounting policies due to the initial implementation of the "TFRS 16 Leases" standard, which is among the new standards, amendments and interpretations effective from 1 January 2019, in accordance with the transition obligations of the related standard.

TFRS 16 "Leases" Standard

The Bank – lessee:

At the beginning of a contract, the Bank assesses whether the contract has the quality of a lease or whether the contract includes a lease transaction. In circumstances when the contract transfers the right of controlling the asset for a certain time period for a certain price, this contract carries the quality of a lease or includes a leasing transaction. The Bank reflects the existence of a right of use and a lease liability to the financial statements at the effective date of the lease.

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EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE RELEVANT PERIOD (Continued):

XIV. EXPLANATIONS ON LEASING TRANSACTIONS (Continued):

Existence of right-to-use:

The right to use asset is first recognized by the cost method and includes the following:

- a) The initial measurement amount of the lease obligation,
- b) The amount obtained by deducting all the rental incentives received from all lease payments made at or before the beginning of the lease;
- c) All initial direct costs incurred by the Bank.

When the Bank applies the cost method, the existence of the right to use:

- a) accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses are deducted and
- b) measures the restatement of the lease obligation at the restated cost.

The Bank applies the depreciation statutes included in the TAS 16 Tangible Assets standard while depreciating the right to use an asset.

Lease obligation:

At the effective date of the lease, the Bank measures its leasing liability at the present value of the lease payments not paid at that time. Lease payments are discounted using the Bank's average borrowing interest rates in the case of this rate being easily determined. Otherwise, the Bank uses its alternative borrowing interest rates.

The lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability consist of the payments to be made for the right of use during the lease term of the underlying asset and the unpaid payments at the effective date of the lease.

After the effective date of the lease, the Bank measures the leasing liability as follows:

- a) Increases the book value to reflect the interest on the lease obligation,
- b) Reduces the book value to reflect the lease payments made and
- c) The book value is measured to reflect reassessments and restructuring, or to reflect fixed lease payments as of revised nature.

The interest on the lease liability for each period in the lease period is the amount calculated by applying a fixed periodic interest rate to the remaining balance of the lease liability.

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EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE RELEVANT PERIOD (Continued):

XV. EXPLANATIONS ON PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENT COMMITMENTS:

Allocated for loans and other receivables provisions other than expected loss provisions and contingent liabilities "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Related to Contingent Assets, Turkey Accounting Standard ("TAS 37") is recognized as appropriate.

Provisions are accounted for when there is a legal or constructive obligation existing as of the balance sheet date and arising from past events. It is probable that resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the liability can be made. In accordance with the 'Matching Principle', provisions are made for liabilities arising from past events in the period in which these liabilities occur. In cases where the amount cannot be reliably measured and there is no possibility of an outflow of resources from the Bank to fulfill the liability, the liability is considered 'Contingent' and disclosed in the notes.

XVI. EXPLANATIONS ON CONTINGENT ASSETS:

Contingent assets usually arise from unplanned or other unexpected events that give rise to the possibility of an inflow of economic benefits to the entity. Contingent assets are not recognised in financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realised. Contingent assets are disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is probable. Contingent assets are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and the related income are recognised in the financial statements in which the change occurs.

XVII. EXPLANATIONS ON OBLIGATIONS RELATED TO EMPLOYEE RIGHTS:

The Bank accounts obligations related to employee termination and vacation rights in accordance with "Turkish Accounting Standard for Employee Rights" ("TAS 19") and classifies these items under the "Reserve for Employee Rights" account in the balance sheet.

Under the Turkish Labour Law, the Bank is required to pay a specific amount to the employees who have retired or whose employment is terminated other than the reasons specified in the Turkish Labour Law. The reserve for employment termination benefits represents the present value of the estimated total reserve for the future probable obligation of the Bank arising from this liability.

According to the TAS 19 that is revised by Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority with the Communiqué published in Official Gazette on 12 March 2013 numbered 28585, in the calculation of the employment termination benefit liabilities of the Bank, the recognition option of the actuarial gains and losses derived from the changes in actuarial assumptions or the differences between actuarial assumptions and realizations in the statement of profit or loss has been eliminated which is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013. The earlier application of the revision is permitted in the section of the transition and effective date of the standard and therefore the Bank has recognised the actuarial gains and losses that occur in related reporting periods in the "Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income" and presented in "Other Reserves" item in the Shareholders Equity section.

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EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE RELEVANT PERIOD (Continued):

XVIII. EXPLANATIONS ON TAXATION:

a. Current Tax:

The Corporate Tax Law No. 5520 entered into force with many of its provisions being published in the Official Gazette No. 26205 dated 21 June 2006, effective from 1 January 2006. Accordingly, in Turkey, the general Corporate Tax rate is 25% and the corporate tax rate is based on the corporate profits of banks, companies within the scope of Law No. 6361, electronic payment and money institutions, authorized foreign exchange institutions, asset management companies, capital market institutions, insurance and reinsurance companies and pension companies. The tax is calculated at a rate of 30%. The corporate tax rate is applied to the tax base found by adding expenses that are not accepted as deductions according to the tax laws to the commercial earnings of the institutions, and deducting the exceptions (such as the partnership earnings exception) and discounts included in the tax laws. If the profit is not distributed, no other tax is paid.

Corporate tax applied at the rate of 20% for corporate earnings in Turkey, pursuant to the regulation introduced by the Law No. 7316 on the "Law on the Collection of Public Claims and Amendments to Certain Laws" is applied as 25% to be applied to corporate earnings for the 2021 taxation period and 23% to be applied to corporate earnings for the 2022 taxation period, pursuant to the regulation introduced by the Law No. 7394 on "The Law on the Evaluation of Immovable Property Owned by the Treasury and Amendment to the Value Added Tax Law and Amendments to Some Laws and Decrees" this rate has been determined as 25% to be applied to the corporate earnings of banks, companies under the Law No. 6361, electronic payment and money institutions, authorized foreign exchange institutions, asset management companies, capital market institutions, insurance and reinsurance companies and pension companies for the taxation period as of 2022.

However, with the Law No. 7456 published on 15 July 2023 the aforementioned rate has been increased to 30% to be applied to cumulative bases included in declarations to be submitted as of 1 October 2023. Starting from the advance tax return to be submitted for the period of 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023, the corporate tax rate will be applied at 30% for subsequent periods.

In Turkey, no withholding tax is applied to dividends paid to resident companies or to non-resident companies earning income through a branch or permanent representative in Turkey. While the withholding tax rate on dividends paid to individuals and entities outside these categories is 10%, it was changed to 15% by the Presidential Decree published in the Official Gazette No. 32760 on 22 December 2024. The addition of profits to capital is not considered as profit distribution, and no withholding tax is applied.

With the Presidential Decision No.7343 published in the Official Gazette dated 7 July 2023, for fully liable capital companies whose shares are traded on Borsa Istanbul, a withholding tax of 0% is applied to the amounts considered as distributed profits related to the acquisition of their own shares. This amendment will be applicable to shares acquired as of 7 July 2023. For fully liable capital companies other than those mentioned, a withholding tax rate of 15% will be applied to the amounts considered as distributed profits related to the acquisition of their own shares as of 7 July 2023.

Corporations calculate and declare provisional taxes based on their quarterly financial profits, paying them until the evening of the 17th day of the second month following the end of each period. The provisional tax paid during the year is credited against the Corporate Tax calculated on the Corporate Tax Return to be submitted for the subsequent year. Despite the offset, if there is an excess amount of provisional tax paid, this amount can be refunded in cash or offset against other financial obligations to the government.

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EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE RELEVANT PERIOD (Continued):

XVIII. EXPLANATIONS ON TAXATION (Continued):

a. Current Tax (Continued):

While the gains arising from the sale of equity interests, founding bonds, usufruct bonds, and pre-emption rights held by institutions in their assets for at least two full years were exempt from corporate tax, provided that 75% of these gains are kept in a special fund account in liabilities until the end of the fifth year following the year of the sale and are collected by the end of the second calendar year; with the Presidential Decision published in the Official Gazette on November 27, 2024, numbered 32735, it has been determined that the exemption rate will be applied at 50%.

In accordance with the repeated Article 298 of the Tax Procedure Law, if the increase in the producer price index is more than 100% in the last 3 accounting periods including the current period and more than 10% in the current accounting period, financial statements will be subject to inflation adjustment and these conditions have been realized as of 31 December 2021. However, with the "Law on Changes to the Tax Prodecure Law and Corporate Tax Law" numbered 7352 published in the Official Gazette dates 29 January 2022, and numbered 31734, temporary article 33 has been added to the Tax Procedure Law numbered 213 and the 2021 and 2022 accounting periods, including the provisional tax periods (as of the accounting periods ending in 2022 and 2023 for those who are assigned a special accounting period) the financial statements as of 31 December 2023, will be subject to inflation adjustment within the scope of article 298 are realized, and the financial statements as of 31 December 2023, will be subject to inflation adjustment regardless of whether the conditions for inflation adjustment are met, and the profit/loss differences arising from the inflation adjustment will be recognized in retained earnings.

According to Article 17 of the Law No. 7491 on Amendments to Certain Laws and Decree Laws published in the Official Gazette No. 32413 dated 28 December 2023, it has become law that profit/loss differences arising from the inflation adjustment to be made in the 2024 and 2025 accounting periods, including the provisional tax periods, do not be taken into account in determining the income of banks, companies within the scope of the Financial Leasing, Factoring, Financing and Savings Financing Companies Law No. 6361 dated 21 November 2012, payment and electronic money institutions, authorized foreign exchange institutions, asset management companies, capital market institutions, insurance and reinsurance companies and pension companies. The President of the Republic is authorized to extend the periods determined within the scope of this paragraph by one accounting period, including the temporary tax periods.

According to the Amendment Notification to the General Communique (Serial No: 547) on the Tax Procedure Law, published in the Official Gazette numbered 32073 dated 14 January 2023, the procedures and principles regarding the revalu ation of real estate and depreciable economic assets have been revised. Accordingly, the Bank has revalued its real estate and depreciable economic assets in its balance sheet until 30 September 2023, provided that it meets the conditions specified in Temporary Article 32 of the Tax Procedure Law and Article 298/ç of the Tax Procedure Code. Since the financial statements are subject to inflation adjustment as of 31 December 2023, real estates and depreciable contingent assets are not subject to revaluation as of 31 December 2023. Corporate tax is calculated by taking into account of real estates and depreciation units' amortized values which are calculated based on their revalued amounts until 30 September 2023.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE RELEVANT PERIOD (Continued):

XVIII. EXPLANATIONS ON TAXATION (Continued):

b. Deferred Tax:

The Bank calculates and accounts for deferred income taxes for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in these financial statements in accordance with "Turkish Accounting Standard for Income Taxes" ("TAS 12") and the related decrees of the BRSA concerning income taxes.

The calculated deferred tax asset and deferred tax liability are presented as net in these financial statements.

Due to the fact that the change in the corporate tax rate that entered into force on 15 July 2023, will be taken into account in the taxation of corporate earnings for the periods valid from 1 January 2023, starting from 1 October 2023 under TAS 12, deferred tax has been calculated at the rate of 30% for assets and liabilities.

According to the temporary article 33 of the Tax Procedure Law, in the financial statements dated 31 December 2024, the tax effects resulting from the inflation reduction of corporate tax are included in the deferred tax programming as of 31 December 2024.

c. Transfer Pricing:

Under the Article 13 of the Corporate Tax Law, titled "Hidden Profit Distribution through Transfer Pricing," the subject of transfer pricing is addressed, and the "General Communiqué on Hidden Profit Distribution through Transfer Pricing," published on 18 November 2007, specifies the details of its implementation.

According to the relevant Communiqué, if tax payers engage in the purchase and sale of goods, services, or products with related entities (individuals) and these transactions are not conducted in line with the arm's length principle, it will be concluded that the related profits have been secretly distributed through transfer pricing. Such hidden profit distributions through transfer pricing cannot be deducted from the tax base for corporate tax purposes.

As stipulated in the General Communiqué No. 4 on Hidden Profit Distribution through Transfer Pricing, corporate tax payers are required to fill out the "Transfer Pricing, Controlled Foreign Corporation and Hidden Capital Form" for any purchases or sales of goods or services made with related parties during an accounting period and submit it, along with the corporate tax return, to the relevant tax office.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE RELEVANT PERIOD (Continued):

XIX. ADDITIONAL EXPLANATIONS ON BORROWINGS:

The Bank fund resources in essence consist of borrowing from foreign financial institutions, issued securities and money market debt.

Financial liabilities and derivative transactions are valued with their fair values and other financial liabilities are carried at "amortized cost" using the effective interest method in the following periods.

The Bank utilizes various hedging techniques to minimize the currency, interest rate and liquidity risks of its financial liabilities. No convertible bonds have been issued by the Bank.

XX. EXPLANATIONS ON ISSUANCE OF SHARE CERTIFICATES:

Transaction costs regarding the issuance of share certificates are accounted under shareholders' equity after eliminating the tax effects.

XXI. EXPLANATIONS ON AVALIZED DRAFTS AND ACCEPTANCES:

Avalized drafts and acceptances shown as liabilities against assets are included in the "Off-balance sheet commitments".

XXII. EXPLANATIONS ON GOVERNMENT GRANTS:

As of 31 December 2024, the Bank does not have any government grants or aids (31 December 2023: None).

XXIII. EXPLANATIONS ON PROFIT RESERVES AND PROFIT DISTRIBUTION:

Retained earnings as per the statutory financial statements other than legal reserves are available for distribution, subject to the legal reserve requirement referred to below.

Under the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC") the legal reserves are composed of first and second reserves. The TCC requires first reserves to be 5% of the profit until the total reserve is equal to 20% of issued and fully paid-in share capital. Second reserves are required to be 10% of all cash profit distributions that are in excess of 5% of the issued and fully paid-in share capital. However holding companies are exempt from this application. According to the Turkish Commercial Code, legal reserves can only be used to compensate accumulated losses and cannot be used for other purposes unless they exceed 50% of paid-in capital.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE RELEVANT PERIOD (Continued):

XXIV. EXPLANATIONS ON EARNINGS PER SHARE:

Earnings per share disclosed in the income statement are calculated by dividing net profit/(loss) for the year to the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period concerned.

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Net Income/(Loss) to be Appropriated to Ordinary Shareholders	3,504,623	2,560,304
Weighted Average Number of Issued Ordinary Shares (Thousand)	305,000,000	267,495,479
Earnings/(Losses) Per Ordinary Shares (Disclosed as 1,000 nominal in full TL)	11.491	9.571

Based on the Principal Agreement, the Bank has 1,000,000 founder's shares. According to the Principal Agreement, after allocating 5% to legal reserves and distributing 5% of the paid in capital, 10% of distributable amount is distributed to the owners of the founder's shares.

In Turkey, companies can increase their share capital by making a pro-rata distribution of "Bonus shares" to existing shareholders from retained earnings. For the purpose of earnings per share computations, the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year has been adjusted in respect of "Bonus shares" issued without a corresponding change in resources by giving them a retroactive effect for the year in which they were issued and for each earlier period. In case bonus shares are distributed after the balance sheet date but before the preparation of the financial statements, earnings per share is calculated considering the new number of shares.

XXV. EXPLANATIONS ON RELATED PARTIES:

Parties defined in Article 49 of the Banking Law No.5411, Bank's senior management and Board Members are deemed as related parties within the scope of "TAS 24". Transactions regarding related parties are presented in Note VII. of Section Five.

XXVI. EXPLANATIONS ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, "Cash" includes cash effectives, cash in transit, purchased cheques and demand deposits including balances with the Central Bank; and "Cash Equivalents" include interbank money market placements, time deposits at banks with original maturity periods of less than three months and investments on marketable securities other than common stocks.

XXVII. EXPLANATIONS ON SEGMENT REPORTING:

Operational field is distinguishable section of the Bank that has different characteristics from other operational fields per earning and conducts the presentation of service group, associated bank products or a unique product. Operating segments are disclosed in Note XII. in Section Four.

XXVIII. CLASSIFICATIONS:

None.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR

INFORMATION RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK

I. EXPLANATIONS ON EQUITY:

Total capital and Capital adequacy ratio have been calculated in accordance with the "Regulation on Equity of Banks" and "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks". As of 31 December 2024, the Bank's total capital has been calculated as TL 17,262,720 (31 December 2023: TL 13,176,220) and the capital adequacy ratio is 23.81% (31 December 2023: 22.36%).

As of 31 December 2024, within the scope of BRSA's instructions dated 21 December 2021 and 28 April 2022 and 31 January 2023; in the calculation of the amount subject to credit risk, in accordance with the Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy of Banks (Capital Adequacy Regulation) published in the Official Gazette dated 23 October 2015 and numbered 29511; when calculating the amounts of monetary assets and non-monetary assets other than items in foreign currency measured at historical cost, valuated in accordance with Accounting Standards and related special provisions, Central Bank's foreign exchange buying rates as of 26 June 2023 was used and in case the net valuation differences of the securities held by the Bank in the portfolio of "Securities at Fair Value Reflected in Other Comprehensive Income" as of 1 January 2024, decision date are negative, it is possible to ignore these differences in the amount of equity to be calculated in accordance with the Regulation on the Equity of Banks published in the Official Gazette dated 5 September 2013 and numbered 28756 and to be used for the capital adequacy ratio.

BURGAN BANK A.Ş. NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

I. EXPLANATIONS ON EQUITY (Continued):

a. Information about equity items:

	Current Period 31 December 2024	Prior Period 31 December 2023
COMMON EQUITY TIER 1 CAPITAL		
Paid-in capital following all debts in terms of claim in liquidation of the Bank	3,050,000	3,050,000
Share issue premiums	-	-
Legal reserves	3,661,755	1,246,013
Gains recognized in equity as per Turkish Accounting Standards (TAS)	305,299	706,515
Profit	3,649,185	2,560,304
Current Period Profit	3,504,623	2,560,304
Prior Period Profit	144,562	
Shares acquired free of charge from subsidiaries, affiliates and jointly controlled partnerships and cannot be recognised		
within profit for the period	_	_
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Before Deductions	10,666,239	7,562,832
Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	10,000,257	7,302,002
Common Equity as per the (i) clause of Provisional Article 9 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks		
Portion of the current and prior periods' losses which cannot be covered through reserves and losses reflected in equity		
in accordance with TAS	94,217	199,527
Improvement costs for operating leasing	24,371	14,916
Goodwill (net of related tax liability)	24,3 / 1	14,910
		-
Other intangibles other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	314,449	143,355
Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related		
tax liability)	-	-
Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow risk	161,298	590,322
Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total		
expected loss amount exceeds the total provison	-	-
Gains arising from securitization transactions	-	-
Unrealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	-	-
Defined-benefit pension fund net assets	-	-
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Common Equity	-	-
Shares obtained contrary to the 4th clause of the 56th Article of the Law	-	-
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions outside		
the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of		
Common Equity of the Bank	-	-
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions outside		
the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of		
Common Equity of the Bank	-	-
Portion of mortgage servicing rights exceeding 10% of the Common Equity	-	-
Portion of deferred tax assets based on temporary differences exceeding 10% of the Common Equity	-	-
Amount exceeding 15% of the common equity as per the 2nd clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on		
the Equity of Banks	_	_
Excess amount arising from the net long positions of investments in common equity items of banks and financial		
institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital	_	-
Excess amount arising from mortgage servicing rights		
Excess amount arising from deferred tax assets based on temporary differences		
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	-	
Other items to be defined by the BRSA Deductions to be made from common equity due to insufficient Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital		
Total Deductions From Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	594,335	948,120
Total Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	10,071,904	6,614,712

^(*) In this section, the accounts that are liable to the temporary articles of "Regulation on Equities of Banks" which will be considered at the end of the transition period are shown.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

I. EXPLANATIONS ON EQUITY (Continued):

a. Information about equity items: (Continued):

	Current Period 31 December 2024	Prior Period 31 December 2023
ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL		
Preferred Stock not Included in Common Equity and the Related Share Premiums	-	-
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA	1,764,015	1,471,910
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA (Temporary Article 4)	-	-
Additional Tier I Capital before Deductions	1,764,015	1,471,910
Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital	_	-
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Additional Tier I Capital	_	-
Investments of Bank to Banks that invest in Bank's additional equity and components of equity issued by financial institutions with compatible with Article 7.	-	-
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital	-	-
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% of the Issued Share Capital	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	_	-
Transition from the Core Capital to Continue to deduce Components	_	-
Goodwill and other intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities which will not deducted from Common Eguity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-) Net deferred tax asset/liability which is not deducted from Common Eguity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the sub-paragraph of the		_
Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	-	-
Deductions to be made from common equity in the case that adequate Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital is not available (-)	-	-
Total Deductions From Additional Tier I Capital	1 774 015	1 471 010
Total Additional Tier I Capital Total Tier I Capital (Tier I Capital=Common Equity+Additional Tier I Capital)	1,764,015	1,471,910
TIER II CAPITAL	11,835,919	8,086,622
Debt instruments and share issue premiums deemed suitable by the BRSA	5,292,045	4,415,730
Debt instruments and share issue premiums deemed suitable by BRSA (Temporary Article 4)	3,292,043	4,413,730
Provisions (Article 8 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks)	479,099	
Tier II Capital Before Deductions	5,771,144	673,868 5,089,598
Deductions From Tier II Capital	3,//1,144	5,069,596
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank on its own Tier II Capital (-)	-	
Investments of Bank to Banks that invest on Bank's Tier 2 and components of equity issued by financial institutions with the conditions	-	-
declared in Article 8.	344,343	
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank (-)		
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in Additional Tier I Capital item of banks and financial institutions outside		
the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)	-	-
Total Deductions from Tier II Capital	344,343	-
Total Tier II Capital	5,426,801	5,089,598
Total Capital (The sum of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital)	17,262,720	13,176,220
Deductions from Total Capital	- [-
Deductions from Capital Loans granted contrary to the 50th and 51th Article of the Law		-
Net Book Values of Movables and Immovables Exceeding the Limit Defined in the Article 57, Clause 1 of the Banking Law and the Assets Acquired against Overdue Receivables and Held for Sale but Retained more than Five Years	-	_
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	-	-
In transition from Total Core Capital and Supplementary Capital (the capital) to Continue to Download Components	-	-
The Sum of net long positions of investments (the portion which exceeds the 10% of Banks Common Equity) in the capital of banking,		
financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the Bank does not own 10% or less of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2		
capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds	-	
The Sum of net long positions of investments in the Additional Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital of banking, financial and insurance		
entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the Bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds	_	_
The Sum of net long positions of investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope		
of regulatory consolidation, where the Bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity, mortgage servicing rights, deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for		
the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds	-	

^(*) In this section, the accounts that are liable to the temporary articles of "Regulation on Equities of Banks" which will be considered at the end of the transition period are shown.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

I. EXPLANATIONS ON EQUITY (Continued):

a. Information about equity items: (Continued):

	Current Period 31 December 2024	Prior Period 31 December 2023
EOUITY	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Total Equity (Sum of Tier I and Tier II capital)	17,262,720	13,176,220
Total Risk Weighted Amounts	72,497,122	58,920,251
Total risk weigined Anounis CAPITAL ADEQUECY RATIOS CAPITAL ADEQUECY RATIOS	72,497,122	36,920,231
	13.89	11.23
Core Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	16.33	13.72
	23.81	22.36
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) BUFFERS	23.81	22.36
	2516	2.541
Total additional core capital requirement ratio (a+b+c)	2.546	2.541
a. Capital conservation buffer requirement (%)	2.500	2.500
b. Bank specific counter-cyclical capital buffer ratio (%)	0.046	0.041
c. Systematic significant bank buffer ratio (%)	-	-
The ratio of the Additional Common Equity Tier 1 to be calculated in accordance with the first paragraph of Article 4 of the Regulation on		
Capital Conservation and Countercyclical Capital Buffers to the amount of risk-weighted assets	9.39	6.73
Amounts below the Excess Limits as per the Deduction Principles		
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments in equity items of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the Bank		
owns 10% or less of the issued share capital exceeding the 10% threshold of above Tier I capital	-	-
Portion of the total of investments in equity items of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the Bank owns more than 10% of		
the issued share capital exceeding the 10% threshold of above Tier I capital	-	-
Amount arising from the rights to provide mortgage services	-	-
Amount arising from deferred tax assets based on temporary differences	616,011	403,733
Limits Related to Provisions Considered in Tier II Calculation		
General provisions for standard based receivables (before tenthousandtwentyfive limitation)	479,099	916,921
Up to 1.25% of total risk-weighted amount of free provision for receivables where the standard approach used	479,099	673,868
Excess amount of total provision amount to credit risk Amount of the Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué		
on the Calculation	-	-
Excess amount of total provision amount to 0.6% of risk weighted receivables of credit risk Amount of the Internal Ratings Based Approach		
in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	-	
Debt instruments subjected to Article 4 (to be implemented between 1 January 2018 and 1 January 2022)	-	
Upper limit for additional Tier I Capital subjected to temporary Article 4		-
Amounts excess the Limits of Additional Tier I Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	-
Upper limit for Additional Tier II Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	-
Amounts excess the Limits of Additional Tier II Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	-

^(*) In this column, the amounts to be taken into account at the end of the transition period are shown for the items that are subject to the transitional provisions within the scope of the Transitional Articles of the "Regulation on the Equity of Banks".

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

I. EXPLANATIONS ON EQUITY (Continued):

b. Information about equity items (continued):

The difference between Total Capital and Shareholders' Equity in the unconsolidated balance sheet mainly arises from expected credit loss provisions (for stage I and stage II loans) and subordinated loans. As stated in Article 8 of the Regulation on Equities of Banks, up to 1.25% of the amount constituting the basis for credit risk of the First and Second Stage Losses Provisions and 100% of the remaining maturity of the subordinate loans over the nominal amount until they fall below 5 years, and the remaining portion by decreasing by 20% for each year less than 5 years, are considered as the "Supplementary Capital" item in the equity calculation constituting the basis for capital adequacy. In addition; In accordance with the Regulation, the operating lease development costs and Intangible Fixed Assets balances monitored under the Tangible Fixed Assets item in the balance sheet are considered as a deduction item from core capital in the equity calculation constituting the basis for capital adequacy calculation.

BURGAN BANK A.Ş. NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

I. EXPLANATIONS ON EQUITY (Continued):

c. Information on instruments related to equity estimation:

Issuer – Loan grantor	Burgan Bank K.P.S.C.	Burgan Bank K.P.S.C.
Unique Identifier of the Debt Instrument	-	† -
Governing Legislation of the Debt Instrument	BRSA	BRSA
Regulatory Treatment in Equity Calculation	Tier II Capital	Tier I Capital
Assessment whether it is subject to being taken into consideration as 10%	No	No
decreased as of 1/1/2015		
Validity status in a consolidated or unconsolidated basis or in a consolidated		
and unconsolidated basis	Unconsolidated - Consolidated	Unconsolidated - Consolidated
Debt instrument type	Subordinated loan	Subordinated loan
Amount recognized in equity calculation (As of most recent reporting date –		
Thousands TL)	5,292,045	1,764,015
Nominal value of debt instrument (Thousands USD)	150,000	50,000
The account number that the debt instrument is followed	Liability-Subordinated Loans-	Liability-Subordinated Loans-
	amortized cost	amortized cost
Original date of issuance of the debt instrument	12.05.2022	22.02.2021
Maturity structure of the debt instrument (Perpetual/Dated)	Dated	Perpetual
Original maturity date of the debt instrument	10 Years	-
Whether the issuer has a right to call subject to BRSA approval	Yes	Yes
Optional call date, contingent call options and redemption amount	After 5th year	After 5th year
Subsequent call dates of call options	After 5th year	After 5th year
Coupon/dividend payments	3 Months	-
Fixed or floating interest/dividend payments	Floating dividend	-
nterest rate and any related index value	SOFR+4.25	<u> </u>
Existence of a restriction which can stop dividend payments	- SOI K + 4.25	<u> </u>
Being fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	-	
Existence of an interest rate increase or other incentive to call		-
Being noncumulative or cumulative	Noncumulative	
Being convertible or non-convertible to stock	None	Noncumulative None
		
If convertible to a stock, conversion trigger(s)	-	-
If convertible to a stock, fully or partially If convertible to a stock, conversion rate		 -
	-	-
If convertible to a stock, mandatory or optional conversion	-	-
If convertible to a stock, specify instrument type convertible into	-	-
If convertible to a stock, issuer of debt instrument it converts into	-	-
Value reduction feature	None	-
If it has a value reduction feature, write-down trigger(s)	-	If unsustainability occurs, a decrease in value can be realized.
If it has a value reduction feature, fully or partially	-	Depreciation can be partially or completely realized.
f it has a value reduction feature, permanent or temporary	-	Constant
f temporary value reduction exists, description of value increase mechanism	-	-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Before debt instruments to be	After the right to claim of the
	included in Additional Tier I capital	holder, the deposit holders, other
	calculation but after the deposit	creditors and contribution capital
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type	holders and all other creditors of the	calculation included borrowings of
mmediately senior to this instrument)	Debtor.	the Debtor.
Whether it is in compliance with the terms in articles 7 and 8 of the Communiqué on Bank's Equities	None.	None.
The terms it is not in compliance within articles 7 and 8 of the Communiqué on Bank's Equities	None.	None.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK:

II. EXPLANATIONS ON CREDIT RISK

Credit risk represents the potential financial loss that the Bank may incur as a result of defaults or non-fulfillment of the loan agreements obligations of counterparties.

In order to control and mitigate credit risk, the Parent Bank takes into consideration the payment capacity of the debtors, the confirmation of the fact that primary and secondary payment sources exist, the fact that provisions allocated for loans can cover expected credit losses, the fact that firms responsible for the valuation of collaterals are operating in accordance with competition rules, the fact that sectoral, geographical and regional concentration is avoided, the fact that the customer portfolio and loans provided are not diversified and credit risk is not common, the fact that information from all sources possible to evaluate or quantify the risks taken on a transaction or customer basis are collected the fact that the payment capacity of loans are monitored.

Credit rankings of borrowers that are present at loans and other accounts receivable accounts are monitored in accordance with the relevant legislation at regular intervals. Account status documents obtained for the issued credits are audited to make sure that the documents are meeting the requirements of the relevant legislation given that the cash transactions are exempted from this rule. As a result of regular monitoring of credit worthiness, credit limits have been changed when necessary. Loans and other receivables are collateralized considering the credit worthiness.

With respect to credit risk, debtor and debtor groups are subject to risk limitations envisaged in the Banking Law. There is no risk limitation in terms of geographical region while the sectoral concentration has been limited. Credit limits allocated are subject to revision at least once a year. The credit worthiness of the borrowers classified as "loans and other receivables under close monitoring" are revised at least twice a year due to Procedures and Principles regarding the regulation on determination of loans and other receivables. The loan limit is controlled by the main banking system and exceeding the specified limits is prohibited. When a revision becomes due, limits for which the loan worthiness has not been reviewed are suspended.

The Bank's loan policy approved by the Board of Directors is reviewed a regular basis. In order to maintain the credit risk under control, there are additional limitations in the scope of Bank credit policies apart from the Banking Law limitations. As defined in the document of credit policy, authorization of credit extension has been delegated to Branches, the Headquarters and the Credit Committee. Constraints on the use of these delegations;

- Collaterals, accepted as guarantees of loans issued, are clearly stated at credit policy.
- The Bank does not provide loans for arms manufacturers and traders, religious organizations, gambling companies, media companies, political organizations, sport clubs and companies operating in nuclear industry. Exceptions could be evaluated by the Head Office.
- Loans issued to the companies founded within last two years, real estate development companies and financial institutions as well as the investment projects, cash loan guarantees or refinancing loans are evaluated by headquarters and authorized upper management.
- Derivative products' limits cannot be allocated in Brach authorization. Foreign currency loans and counter party / external guarantees cannot be issued by branches.

BURGAN BANK A.Ş. NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

II. EXPLANATIONS ON CREDIT RISK (Continued):

The loans that are overdue more than 90 days as of the end of the reporting date or the loans in which the Bank has decided that the debtor has lost its credibility are classified as impaired receivables and specific provision is allocated for these loans within TFRS 9. According to the "Communiqué on Methods and Principles for the Determination of Loans and Other Receivables to be Reserved for and Allocation of Reserves," stage II loans and 90 day-delayed loans are considered as non-performing loan and general provision is allocated within TFRS 9.

Total amount of exposures after offsetting transactions before applying credit risk mitigations and the average exposure amounts that are classified under different risk groups and types for the relevant period:

31 December 2024		
Risk Group	Amount	Average
Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Central Governments or Central Banks	33,085,434	26,386,429
Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Regional or Local Governments	4,135,210	1,589,208
Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Administrative Units and Non-Commercial Enterprises	-	-
Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Multilateral Development Banks	51,348	58,601
Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from International Organizations	-	-
Contingent and Unconditional Receivables from Banks and Intermediary Institutions	11,932,480	12,164,226
Contingent and Non-Contingent Corporate Receivables	53,298,335	47,073,551
Contingent and Non-Contingent Retail Receivables	7,189,782	5,679,703
Contingent and Non-Contingent Real Estate Mortgage-Secured Receivables	10,197,962	9,222,667
Past Due Loans	628,898	612,999
Higher Risk Categories Decided by the Board		_
Secured by Mortgages		_
Securitization Positions	-	-
Short-Term Claims and Short-Term Corporate Claims on Banks and Intermediary Institutions	-	-
Undertakings for Collective Investments in Mutual Funds	-	_
Other Receivables	8,920,162	7,930,723
Total	129,439,611	110,718,107

BURGAN BANK A.Ş. NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

II. EXPLANATIONS ON CREDIT RISK (Continued):

31 December 2023		
Risk Group	Amount	Average
Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Central Governments or Central Banks	20,439,178	16,431,204
Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Regional or Local Governments	278,562	174,520
Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Administrative Units and Non-Commercial Enterprises	-	-
Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Multilateral Development Banks	4,413	45,182
Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from International Organizations	-	-
Contingent and Unconditional Receivables from Banks and Intermediary Institutions	9,815,084	7,723,475
Contingent and Non-Contingent Corporate Receivables	38,943,738	31,346,564
Contingent and Non-Contingent Retail Receivables	4,843,764	4,019,397
Contingent and Non-Contingent Real Estate Mortgage-Secured Receivables	7,492,903	6,925,973
Past Due Loans	592,593	906,154
Higher Risk Categories Decided by the Board	-	-
Secured by Mortgages	_	_
Securitization Positions	-	-
Short-Term Claims and Short-Term Corporate Claims on Banks and Intermediary		
Institutions	-	-
Undertakings for Collective Investments in Mutual Funds	-	
Other Receivables	5,985,844	5,060,029
Total	88,396,079	72,632,498

The Bank's derivative transactions are mainly composed of foreign exchange and interest rate swaps money and foreign exchange options and forward transactions, The credit risks of these products are managed by deducting them from the company's credit limit, which is specified only for these types of transactions, in proportion to the term of the transaction, Market risk is managed by the Treasury, Capital market and Financial Institutions Group.

Indemnified non-cash credits are subjected to the same risk weight as the credits which are past due date.

The Bank does not perform any kind of banking activity abroad.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

II. EXPLANATIONS ON CREDIT RISK (Continued):

In the current period, the share of the Bank's receivables due to cash loans extended to its top 100 and top 200 customers are 65%, 77% (31 December 2023: 73%, 82%) within the total cash loan portfolio.

In the current period, the share of the Bank's receivables due to non-cash loans extended to its top 100 and top 200 customers are 53%, 68% (31 December 2023: 48% and 66%) within the total non-cash loans portfolio.

In the current period, the share of the Bank's receivables due to the total of cash and non cash loans extended to its top 100 and top 200 customers are 62%, 74% (31 December 2023: 68%, 80%) within cash loans in balance sheet and non-cash loans in off-balance sheet.

The Bank's allocated expected credit losses for loans amounts to TL 479,099 (31 December 2023: TL 916,921).

a. Information on types of loans and specific provisions:

31 December 2024	Corporate	Consumer	Credit Cards	Factoring Receivables	Total
Standard Loans	49,553,533	5,589,122	329	42,172	55,185,156
Loans Under Close					
Monitoring	5,497,640	131,496	-	-	5,629,136
Non-Performing Loans	922,584	113,121	11	-	1,035,716
Specific Provision (-)	339,788	67,481	8	-	407,277
Total	55,633,969	5,766,258	332	42,172	61,442,731

31 December 2023	Corporate	Consumer	Credit Cards	Factoring Receivables	Total
Standard Loans	34,194,688	4,049,412	-	12,889	38,256,989
Loans Under Close					
Monitoring	7,058,320	50,519	-	-	7,108,839
Non-Performing Loans	874,783	15,624	10	-	890,417
Specific Provision (-)	288,968	8,845	10	-	297,823
Total	41,838,823	4,106,710	-	12,889	45,958,422

b. Information on overdue loans and other receivables:

31 December 2024	Corporate	Consumer	Credit Cards	Factoring Receivables	Total
Past due 0-30 days	5,952,412	382,453	-	-	6,334,865
Past due 30-60 days	-	77,446	-	-	77,446
Past due 60-90 days	17,591	41,359	-	-	58,950
Total	5,970,003	501,258	-	-	6,471,261

31 December 2023	Corporate	Consumer	Credit Cards	Factoring Receivables	Total
Past due 0-30 days	6,886,536	215,623	-	-	7,102,159
Past due 30-60 days	169,677	37,050	-	-	206,727
Past due 60-90 days	2,281	13,320	-	-	15,601
Total	7,058,494	265,993	-	-	7,324,487

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

II. EXPLANATIONS ON CREDIT RISK (Continued):

c. Information on debt securities, treasury bills and other bills:

31 December 2024	Financial Assets at		Other Financial Assets Measured at	
	Fair Value through P/L (Net)			
	904,222	10,584,539	14,373,583	25,862,344
Total	904,222	10,584,539	14,373,583	25,862,344

31 December 2023	Financial Assets at Fair Value through P/L (Net)	Comprehensive	Other Financial	
	66,277	3,002,049	9,665,187	12,733,513
Total	66,277	3,002,049	9,665,187	12,733,513

d. Information on rating concentration:

The Bank evaluates its credit risk based on an internal rating system and the portfolio is classified from least probability of default to highest, The information about the concentration of cash and non cash loans which are classified with the rating system is presented below,

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Above average (%)	53.36	10.00
Average (%)	40.21	46.35
Below average (%)	6.43	7.05
Not rated (%)	0.00	0.00

e. Fair value of collaterals (loans and advances to customers):

31 December 2024	Corporate Loans	Consumer Loans	Credit Cards	Factoring Receivables	Total
Loans Under Close Monitoring	2,504,549	60,197	-	-	2,564,746
Non-Performing Loans	19,192	7,233	-	-	26,425
Total	2,523,741	67,430	-	-	2,591,171

	Corporate	Consumer		Factoring	
31 December 2023	Loans	Loans	Credit Cards	Receivables	Total
Loans Under Close Monitoring	1,800,763	30,831	-	-	1,831,594
Non-Performing Loans	17,006	1,876	-	-	18,882
Total	1,817,769	32,707	-	-	1,850,476

Type of collaterals	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Real-estate mortgage	2,384,311	1,510,583
Pledge	139,752	173,689
Cash and cash equivalents	67,108	166,204
Total	2,591,171	1,850,476

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

II. EXPLANATIONS ON CREDIT RISK (Continued):

f. Profil of Significant Risks in Key Regions:

		Risk Categories (*)																
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	Total
31 December 2024																		
Domestic	33,586,085	4,134,630	-	-	-	6,010,610	47,186,386	6,299,392	9,841,800	618,839	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,920,162	116,597,904
EU Countries	-	-	-	-	-	580,363	-	3	61	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	580,428
OECD Countries (**)	-	-	-	51,348	-	3,649,875	443	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,701,668
Off-Shore Banking Regions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
USA, Canada	-	-	-	-	-	39,060	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,060
Other Countries	-	-	-	-	-	1,367,520	2,282	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,369,802
Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unallocated Assets/Liabilities (***)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Total	33,586,085	4,134,630	-	51,348	-	11,647,428	47,189,111	6,299,397	9,841,861	618,840	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,920,162	122,288,862

- Contingent and non-contingent exposures to central governments or central banks
- 2. Contingent and non-contingent exposures to regional governments or local authorities
- 3. Contingent and non-contingent receivables from administrative units and non-commercial enterprises
- 4. Contingent and non-contingent exposures to multilateral development banks
- 5. Contingent and non-contingent exposures to international organisations
- 6. Contingent and non-contingent exposures to banks and brokerage houses
- 7. Contingent and non-contingent exposures to corporates
- 8. Contingent and non-contingent retail exposures
- 9. Contingent and non-contingent exposures secured by real estate property
- 10. Past due receivables
- 11. Receivables defined in high risk category by BRSA
- 12. Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mortgages
- 13. Securitization positions
- 14. Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates
- 15. Exposures in the form of collective investment undertakings
- Stock exchange
- Other receivables
- (*) Includes exposure categories in the Communiqué on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks.
- (**) Includes OECD countries other than EU countries, USA and Canada.
- (***) Assets and liabilities that cannot be segmented on a consistent basis.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

II. EXPLANATIONS ON CREDIT RISK (Continued):

f. Profile of Significant Risks in Key Regions (Continued):

								Risk Catego	ries (*)									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	Total
31 December 2023																		
Domestic	20,757,363	238,975	-	-	-	3,727,861	34,964,149	4,524,989	7,200,496	579,647	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,985,844	77,979,32
EU Countries	-	-	-	-	-	118,029	9,717	3	80	378	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	128,207
OECD Countries (**)	-	-	-	4,413	-	3,661,944	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,666,360
Off-Shore Banking Regions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
USA, Canada	-	-	-	-	-	70,913	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70,913
Other Countries	-	-	-	-	-	2,183,434	2,898	2	213	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,186,547
Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint																		
Ventures	-	-	<u> </u>	-		-	-	-	-	-			-	-		-	-	
Unallocated Assets/Liabilities	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	20,757,363	238,975	-	4,413	-	9,762,181	34,976,764	4,524,997	7,200,789	580,025	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,985,844	84,031,35

- Contingent and non-contingent exposures to central governments or central banks
- 2. Contingent and non-contingent exposures to regional governments or local authorities
- 3. Contingent and non-contingent receivables from administrative units and non-commercial enterprises
- Contingent and non-contingent exposures to multilateral development banks
- 5. Contingent and non-contingent exposures to international organisations
- 6. Contingent and non-contingent exposures to banks and brokerage houses
- Contingent and non-contingent exposures to corporates
- Contingent and non-contingent retail exposures
- Contingent and non-contingent exposures secured by real estate property
- 10. Past due receivables
- 11. Receivables defined in high risk category by BRSA
- 12. Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mortgages
- 13. Securitization positions
- 14. Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates
- 15. Exposures in the form of collective investment undertakings
- Stock exchange
- 17. Other receivables
- (*) Includes exposure categories in the Communiqué on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks.
- (**) Includes OECD countries other than EU countries, USA and Canada.
- (***) Assets and liabilities that cannot be segmented on a consistent basis.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

II. EXPLANATIONS ON CREDIT RISK (Continued):

g. Miscellaneous Information by Major Sectors and Counterparty Type:

		Risk Categories (*)															T			
31 December 2024	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	TL	FC	Total
Agriculture	-	-	-	-	-	-	762,166	9,953	7	2	_	_	I -		I -	-	-	647,798	124,330	772,128
Farming and Stockbreeding	-	-	-	-	-	-	680,738	9,953	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	647,785	42,908	690,693
Forestry	-	-	-	- 1	-	-	81,422	-	-	-	-	-	I -	-	Ī -	- 1	-	-	81,422	81,422
Fishery	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	7	-	-	-				-	-	13	-	13
Manufacturing	-	-	-		-		10,465,133	117,313	1,261,699	10,906	-		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-		5,686,915	6,168,136	11,855,051
Mining and Quarrying	-	-	-	-	-	-	71,203	7,523	5,000	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	83,486	258	83,744
Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,696,249	104,169	1,256,699	10,886	-	-	I -	-	I -	I - I	-	5,393,320	4,674,683	10,068,003
Electricity, Gas, Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,697,681	5,621	-	2	-	-	<u> </u>			-	-	210,109	1,493,195	1,703,304
Construction	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,768,215	34,589	1,837,154	400,032		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>l -</u>		-	2,625,605	1,414,385	4,039,990
Services	-	3,251,877	-	51,348	-	11,647,428	33,915,408	259,127	6,731,976	142,600	-	-		-	-	-	-	34,298,478	21,701,286	55,999,764
Wholesale and Retail Trade	-	3,251,877	-	-	-	-	17,220,172	247,185	3,353,657	43,277	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	14,829,064	9,287,104	24,116,168
Hotel, Food and Beverage services	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,061,757	2	3,180,596	95,120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	98,303	4,239,172	4,337,475
Transportation and Telecom	-	-	-	-	-	-	155,804	4,298	135,116	1,138	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	-	168,663	127,693	296,356
Financial Institutions	-	-	-	51,348	-	11,647,428	11,864,074	7,634	6,934	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,749,870	6,827,548	23,577,418
Real Estate and Rental Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,458,861	8	55,673	1,098	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,295,871	1,219,769	3,515,640
Self-employment Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	-	5	-	5
Educational Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	1,963	-	-	I -	I -	I -	- 1	-	1,965	-	1,965
Health and Social Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	154,736	-	-	1	_	_	I -		<u> </u>	I - I	-	154,737	-	154,737
Other	33,586,085	882,753	-	-	-	-	278,189	5,878,415	11,025	65,300	-	-		-		-	8,920,162	38,546,046	11,075,883	49,621,929
Total	33,586,085	4,134,630	-	51,348	-	11,647,428	47,189,111	6,299,397	9,841,861	618,840	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,920,162	81,804,842	40,484,020	122,288,862

- 1. Contingent and non-contingent exposures to central governments or central banks
- 2. Contingent and non-contingent exposures to regional governments or local authorities
- 3. Contingent and non-contingent receivables from administrative units and non-commercial enterprises
- 4. Contingent and non-contingent exposures to multilateral development banks
- 5. Contingent and non-contingent exposures to international organisations
- 6. Contingent and non-contingent exposures to banks and brokerage houses
- 7. Contingent and non-contingent exposures to corporates
- 8. Contingent and non-contingent retail exposures
- 9. Contingent and non-contingent exposures secured by real estate property
- 10. Past due receivables
- 11. Receivables defined in high risk category by BRSA
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- 13. Securitization positions
- 14. Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates
- 15. Exposures in the form of collective investment undertakings
- Stock exchange
- 17. Other receivables
- (*) Includes exposure categories in the Communiqué on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Bank.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

II. EXPLANATIONS ON CREDIT RISK (Continued):

g. Miscellaneous Information by Major Sectors and Counterparty Type (Continued):

								Risk (Categories (*)										
31 December 2023	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		11	12	13	14	15	16	17	TL	FC	Total
Agriculture	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	6,768	2,052	8,532	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,352	-	17,352
Farming and Stockbreeding	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	6,740	2,023	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,763	-	8,763
Forestry	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	-	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	-	29
Fishery	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	28	-	8,532	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,560	-	8,560
Manufacturing	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,348,426	45,340	133,827	513	-	-		-	-	-	-	1,937,612	590,494	2,528,106
Mining and Quarrying	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,777	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,777	-	10,777
Production	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	1,802,476	45,302	133,827	513	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,551,171	430,947	1,982,118
Electricity, Gas, Water	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	535,173	38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	375,664	159,547	535,211
Construction	-	-	-	-	-	-	313,994	14,240	1,130,312	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	347,397	1,111,179	1,458,576
Services	-	115,361	-	4,413	-	9,762,181	32,231,974	374,786	5,908,614	572,535	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31,936,199	17,033,665	48,969,864
Wholesale and Retail Trade	-	115,361	-	4,413	-	39,587	29,999,563	361,126	4,866,883	571,186	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,172,365	10,785,754	35,958,119
Hotel, Food and Beverage services	_	-	-	-	-	-	140,395	-	953,107	255	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	733	1,093,024	1,093,757
Transportation and Telecom	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	104,623	8,479	88,624	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	85,205	116,521	201,726
Financial Institutions	-	-	- 1	-	-	9,722,594	1,834,235	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,522,478	5,034,351	11,556,829
Real Estate and Rental Services	_	_	_	_	_	_	153,136	5,181	_	1,092		_	_	_	_	_	_	155,394	4,015	159,409
Self-employment Services	-	-	- 1		-	-	-	- 5,101	-	2	-	-		-		-		2	- 1,015	2
Educational Services	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and Social Services	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	-	22
Other	20,757,363	123,614	<u> </u>	-	-	-	75,602	4,088,579	19,504	6,947	I -	-		-	- [- 5	,985,844	24,124,513	6,932,940	31,057,453
Total	20,757,363	238,975	-	4,413	-	9,762,181	34,976,764	4,524,997	7,200,789	580,025	-	-	-	-	-	- 5	,985,844	58,363,073	25,668,278	84,031,351

- 1. Contingent and non-contingent exposures to central governments or central banks
- 2. Contingent and non-contingent exposures to regional governments or local authorities
- 3. Contingent and non-contingent receivables from administrative units and non-commercial enterprises
- 4. Contingent and non-contingent exposures to multilateral development banks
- 5. Contingent and non-contingent exposures to international organisations
- 6. Contingent and non-contingent exposures to banks and brokerage houses
- 7. Contingent and non-contingent exposures to corporates
- 8. Contingent and non-contingent retail exposures
- 9. Contingent and non-contingent exposures secured by real estate property
- 10. Past due receivables
- 11. Receivables defined in high risk category by BRSA
- 12. Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mortgages
- 13. Securitization positions
- 14. Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates
- 15. Exposures in the form of collective investment undertakings
- 16. Stock exchange
- 17. Other receivables
- (*) Includes exposure categories in the Communiqué on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Bank.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

II. EXPLANATIONS ON CREDIT RISK (Continued):

h. Analysis of Maturity-Bearing Exposures According to Remaining Maturities:

31 December 2024	82,677 4,							
Risk Classifications	1 Month		3-6 Months		Over 1 Year			
Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Central Governments or Central Banks	527,433	246,102	2,739,674	36,010	19,405,963			
Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Regional or Local Governments	-	-	-	82,677	4,051,954			
Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Administrative Units and Non-Commercial Enterprises	-	-	-	_	-			
Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Multilateral Development Banks	-	-	-	-	51,348			
Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from International Organizations	-	-	-	-	-			
Contingent and Unconditional Receivables from Banks and Intermediary Institutions	4,725,681	1,856,993	1,517,185	274,309	2,194,690			
Contingent and Non-Contingent Corporate Receivables	6,981,752	7,589,981	5,283,872	8,833,191	18,500,316			
Contingent and Non-Contingent Retail Receivables	69,845	238,028	451,717	2,430,403	3,109,403			
Contingent and Non-Contingent Real Estate Mortgage-Secured Receivables	472,886	104,701	962,730	396,048	7,905,496			
Past Due Loans	-	-	-	-	-			
Higher Risk Categories Decided by the Board	-	-	-	-	-			
Secured by Mortgages	-	-	-	-	-			
Securitization Positions	-	-	-	-	-			
Short-Term Claims and Short-Term Corporate Claims on Banks and Intermediary Institutions	-	-	-	-	-			
Undertakings for Collective Investments in Mutual Funds	-	-	-	-	-			
Other Receivables	-	-	-	-	-			
Total	12,777,597	10,035,805	10,955,178	12,052,638	55,219,170			

31 December 2023	Term To Maturity										
Risk Classifications	1 Month	1-3 Months	3-6 Months	6-12 Months	Over 1 Year						
Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Central Governments or Central Banks	3,190	136,153	-	238,447	11,073,279						
Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Regional or Local Governments	-	1,689	16,826	112,447	108,014						
Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Administrative Units and Non-Commercial Enterprises	-	-	-	_	-						
Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Multilateral Development Banks	-	-	-	-	4,413						
Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from International Organizations	-	-	-	-	-						
Contingent and Unconditional Receivables from Banks and Intermediary Institutions	4,564,233	1,922,307	705,507	484,738	1,821,904						
Contingent and Non-Contingent Corporate Receivables	7,794,996	5,368,549	8,649,989	2,456,796	10,706,433						
Contingent and Non-Contingent Retail Receivables	73,865	173,209	483,545	1,121,971	2,672,405						
Contingent and Non-Contingent Real Estate Mortgage-Secured Receivables	59,163	654,764	258,549	381,508	5,846,805						
Past Due Loans	-	-	-	-	-						
Higher Risk Categories Decided by the Board	-	-	-	-	-						
Secured by Mortgages	-	-	-	-	-						
Securitization Positions	-	-	-	-	-						
Short-Term Claims and Short-Term Corporate Claims on Banks and Intermediary Institutions	-	-	-	-	-						
Undertakings for Collective Investments in Mutual Funds	-	-	-	-	-						
Other Receivables	-	-	-	-	-						
Total	12,495,447	8,256,671	10,114,416	4,795,907	32,233,253						

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

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INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

II. EXPLANATIONS ON CREDIT RISK (Continued):

i. Information about the Risk Exposure Categories

In the standard approach calculations, the Bank uses Fitch Credit Rating Institution ratings when determining the risk weights of risk classes in accordance with the "Communiqué on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks".

Fitch Credit Rating Institution ratings are taken into consideration when evaluating the entire class of receivables from central governments or central banks and receivable portfolios from financial institutions, Fitch Ratings are not taken into consideration for other risk classes.

The Fitch Rating assigned to a debtor is valid for all of the debtor's assets, no exception is made for a specific category of assets.

A Credit Rating Institution which is not included in the institution's mapping table is not taken into consideration in the credit risk amount calculation process.

j. Risk Amounts by Risk Weight:

31 December 2024	0%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	500%	Deductions From Equity
1.Exposures before Credit Risk Mitigation	33,588,342	4,843,826	132,665	21,826,133	6,139,066	46,093,027	192,757	-	344,343
2.Exposures after Credit Risks Mitigation (*)	35,449,348	4,797,984	112,794	21,349,001	6,124,752	44,996,951	185,280	-	344,343

(*) The bank mitigates the credit risk using the simple financial collateral methods.

31 December 2023	0%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	200%	500%	Deductions From Equity
1.Exposures before Credit Risk Mitigation	20,906,970	2,349,148	147,668	12,161,413	667,491	29,924,496	3,280,039	4,719,680	1,558	-
2.Exposures after Credit Risks Mitigation (*)	21,480,999	2,414,127	118,229	12,131,302	650,201	29,405,620	3,271,070	4,719,680	1,558	-

^(*) The Bank mitigates the credit risk using the simple financial collateral methods.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

II. EXPLANATIONS ON CREDIT RISK (Continued):

k. Informations in Terms of Major Sectors and Type of Counterparties:

31 December 2024	Loans		Provis	ions
Major Sectors / Counterparties	Significant Increase In Credit Risk (Stage 2)	Default (Stage 3)	Expected Credit Loss Provision (TFRS 9-Stage 2)	Expected Credit Loss Provision (TFRS 9-Stage 3)
Agriculture	-	20	-	18
Farming and Stockbreeding	-	15	-	13
Forestry	-	-	-	-
Fishery	-	5	-	5
Manufacturing	1,060,246	46,589	21,700	35,683
Mining and Quarrying	-	441	-	423
Production	1,060,246	26,207	21,700	15,321
Electricity, Gas and Water	-	19,941	-	19,939
Construction	999,386	442,262	224,656	42,230
Services	3,438,003	396,405	101,128	253,804
Wholesale and Retail Trade	2,976,175	71,534	10,125	28,257
Accommodation and Dining	426,950	316,968	77,354	221,848
Transportation and Telecom	34,878	1,507	13,649	369
Financial Institutions	-	12	-	12
Real Estate and Rental Services	-	1,764	-	666
Professional Services	-	13	-	10
Educational Services	-	4,543	-	2,580
Health and Social Services	-	64	-	62
Other	131,501	150,440	2,385	75,542
Total	5,629,136	1,035,716	349,869	407,277

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

II. EXPLANATIONS ON CREDIT RISK (Continued):

k. Informations in Terms of Major Sectors and Type of Counterparties (Continued):

31 December 2023	Loans		Provisions			
Major Sectors / Counterparties	Significant Increase of Credit Risk (Stage 2)	Default (Stage 3)	Expected Credit Loss Provision (TFRS 9-Stage 2)	Expected Credit Loss Provision (TFRS 9-Stage 3)		
Agriculture	-	8	-	8		
Farming and Stockbreeding	_	8	_	8		
Forestry	_	-	_			
Fishery	_	-	_	_		
Manufacturing	133,239	1,451	_	938		
Mining and Quarrying	_	107	_	107		
Production	133,239	1,344	_	831		
Electricity, Gas and Water	_	-	_	_		
Construction	-	147	_	115		
Services	6,925,082	857,474	838,540	284,939		
Wholesale and Retail Trade	6,521,226	855,425	747,680	284,239		
Accommodation and Dining	369,872	259	77,211	4		
Transportation and Telecom	33,984	142	13,649	142		
Financial Institutions	-	-	-	_		
Real Estate and Rental Services	-	1,640	-	548		
Professional Services	-	7	-	5		
Educational Services	-	1	-	1		
Health and Social Services	-	-	-			
Other	50,518	31,337	517	11,823		
Total	7,108,839	890,417	839,057	297,823		

l. Information about Value Adjustment and Change in Provisions:

31 December 2024	Opening Balance	Provision for Period	Write off from Asset	Other Adjustments (**)	Closing Balance
Specific Provisions	335,511	758,210	(680,814)	4,677	417,584
General Provisions	916,921	-	(483,105)	45,283	479,099
TOTAL	1,252,432	758,210	(1,163,919)	49,960	896,683

^(*) Special and general provisions for non-cash loans classified as non-performing loans are included in the opening and closing balances.

^(**) Other adjustments column includes the exchange differences of the foreign currency provisions.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

II. EXPLANATIONS ON CREDIT RISK (Continued):

l. Information about Value Adjustment and Change in Provisions (Continued):

31 December 2023	Opening Balance	Provision for Period	Write off from Asset (*)	Other Adjustments (**)	Closing Balance
Specific Provisions	542,155	76,907	(318,736)	35,185	335,511
General Provisions	1,543,820	-	(889,012)	262,113	916,921
TOTAL	2,085,975	76,907	(1,207,748)	297,298	1,252,432

^(*) Special and general provisions for non-cash loans classified as non-performing loans are included in the opening and closing balances.

m. Risks Included in Cyclical Capital Buffer Calculation:

None.

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT:

Risk Management Approach and Risk Weighted Amounts

a. Risk Management Approach of the Bank:

1. The way risk profile of the Bank is determined by business model and its interaction and risk appetite:

The Bank prepares its business strategy including medium and long term growth objectives and makes an annual revision through reviewing. The Bank reviews its business strategy annually in a periodic manner and aforementioned business strategies are reviewed ad hoc and more frequently and can be revised if it is required by economic developments and market conditions. Risk appetite of the Bank is designated in full compliance with its business strategy and main risks, which shall be taken due to main components of main activity area and business strategy of the Bank, comprise main inputs of risk appetite determined by Board of Directors.

2. Risk management structure: Responsibilities assigned within the body of the Bank:

Board of Directors is responsible for developing a risk appetite in compliance with business strategy of the Bank and establishing a risk management system in line with risk appetite. Board of Directors carries out activities such as definition, monitoring, reporting of the risk and developing risk mitigating measures through Audit Committee, Board of Directors Risk Committee, Risk Coordination Committee, Assets and Liabilities Committee (ALCO) and Risk Management Group, Internal Control Department, Directorate of Supervisory Board and Compliance Departments.

Audit Committee controls whether provisions included in legislation related risk management and intragroup and implementation procedures approved by the Board of Directors are applied or not and makes recommendations to board of directors regarding measures which should be taken. It also evaluates whether there are method, instrument and implementations procedures required for identification, measurement, monitoring and controlling of Group's risks or not.

^(**) Other adjustments column includes the exchange differences of the foreign currency provisions.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

2. Risk management structure: Responsibilities assigned within the body of the Bank (Continued):

Board Risk Committee is responsible for the development of risk management systems in line with business strategy and risk appetite of the Bank, presentation of amendment recommendations related to risk management policies to Board of Directors and establishment of required method, instrument and implementation procedures in order to ensure identification, measurement, monitoring and reporting of risks by non-executive independent departments.

ALCO is responsible to monitor and manage structural asset-liability non-compliance of the Bank together with the monitoring and controlling of liquidity and exchange risks through holding meetings on a weekly basis.

Risk Management Group, which carries out its activities independent from executive functions, consist of Credit Risk and Modelling Unit, Market Risk Unit and Operational Risk Unit which operate under the Credit and Market Risk Unit. The Credit Risk and Modelling Unit is responsible for defining, measuring, monitoring and reporting of outputs with respect to risks exposed by the Bank and its partners which are subject to consolidation and sharing of solution recommendations for risk mitigation with related departments. Credit risk appetite limits, which are approved by Board of Directors, are monitored in specific periods and results are reported to Board of Directors and senior management. The unit gives support to credit risk analysis through stress tests, reverse stress tests and scenario analysis. The department is also responsible for monitoring the results of internal rating systems and TFRS 9 models, conducting validation and calibration works.

Market Risk Unit is responsible for defining, measuring, monitoring and reporting of outputs with respect to risks exposed by the Bank and its partners which are subject to consolidation, The Unit is also responsible to monitor and report limits specified related to treasury risk parameters and liquidity risk, Limit-risk follow-up regarding counterparty credit risk, stress tests and scenario analysis are also under the responsibility of the unit in question.

Operational Risk Unit carries out definition, measurement, assessment, controlling, mitigation, monitoring and reporting activities of operational risks. Internal Audit is responsible for the evaluation of operational risk management framework with its all aspects in an independent manner. The aforementioned evaluation includes both activities of business units and also activities of Operational Risk Management.

Internal Control Center carries out activities at secondary control level in order to monitor and report risks and develop measures reducing risks with executive departments. Directorate of Supervisory Board carries out required intra-company audits in order to reduce risks exposed by the Bank to a minimum level.

Compliance Department carries out the function to monitor legislative amendments and validity and effective date of regulations and timely informing of related parties with respect to aforementioned issues. Regulations, which are directly or indirectly related to risks exposed by Bank are shared with both executive and non-executive departments such as Risk Management Group.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

3. Channels which are used to extend and apply risk culture in the Bank:

Risk Management application is developed on Intranet platform for the purpose of increasing awareness of employees in order to extend risk culture within the body of the Bank. Through this application, trainings and documents increasing awareness are shared with employees. Online trainings, related to risk management developed in order to raise awareness of employees, are shared with employees via remote training platform. Risk point of views of employees are supported through in-class trainings, if required.

Information on risk position of the Bank, expected and unexpected loss estimations, impacts of negative conditions on balance sheet of the Bank and realization levels of risk appetite limits determined by Board of Directors is shared with Board of Directors, related committees and senior management by Risk Management Group through reports issued. If there exists an overflow on the risk appetite limits, related departments are informed in order to ensure taking of pre-determined measures and results are monitored by Risk Management Group.

4. Main components and scope of Risk measurement systems:

Rating is used for corporate and commercial customers while score card and decision tree is used for retail loans in the Bank in order to measure loan risk. Internal rating systems are designated in the framework of business strategy, risk appetite, regulations of authorities with respect to rating systems and internal policies and their performances are periodically monitored by Risk Management Group and results are reported to Board of Directors and senior management. On the other hand, validations and calibrations of rating models are executed/coordinated by Credit Risk and Modelling Unit. The Bank has information systems enabling reporting according to sector, segment, branch, exchange rate, maturity, internal rating grade and risk class of credit portfolio. Risk appetite limits determined in the Loan Risk Policy are monitored on a monthly basis and conclusions reported to Board of Directors and senior management.

The Bank determines internal limits which are revised in the framework of business model, strategy and risk appetite of the Bank reviewed at least on an annual basis for exchange rate, interest, counterparty and liquidity risk which may be exposed. All limits are approved by Board of Directors and monitored in an effective manner by Board of Directors with early warning levels.

Basic Indicator Approach is used in order to determine capital requirement required for operational risk in accordance with legislations of BRSA. The Bank records operational risk events in the operational risk database and performs self-evaluation studies in order to raise awareness in operational risks, determine current operational risks and reduce possible negative impacts of such risks to minimum.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

5. Disclosures on risk reporting processes provided to Board of Directors and senior management:

Risk Management Group reports results of analysis related to risks such as credit, liquidity and operational to Board of Directors, Audit Committee, Board Risk Committee, Risk Coordination Committee, ALCO and senior management. Reporting is made to Risk Coordination Committee and Board of Directors on a monthly basis while it is made to Audit Committee and Board of Directors Risk Committee on a quarterly basis.

Results of concentration and credit risk stress test based on sector, segment, maturity, collateral, currency, internal rating and credit risk stress test and TFRS 9 calculation results; structural interest rate risk sourcing from banking accounts, details related to derivatives, liquidity analysis, stress tests made related to counterparty credit risk, deposit concentration, realizations related to risk appetite limits of market and liquidity; historical developments of operational risks based on loss categories and their distribution based on Bank and subsidiaries are included in aforementioned reports.

6. Disclosures on stress test:

The Bank makes stress tests for risk categories of credit, market, liquidity and operational risk both in scope of Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) and also as periodical internal and results are shared with Board of Directors, senior management and audit authority, if required.

The Bank considers scenarios announced by BRSA and pre-determined negative and extremely negative scenarios for stress tests made in scope of ICAAP. Scenarios are determined through taking macro-economic variables, business strategy and risk appetite of the Bank and negative past conditions into account. In scope of ICAAP, both particular and also total stress tests are made based on significant risk types.

Internal periodic stress tests are made in the framework of scenarios determined internally in accordance with portfolio, business strategy, risk appetite and retrospective estimations of the Bank. The Bank prepares its internal periodic stress tests through benefiting from sensitivity analysis, stress test, reverse stress test and scenarios analysis instruments. Credit risk stress tests include scenarios such as depreciation of Turkish Lira, increase in overdue receivables and decrease in real estate values. On the other hand, reverse stress tests towards risk appetite limits through scenario analysis related to concentration index are periodically made. Scenario analyzes are carried out regarding the impact of fluctuations in macroeconomic indicators on the expected loss provision, and the results are shared with the senior management.

Impact of each shocks on profitability and capital is measured in stress tests made in scope of Market Risk. Risk factors, for which a shock is applied, are exchange rates, interests and prices of shares. Foreign exchange position gain/loss sourcing from sudden exchange and interest movements, banking activities, impact of Interbank transactions and Commercial Funding on capital, bond, derivative and share portfolio gain/loss are calculated in stress tests.

Impact of exchange, volatility and interest rate shocks on derivative portfolio specific for customer is reviewed in scope of Counterparty Credit Risk stress tests and results are discussed in related committees.

In scope of operational risk tests, loss estimation is made through statistical methods via taking historical loss data into account and its effect on capital requirement is reviewed.

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INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

7. Risk management, hedging and mitigation strategies and process of the group sourcing from its business model and Monitoring processes of continuing effects of protection and mitigation:

The Bank includes collaterals in Communique on Credit Risk Mitigation Techniques to credit risk mitigation with respect to capital requirements calculations and those collaterals are used in calculations over their consideration rates in the aforementioned communique. The operational conditions mentioned in the Communique should be met in order to be able to include collaterals in credit risk mitigation.

Determination of actions towards mitigation through assessing risks exposed in current processes, key risk indicators and loss events, use of support services and pre-evaluation studies of implementation procedures and policies of new products are carried out in order to mitigate risk which are exposed or shall be exposed in operational risk management, Insurances towards risk mitigation are made. Risk mitigation exposed due to a distruption is aimed to be reduced through Business Continuity Plan approved by Board of Directors ensuring the continuity of operations in reasonable periods. In this scope, Business Continuity Plan is periodically tested and required updates are made.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

Overview of Risk-Weighted Amounts

Notes and explanations in this section have been prepared in accordance with the Communiqué on Disclosures about Risk Management to Be Announced to Public by Banks that have been published in Official Gazette No. 29511 on 23 October 2015 and became effective as of 31 March 2016. The following tables, which must be submitted quarterly in accordance with the relevant communiqué, were not presented on 31 December 2024 since the standard approach was used in the Bank's capital adequacy calculation,

- RWA flow statements of credit risk exposures under IRB
- RWA flow statements of CCR exposures under the Internal Model Method (IMM)
- RWA flow statements of market risk exposures under an IMA

In accordance with the Board Decision dated 28 April 2022 and numbered 10188, a 200% risk weight has been applied to commercial TL cash loans to be extended as of 1 May 2022 (excluding loans exempted as per the decision). According to the Board Decision No. 11038 dated 19 December 2024, the 200% weight applied to TL cash commercial loans has been discontinued.

With the Board Decision of 23 June 2022 and numbered 10248, it has been decided that a 500% risk weight will be applied to cash commercial loans in TL and FC to be provided to domestic residents who engage in derivative transactions with foreign residents outside banks and financial institutions, after the date of the said decision. In addition, some regulations have been introduced regarding the use of credit by companies subject to independent auditing. In this context, if companies fail to notify their documents to the Bank which are in accordance with the board's decision or give information contrary to the statement, new cash trade loans in TL should not be extended to the relevant companies and a 500% risk weight should be applied to all cash trade loans extended on or after 30 June 2022.

Within the framework of the "Regulation Amending the Regulation on the Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy of Banks" published in the Official Gazette dated 4 February 2022 and numbered 31740; the counterparty credit risk of derivative transactions followed in banking accounts and purchasing accounts and not executed with a central counterparty is calculated with the Standard Approach method as of 1 July 2022, as explained in Appendix 2 of the Regulation. In the calculations, collaterals and special netting agreements are taken into account to the extent permitted by the method explained in Appendix-2. Similarly, the credit valuation adjustment for derivative transactions, margin securities, repo and reverse repo transactions that are not made with a central counterparty is calculated on the basis of the updated Regulation Appendix - 2 rule set. When calculating the central counterparty capital requirement for derivative products made with a central counterparty, the updated Regulation Appendix - 4 rule set is taken as the basis.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

Overview of Risk Weighted Amounts (Continued):

		Risk Weighte	ed Amounts	Minimum Capital Liability
		Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period
		31 December 2024	31 December 2023	31 December 2024
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk) (CCR)	61,542,010	50,836,882	4,923,361
2	Standardized approach (SA)	61,542,010	50,836,882	4,923,361
3	Internal rating-based (IRB) approach	-	-	-
4	Counterparty credit risk	1,645,655	3,072,561	131,652
5	Standardized approach for counterparty credit risk (SACCR)	1,645,655	3,072,561	131,652
6	Internal Model method (IMM)	-	-	-
7	Basic risk weight approach to internal models equity position in the banking account	_	_	_
8	Investments made in collective investment companies – look– through approach	-	_	-
	Investments made in collective investment companies – mandate-			
9	based approach	-	-	_
	Investments made in collective investment companies – 1250%			
10	weighted risk approach	-	-	-
11	Settlement risk	-	-	-
12	Securitization positions in banking accounts	-	-	-
13	IRB ratings-based approach (RBA)	-	-	-
14	IRB supervisory formula approach (SFA)	-	-	-
15	SA/simplified supervisory Formula Approach (SSFA)	-	-	-
16	Market risk	4,561,768	2,439,032	364,941
17	Standardized approach (SA)	4,561,768	2,439,032	364,941
18	Internal model approaches (IMM)	-	-	-
19	Operational risk	4,747,689	2,571,776	379,815
20	Basic indicator approach	4,747,689	2,571,776	379,815
21	Standard approach	-	-	-
22	Advanced measurement approach	-	-	-
	The amount of the discount threshold under the equity (subject to a			
23	250% risk weight)	-	-	-
24	Floor adjustments	-	-	-
25	Total (1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24)	72,497,122	58,920,251	5,799,769

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

c. Relations between Financial Tables and Risk Amounts

1. Differences and Matchmaking Between Accounting Consolidation and Legal Consolidation

31 December 2024	Carrying values of items in accordance with TAS						
	(*) Valued amount according to TAS within legal consolidation	Subject to credit risk	Subject to counterparty credit risk	Subject to the Securitisation framework	Subject to market risk	Not subject to capital requirements or subject to deduction from capital	
Assets	10 001 520	0.407.400					
Cash and the central bank (net)	10,891,539	9,407,499	-	-	-	-	
Financial assets at fair value through profit	2.007.062		1 002 072		1.649.647	244 242	
or loss (net) Financial assets classified at fair value	2,997,062	-	1,003,072	-	1,049,04/	344,343	
through profit or loss (net)							
Banks (net)	2,118,418	1,246,431	-	-	-	-	
Money market receivables (net)	200,268	1,240,431	200,268	-	-	-	
Financial assets at fair value through other	200,208		200,208	-	-	-	
comprehensive income (net)	10,592,213	10,592,213	2,663,631				
Loans and receivables (net)	60,962,369	60,962,369	2,003,031	-			
Factoring receivables (net)	42,172		-	-	-	-	
Other financial assets measured at amortized	42,172	42,172	-	-	-	-	
cost (net)	14,374,054	14,374,054	5,884,579				
Associates (net)	14,374,034	14,374,034		-	-	-	
Subsidiaries (net)	3,822,776	3,822,776	-	-	-	-	
	3,822,770	3,822,776	-	-	-	-	
Joint ventures (net)	-		-	-	-	-	
Lease receivables (net)	-		-	-	-	-	
Derivative financial assets held for hedging	1 427 222		1 427 222				
(net)	1,437,332	- 525 600	1,437,332	-	-	24.271	
Tangible assets (net)	550,069	525,698	-	-	-	24,371	
Intangible assets (net)	335,209		-	-	-	335,209	
Investment properties (net)	- 206 224		-	-	-	-	
Tax asset (net)	306,234	306,234	-	-	-	-	
Assets held for resale and related to	1 571 475	1 571 475					
discontinued operations (net)	1,571,475	1,571,475 3,193,326	-	-	-	-	
Other assets (net)	3,270,599		- 11 100 003	-	1 (40 (45	- - 	
Total assets	113,471,789	106,044,247	11,188,882	-	1,649,647	703,923	
Liabilities	50 740 122					50.740.122	
Deposits	52,742,133		-	-	-	52,742,133	
Derivative financial liabilities held for	1 175 (20		1,130,833		936.325	44,805	
trading	1,175,638		1,130,833	-	930,323		
Funds borrowed Payables to money markets	28,604,226 6,718,486		6,556,486	-	-	28,604,226 162,000	
Marketable securities issued	0,/18,480	-		-	-	102,000	
Funds	-	-		-	-	-	
	2 250 600		-	-	-	2.250,000	
Miscellaneous payables	2,350,699		-	-	-	2,350,699	
Other foreign sources	1,406,410 0		-	-	-	1,406,410	
Factoring payables				-		127.705	
Lease payables Derivative financial liabilities held for	137,795	-		-	-	137,795	
	1 001 501					1 001 501	
hedging Provisions	1,001,581 1,231,648	-	-	-	-	1,001,581 1,231,648	
Tax liability	1,231,648	-		-	-	1,231,048	
	391,0//		-	-	-	391,0//	
Liabilities for tangible assets held for sale and							
related to discontinued operations (net)	7 110 107			-	-	7 110 127	
Subordinated loans	7,118,127	-	-	-	-	7,118,127	
Shareholder's equity Total liabilities	10,393,969 113,471,789	-	7,687,319		936,325	10,393,969 105,784,470	

^(*) On the table above, amounts of allocated TFRS 9 loss provisions in the current period are presented by netting in the related balance sheet entries.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

- c. Relations between Financial Tables and Risk Amounts (Continued):
 - 1. Differences and Matchmaking Between Accounting Consolidation and Legal Consolidation (Continued):

31 December 2023	Carrying values of items in accordance with TAS						
	(*) Valued amount according to TAS within legal consolidation	Subject to credit risk	Subject to counterparty credit risk	Subject to the Securitisation framework	Subject to market risk	Not subject to capital requirements or subject to deduction from capital	
Assets	10.615.056	0.274.256					
Cash and the central bank (net)	10,615,856	8,274,256	-	-		-	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (net)	2,326,886		1,510,692		39,537		
Financial assets classified at fair value	2,320,880	-	1,310,692	-	39,337	-	
through profit or loss (net)							
Banks (net)	1,203,956	749.816			<u>-</u>	_	
Money market receivables (net)	1,203,730	747,010					
Financial assets at fair value through other							
comprehensive income (net)	3.009.723	3,009,723	1,314,677	_	_	_	
Loans and receivables (net)	45,045,288	38,079,851	1,514,077	-			
Factoring receivables (net)	12,889	12,889	_	-		_	
Other financial assets measured at amortized	12,007	12,007					
cost (net)	9,665,234	9,665,234	4,701,879	_	-	_	
Associates (net)		- 2,000,20	1,701,072	-	-	-	
Subsidiaries (net)	2,388,445	2,388,445	-	-	-		
Joint ventures (net)			-	-	-		
Lease receivables (net)	_	-	-	-	-		
Derivative financial assets held for hedging							
(net)	2,541,045	_	2,541,045	-	-	_	
Tangible assets (net)	455,412	440,496	-2525	-	-	14,916	
Intangible assets (net)	150,123	-	-	-	-	150,123	
Investment properties (net)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Tax asset (net)	32,976	32,976	-	-	-	-	
Assets held for resale and related to							
discontinued operations (net)	1,805,136	1,805,136	-	-	-	-	
Other assets (net)	1,188,578	1,125,025	-	-	-	-	
Total assets	80,441,547	65,583,847	10,068,293	-	39,537	165,039	
Liabilities							
Deposits	40,678,765	-	-	-	-	40,678,765	
Derivative financial liabilities held for							
trading	1,400,172	-	1,395,232	-	34,806	4,940	
Funds borrowed	12,638,327	-	-	-	-	12,638,327	
Payables to money markets	4,428,429	-	4,318,429	-	-	110,000	
Marketable securities issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Funds	-	-	-	-		-	
Miscellaneous payables	3,870,545	-	-	-		3,870,545	
Other foreign sources	754,416	-	-	-		754,416	
Factoring payables	-	-	-	-		-	
Lease payables	93,936	-	-	-		93,936	
Derivative financial liabilities held for							
hedging	932,699	-	-	-		932,699	
Provisions	1,693,213	-	-	-		1,693,213	
Tax liability	618,263	-	-	-		618,263	
Liabilities for tangible assets held for sale and		ļ					
related to discontinued operations (net)		-	-	-		-	
Subordinated loans	5,943,105	-	-	-	-	5,943,105	
Shareholder's equity	7,389,677	-		-		7,389,677	
Total liabilities	80,441,547	-	5,713,661	-	34,806	74,727,886	

^(*) On the table above, amounts of allocated TFRS 9 loss provisions in the current period are presented by netting in the related balance sheet entries.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

c. Relations between Financial Tables and Risk Amounts (Continued):

2. Main Sources of Differences between Amounts valued in accordance with TAS and Risk Exposures

	Laposures					
	31 December 2024	Total	Subject to credit risk	Subject to securitisation	Subject to counterparty credit risk	Subject to market risk
	Asset carrying value amount under scope of regulatory					
1	consolidation (as in template B1)	118,882,776	106,044,247	-	11,188,882	1,649,647
	Liabilities carrying value amount under regulatory scope of					
2	consolidation (as in template B1)	(8,623,644)	-	-	(7,687,319)	(936,325)
3	Total net amount under regulatory scope of consolidation	110,259,132	106,044,247	-	3,501,563	713,322
4	Off-Balance sheet amounts	20,347,812	20,347,812	-	-	-
5	Differences in valuations	-	-	-	-	-
	Differences due to different netting rules (other than					
6	those already included in row 2)	-	-	-	-	-
7	Differences due to consideration of provisions	-	-	-	-	-
8	Differences resulted from the BRSA's applications	(11,399,730)	(13,375,949)	-	(1,872,227)	3,848,446
9	Differences Due to Risk Reduction	-	-	-	-	-
10	Risk amounts	119,207,214	113,016,110	-	1,629,336	4,561,768

	31 December 2023	Total	Subject to credit risk	Subject to securitisation	Subject to counterparty credit risk	Subject to market risk
	Asset carrying value amount under scope of regulatory					
1	consolidation (as in template B1)	75,691,677	65,583,847	-	10,068,293	39,537
	Liabilities carrying value amount under regulatory scope of					
2	consolidation (as in template B1)	(5,748,467)	-	-	(5,713,661)	(34,806)
3	Total net amount under regulatory scope of consolidation	69,943,210	65,583,847	-	4,354,632	4,731
4	Off-Balance sheet amounts	12,939,346	12,939,346	-	-	-
5	Differences in valuations	-	-	-	-	-
	Differences due to different netting rules (other than					
6	those already included in row 2)	-	-	-	-	-
7	Differences due to consideration of provisions	-	-	-	-	-
8	Differences resulted from the BRSA's applications	5,836,503	5,508,156	-	(2,105,953)	2,434,300
9	Differences Due to Risk Reduction	-	-	-	-	-
10	Risk amounts	88,719,060	84,031,349	-	2,248,679	2,439,032

3. Disclosures on Differences between Amounts valued in accordance with TAS and Risk Exposures

There exist no difference between accounting and legal consolidation scopes of the Bank.

Significant differences between amounts valued in accordance with TAS and Risk exposures source from securities and derivatives. Securities mentioned in repo transaction in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are designated in Money Markets Debts item. For derivative transactions, the Bank has foreign exchange swap and interest swap products which are monitored under trading accounts and made for structural interest rate risk and liquidity risk management. Therefore, those products should not be considered in scope of market risk although they are monitored under trading accounts in accordance with TAS.

Valuation methodologies, including disclosure on using of market value and model value methodologies, performs valuation of financial assets of the Bank tracked under trading accounts on a daily basis. Market prices, obtained from independent data providers, are kept in treasury system and valuations are made systemically.

Market values of products such as forward exchange, foreign exchange swaps and interest swaps traded in

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

c. Relations between Financial Tables and Risk Amounts (Continued):

3. Disclosures on Differences between Amounts valued in accordance with TAS and Risk Exposures (Continued):

over the counter markets are calculated based on discounting of cash flows over market interest rates. Globally accepted valuation methodologies are used for option products.

The Bank uses weighted average prices for securities trades in BIST for TL securities portfolio while it uses prices in nature of indicator announced by Central Bank for securities not traded on BIST. Market average prices, obtained from independent data providers, are used for foreign currency securities.

Description of independent price approval processes: The Bank obtains market prices, which shall be used in valuation, from independent data providers and manages through checkpoints established independent from risk generating unit/departments. Valuation prices are created by collecting data in the treasury system for risk factors (such as interest rate, exchange rate, volatility, bond prices) at a predetermined time each day. The aforementioned data is formed following an inquiry executed by Information Technologies without the interruption of any users, Prices, which shall be used in valuations, are controlled by Market Risk Department on a daily basis.

Besides, Market Risk Department controls and documents yield curves methodologically, valuation methods and accuracy of fair value calculations periodically.

Processes for valuations adjustments or differences: The Bank does not make valuation adjustment since financial assets recognized at fair value are traded on an active market.

d. Credit Risk Disclosures

1. General Qualitative Information on Credit Risk:

i. Conversion of Bank's business model to components of credit risk profile:

The Bank has forward-looking measurement and forecast instruments which are sensitive to risk and including appropriate information technology applications and management information systems in order to take expected or unexpected losses into account in all types of risk under both normal and also negative market conditions. The conversion of business model to components in risk profile is digitized through aforementioned instruments. The Bank especially uses stress test and scenario analysis in order to measure effects of negative conditions on bank's portfolio and business strategy and risk appetite of the Bank is considered while determining parameters for respective analysis.

ii. Criteria and approaches used in determining the credit risk policy and credit risk limits:

The Bank determines its short, medium and long term credit strategy in line with its business strategy and risk appetite and implement operations according to the criteria detailed in credit policies and credit risk policies in order to minimize expected and unexpected losses to be incurred due to load activites. The loan policies determine the procedures for the Bank's lending, monitoring, collection, administrative and legal follow-up processes, based on the principle of prudence and applicability. In other respect, with the credit risk policy, the general framework of the credit risk operations demanded by the legal authoritires and/or performed effectively manage the credit risk internally is drawn. Therefore, the Credit Risk Policy, which sets the highest level framework of the Bank's credit risk operations, and the credit risk appetite limits detailed in this document are determined on the basis of legal requirements, the Bank's business strategy,

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

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INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

- d. Credit Risks Disclosures (Continued):
 - 1. General Qualitative Information on Credit Risk (Continued):
 - ii. Criteria and approaches used in determining the credit risk policy and credit risk limits (Continued):

credit strategy, risk appetite and credit policies are reviewed at least once a year and if necessary are being updated.

While determining the credit risk appetite limits, the economic conjuncture, the Bank's business strategy, risk appetite and retroactive portfolio realizations are taken into considerations. In other respect, methods such as stress test and reverse stress test are used in the process of determining limit levels.

iii. Structure and organization of credit risk management and control function

All of the process related to direct or indirect credit allocation, extension, monitoring and operation of the Bank in favour of individuals or legal entities are reviewed in scope of credit risk management. In this context, first level of controls are detailed in credit policies and procedures. Internal rating systems are benefited as well as credit allocation processes in order to measure creditability of customers.

Credit risk studies in scope of capital adequacy are carried out by Credit Risk and Modelling Unit within the body of Risk Management Group in the framework of Credit Risk Policy, Credit Risk Policy includes activities related to credit risk management, credit risk management organization, related parties and their responsibilities and duties, main principles, implementations, limits and reporting determine in credit risk management.

Duties and responsibilities of Risk Management Group Credit Risk and Modelling Unit with respect to credit risk management are as follows:

- To make principal amount calculations subject to legal credit risk in the framework of determined rules by related regulations of BRSA and to monitor up-to-dateness of application used in this scope,
- To report results of analysis related to risk definition, measurement, analysis, monitoring and portfolio subject to in/off balance sheet credit risks to senior management in scope of Credit Risk Policy approved by Board of Directors and related application principles,
- To support development of rating/score card models for corporate, commercial and retail credits, to monitor their performances and to participate/coordinate their validation and calibration studies,
- To perform credit risk stress test, reverse stress test and scenario analysis determined through related regulations of BRSA and approved by Board of Directors and to share respective results with Risk Coordination Committee, senior management, Audit Committee, Board of Directors Risk Committee and Board of Directors,
- To make probability of default (PD), loss given default (LGD) and residual risk calculations based on internal rating models and share opinion and recommendations for the establishment of infra-structure for aforementioned calculations,
- To analyse credits portfolio through applying stress test, reverse stress test and scenario analysis, if required, for credit risk management,
- To monitor, report risk appetite limits determined in Credit Risk Policy periodically and share opinion and recommendations in revision of risk appetite limits,
- To share recommendations developed for stress test and scenario analysis in order to be presented to Board of Directors, with Risk Coordination Committee and Risk Committee.
- To monitor the performance of TFRS 9 models, to perform and/or to coordinate model revision, validation and calibration works.

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

- d. Credit Risks Disclosures (Continued):
- 1. General Qualitative Information on Credit Risk (Continued):
- iv. Relation between credit risk management, risk control, legal compliance and internal audit functions

Three lines control mechanism is established in order manage credit risk and to reduce expected and unexpected losses to a minimum level at the Bank. The first line of controls are performed by executive units and include controls in entering into credit relation with customers having high level of creditability, credit allocation, crediting, repayment and monitoring phases. The second line of controls include activities performed by Risk Management Group and Internal Control Department and consist of definition, measurement, monitoring, reporting of risks and development of measures which shall reduce credit risk with executive departments. The third line of controls are performed by Supervisory Board. Directorate of Supervisory Board carries out required intra-company audits in order to reduce risks exposed by the Bank to a minimum level.

Compliance Department carries out the function to monitor legislative amendments and validity and effective date of regulations and timely informing of related parties with respect to aforementioned issues. Regulations, which are directly or indirectly related to risks exposed by Bank are shared with both executive and non-executive departments such as Risk Management Group.

Internal Audit function is executed by Directorate of Supervisory Board at the Bank. In this context, evaluations with respect to credit risk are carried out by Directorate of Supervisory Board through taking risks exposed by the Bank and related controls into account in the framework of annual audit plans. Assurance is provided on effectiveness and sufficiency of internal control and risk management strategies related to credit risk activity field executed towards strategies and objectives of the Bank through credit risk management in scope of headquarters unit and process audits and branch audits including preferred of Directorate of Supervisory Board.

Managers of Risk Management Group, Internal Control Department, Compliance Department and Directorate of Supervisory Board inform members of Committee through holding Risk Coordination Committee on a monthly basis and Audit Committee and Board of Directors Risk Committee meetings held on quarterly basis. Issues determined in the framework of second and third lines of controls are examined in meetings for credit risk management and risk mitigation measures are reviewed. Those departments report to Board of Directors through Audit Committee and Board of Directors Risk Committee.

v. Scope and main content of reporting to senior management and board members regarding credit risk management function and exposure to credit risk

Credit risk exposed by the Bank is monitored periodically by Risk Management Group Credit Risk and Modelling Unit and results are shared with senior managers of ALCO, credit marketing and allocation on a weekly basis, with Board of Directors and Risk Coordination Committee on a monthly basis and with Board of Directors Risk Committee on a quarterly basis. The scope and main content of aforementioned reports consist of sector, segment, risk classes, internal rating grades, collateral concentration of credit portfolio; close monitoring and legal proceedings portfolios, ageing analysis, probability of default estimations calculated based on rating and scoring systems, foreign currency and maturity concentrations, capital adequacy, periodical comparisons and result of stress test and scenarios analysis.

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

d. Credit Risks Disclosures (Continued):

2. Credit Quality of Assets:

	Current Period		ated in accordance with ments prepared according nsolidation	Provisions/ depreciation and impairment	Net value
		Defaulted exposures	Non-defaulted exposures		
1	Loans	1,035,716	60,814,292	844,997	61,005,011
2	Debt instruments	-	27,052,774	100,662	26,952,112
3	Off-balance sheet receivables	15,814	22,854,052	40,117	22,829,749
4	Total	1,051,530	110,721,118	985,776	110,786,872

	Prior Period	The gross amount evalu TAS in the financial states to legal cor	nents prepared according	Provisions/ depreciation and impairment	Net value
		Temerrüt etmiş	Temerrüt etmemiş		
1	Loans	890,417	45,365,828	1,198,021	45,058,224
2	Debt instruments	-	13,578,126	94,697	13,483,429
3	Off-balance sheet receivables	42,932	15,237,539	48,438	15,232,033
4	Total	933,349	74,181,493	1,341,156	73,773,686

3. Changes in Stock of Defaulted Loans and Debt Securities:

	Current Period	
1	Defaulted loans and debt securities at the end of the previous reporting period	933,349
2	Loans and debt securities that have defaulted since the last reporting period	252,071
3	Returned to non-defaulted status	-
4	Amounts written off (-)	356
5	Other changes	(133,534)
6	Defaulted loans and debt securities at the end of the reporting period (1+2-3-4±5)	1,051,530

	Prior Period	
1	Defaulted loans and debt securities at the end of the previous reporting period	1,730,121
2	Loans and debt securities that have defaulted since the last reporting period	184,260
3	Returned to non-defaulted status	-
4	Amounts written off (-)	193,612
5	Other changes	(787,420)
6	Defaulted loans and debt securities at the end of the reporting period (1+2-3-4±5)	933,349

4. Additional Disclosures Related to Credit Quality of Assets:

i. Scope and descriptions of "overdue" receivables and "provisioned" receivables which are used for accounting and differences between descriptions of "overdue" and "provisioned", if available:

Receivables having a delay of more than 90 days are defined as "overdue receivables". There is no difference between "overdue receivable" and "provisioned" definitions since provisions are allocated for the whole overdue receivables.

ii. Part of overdue receivables (more than 90 days) which are not evaluated as "provisioned" and reasons for this application:

None.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

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INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

- d. Credit Risks Disclosures (Continued):
- 4. Additional Disclosures Related to Credit Quality of Assets (Continued):
- iii. Descriptions of methods used while determining provision amounts:

As of 1 January 2018, in accordance with the Communiqué related to "Procedures and Principals regarding Classification of Loans and Allowances Allocated for Such Loans" published in the Official Gazette no, 29750 dated 22 June 2016, the Bank has started to allocate a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets and loans measured at amortized cost in accordance with TFRS 9, In this context, as of 31 December 2017, the credit loss allowance method within the framework of the BRSA's related legislation has been changed to the loss allowance for expected credit losses model with the implementation of TFRS 9, The predictions of expected credit loss forecasts include credible information which is objective, probability-weighted, supportable about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions.

iv. Descriptions of restructured receivables:

Loans and other receivables can be restructured, through providing additional loan, if required, or linked to a repayment schedule in order to provide collection of receivable of the Bank and provide liquidity capacity to debtor if the non-fulfillment of liabilities related to credits and other receivables is sourcing from temporary liquidity deficiency.

v. Breakdown of receivables according to geographical regions, sector and residual maturity:

Separation of receivables according to geographical area (Cash and non-cash loans and non-performing loans):

		31 December 2024	31 December 2023
1	Domestic	81,222,716	59,526,633
2	European Union Countries	755,423	148,132
3	OECD Countries (*)	157,944	7,211
4	Off-shore Banking Regions	-	-
5	USA, Canada	-	-
6	Other Countries	7,056	44,004
7	Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities	-	-
8	Unallocated Assets / Liabilities	-	-
9	Total	82,143,139	59,725,980

^(*) Includes OECD countries other than EU countries, USA and Canada.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

- d. Credit Risks Disclosures (Continued):
 - 4. Additional Disclosures Related to Credit Quality of Assets (Continued):
 - v. Breakdown of receivables according to geographical regions, sector and residual maturity (Continued):

Breakdown of receivables by sector (Cash and non-cash loans and non-performing loans):

		31 December 2024	31 December 2023
1	Agriculture	574,302	24,006
2	Farming and Stockbreeding	467,687	15,474
3	Forestry	106,615	-
4	Fishery	-	8,532
5	Manufacturing	15,532,528	3,462,063
6	Mining and Quarrying	106,680	10,792
7	Production	13,169,304	2,562,413
8	Electricity, Gas and Water	2,256,544	888,858
9	Construction	4,707,079	2,242,897
10	Services	54,243,181	49,371,470
11	Wholesale and Retail Trade	31,585,015	43,826,863
12	Accommodation and Dining	5,362,155	1,782,780
13	Transportation and Telecom	349,411	271,377
14	Financial Institutions	12,847,429	3,320,210
15	Real Estate and Rental Services	3,899,825	170,238
16	Professional Services	3	2
17	Educational Services	1,963	-
18	Health and Social Services	197,380	-
19	Other	7,086,049	4,625,544
20	Total	82,143,139	59,725,980

Separation of receivables according to remaining maturity (Cash and non-cash loans and non-performing loans):

				1-5	5 Years and		
	1 Month	1-3 Month	3-12 Month	Year	Over	Undistributable	Total
31 December 2024							
Cash and Non-cash Loans	18,689,079	13,085,638	27,444,066	19,041,128	3,254,789	628,439	82,143,139
31 December 2023							
Cash and Non-cash Loans	14,923,911	9,115,636	17,970,395	13,709,891	3,413,552	592,595	59,725,980

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

- d. Credit Risks Disclosures (Continued):
- 4. Additional Disclosures Related to Credit Quality of Assets (Continued):
- vi. Amounts of receivables provisioned based on the basis of geographical regions and sectors (according to the definition used by the bank in accounting terms) and amount written-off from assets through related provisions:

Geographical and sectoral breakdowns of impaired and overdue receivables and provisions made for those receivables and value adjustments are in the below table and all amounts included are domestic.

		31 Decemb	ber 2024	31 December	2023
		Non-Performing Loan	Specific Provision	Non-Performing Loan	Specific Provision
1	Agriculture	20	18	8	8
2	Farming and Stockbreeding	15	13	8	8
3	Forestry	-	-	-	-
4	Fishery	5	5	-	-
5	Manufacturing	46,589	35,683	1,451	938
6	Mining and Quarrying	441	423	107	107
	Production	26,207	15,321	1,344	831
8	Electricity, Gas and Water	19,941	19,939	-	-
	Construction	442,262	42,230	145	115
10	Services	396,405	253,804	857,475	284,939
11	Wholesale and Retail Trade	71,535	28,257	855,426	284,239
12	Accommodation and Dining	316,968	221,848	259	4
	Transportation and Telecom	1,507	369	142	142
14	Financial Institutions	12	12	-	-
15	Real Estate and Rental Ser,	1,764	666	1,640	548
	Professional Services	13	10	7	5
17	Educational Services	4,543	2,580	1	1
18	Health and Social Services	63	62	-	-
19	Other	150,440	75,542	31,338	11,823
20	Total	1,035,716	407,277	890,417	297,823

The total provision amount of non-performing loans written off from assets and written off is TL 356 and their sectoral breakdown is as follows: (2023: TL 193,612)

	Written-off	Written-off
	(Accounts)	(Assets)
Agriculture	-	-
Farming and Stockbreeding	-	-
Forestry	-	-
Fishery	-	-
Manufacturing	-	-
Mining and Quarrying	-	-
Production	-	-
Electricity, Gas and Water	-	-
Construction	-	-
Services	-	-
Wholesale and Retail Trade	-	-
Accommodation and Dining	-	-
Transportation and Telecom	-	-
Financial Institutions	-	-
Real Estate and Rental Services	-	-
Professional Services	-	-
Educational Services	-	-
Health and Social Services	-	-
Other	-	356
Total	-	356

The impact of the amounts written off during the period on the conversion rate to overdue receivables under TFRS 9 is 0.01% (31 December 2023: 0.42%).

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

d. Credit Risks Disclosures (Continued):

4. Additional Disclosures Related to Credit Quality of Assets (Continued):

vii. Breakdown of restructured receivables based on being provisioned or not:

Special and general provisions are set aside for restructured receivables within the scope of the "Regulation on the Procedures and Principles Regarding the Classification of Loans and Provisions to be Set aside for These" and TFRS 9, and there is no case of no provision.

e. Credit Risk Mitigation

1. Qualitative Requirements to be Disclosed to the Public Regarding Credit Risk Mitigation Techniques:

Collaterals obtained as guarantees of credits are secondary repayment sources of credits. Therefore, it should be considered that market values of assets and commitments, obtained as collaterals, are measureable and whether they have a second hand market or not. Collaterals accepted by Banks are listed in Corporate Credit Policy and its annexes.

Collaterals, which should be received as a guarantee for each credits and loan to value ratio with respect to those collaterals are determined during the allocation of credits. Related approval authority is authorized to determine a laon to value ratio for each customer and credit. If assets traded on markets having higher level of volatility are received as collaterals, a prudential loan to value rate is determined through considering maturity of the credit and price volatility of the asset.

Short term fluctuations in fair value of assets are not considered in evaluation of collaterals, Regular reviews of collaterals such as property and cheque whose change of value and translation to cash ability can not be monitored simultaneously are made. Market value of properties received as collateral are reviewed in accordance with rules determined by BRSA and internal rules determined in related policies.

Insuring of collaterals against possible losses is preferred, when possible.

In collateralized credit transactions, additional collateral should be received in case of the revaluation of the collateral shows that there is a significant decrease on the collateral and actual loan to value ratio is under the contractural loan to value ratio.

Establishment of type of collateral guarantor in a versatility preventing concentration on collateral providers and geography, is one of the main principles.

The Bank considers collaterals in its calculations for principal amount subject to credit risk in accordance with rules mentioned in Communique on Measurement and Evaluation of Bank's Capital Adequacy and its annexes and Communique on Risk Mitigation Techniques.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

e. Credit Risk Mitigation (Continued):

2. Credit Risk Mitigation Techniques:

	Current Period	Exposures unsecured: amount valued in accordance	Exposures secured by	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by	Exposures secured by financial	financial	Exposures secured by credit	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by credit
	Current Perioa	with TAS	collateral	collateral	guarantees	guarantees	derivatives	derivatives
1	Loans	50,864,511	10,140,500	10,140,500	-	-	-	-
2	Debt securities	26,952,112	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Total	77,816,623	10,140,500	10,140,500	-	-	-	-
4	Of which defaulted	1,035,716	-	-	-	-	-	-

		Exposures unsecured: amount valued in accordance	Exposures secured by	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by	secured by financial	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by financial	credit	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by credit
	Prior Period	with TAS	collateral	collateral	guarantees	guarantees	derivatives	derivatives
1	Loans	38,825,674	6,232,551	6,232,551	-	-	-	-
2	Debt securities	13,483,429	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Total	52,309,103	6,232,551	6,232,551	-	-	-	-
4	Of which defaulted	890,417	-	-	-	-	-	-

f. Credit Risk If the Standard Approach is Used

1. Qualitative Disclosures which shall be made related to Rating Grades used in the calculation of Credit Risk with Standard Approach by Banks

Fitch Grades are used in credit risk standard approach calculations for the determined receivable classifications by the Bank.

Grades of Fitch Credit Rating are taken into consideration for claims on sovereign and claims on banks and other financial institutions.

The CRA rating assigned to a debtor is taken into account for all assets of the debtor, no difference is made for any asset category.

The CRA that is not included in the institution's matching table is not used in the calculation of credit risk-weighted amounts.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

- f. Credit Risk If the Standard Approach is Used (Continued):
 - 2. Standardised Approach Credit Risk Exposure and Credit Risk Mitigation Effects

	Current Period	Exposures befor	e CCF and CRM	Exposures pos	t-CCF and CRM	RWA and RWA density		
	Risk categories	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	Risk weighted amount	Risk weighted amount density	
	Receivables from central							
1	governments or central banks	33,085,434	-	27,189,450	-	40,054	0.1%	
	Receivables from regional							
	governments or local							
2	authorities	4,133,472	1,159	3,201,001	580	1,600,790	50.0%	
	Receivables from							
	administrative units and non-							
3	commercial enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	0.0%	
	Receivables from multilateral		51.240		51.240		0.00/	
4	development banks	-	51,348	-	51,348	-	0.0%	
_	Receivables from						0.00/	
	international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	0.0%	
_	Receivables from banks and institutions	2,648,947	1,506,790	10.022.500	1 226 920	1 070 110	16.5%	
	·			10,033,500	1,336,830	1,879,118		
	Receivables from corporates	28,607,177	17,035,442	34,277,324	11,245,817	38,323,827	84.2%	
8	Retail exposures	5,023,767	1,275,917	5,913,866	385,531	4,821,182	76.5%	
	Receivables secured by	440.000	22.542	102.020	10.000	20.450	25.00/	
9	residential property	110,023	22,642	102,938	10,003	39,478	35.0%	
1.0	Receivables secured by	0.210.502	454 514	0.561.064	166.056	5.006.050	50.50/	
	commercial real estate	9,310,583	454,514	9,561,964	166,956	5,806,850	59.7%	
11	Past-due loans	628,439	-	618,840	-	562,109	90.8%	
10	Higher-risk categories by the						0.00/	
	Agency Board	-	-		-	-	0.0%	
13	Mortgage-backed securities	-	-	-	-	-	0.0%	
	Short-term receivables from							
	banks and intermediary institutions and short-term							
1.4							0.00/	
14	corporate receivables Investments in the nature of	-	-	-	-	-	0.0%	
	collective investment							
15	enterprise						0.0%	
16	Other Receivables	8,920,162	-	8,920,162	_	8,468,602	94.9%	
17	Investments in equities	0,920,102		0,920,102	_	3,400,002	0.0%	
10	Total	92,468,004	20,347,812	99,819,045	13,197,065	61,542,010	54.5%	

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

- f. Credit Risk If the Standard Approach is Used (Continued):
 - 2. Standardised Approach Credit Risk Exposure and Credit Risk Mitigation Effects (Continued):

	Prior Period	Exposures befor	e CCF and CRM	Exposures post	t-CCF and CRM	RWA and R	WA density
	Risk categories	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	Risk weighted amount	Risk weighted amount density
	Receivables from central						
1	governments or central banks	20,431,809	-	20,749,994	-	-	-
2	Receivables from regional governments or local authorities	278,562	-	238,975	-	119,488	50.0%
3	Receivables from administrative units and non- commercial enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Receivables from multilateral						
4	development banks	-	4,413	-	4,413	-	-
5	Receivables from international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	
	Receivables from banks and						
6	institutions	972,873	1,119,921	1,125,467	1,017,811	802,229	37.4%
7	Receivables from corporates	22,132,300	10,857,046	25,616,483	7,147,991	33,493,932	102.2%
8	Retail exposures	3,924,712	600,285	4,243,479	281,517	5,964,048	131.8%
	Receivables secured by						
9	residential property	131,935	15,753	114,973	6,794	41,404	34.0%
	Receivables secured by						
10	commercial real estate	6,768,488	341,928	6,962,931	116,091	4,363,415	61.6%
11	Past-due loans	592,594	-	580,023	-	537,272	92.6%
12	Higher-risk categories by the Agency Board	-	_	_	-	-	_
13	Mortgage-backed securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Short-term receivables from						
	banks and intermediary						
	institutions and short-term						
14	corporate receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Investments in the nature of						
	collective investment						
15	enterprise	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Other Receivables	5,985,844	-	5,985,844	-	5,515,094	92.1%
17	Investments in equities	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Total	61,219,117	12,939,346	65,618,169	8,574,617	50,836,882	68.5%

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

f. Credit Risk If the Standard Approach is Used (Continued):

3. Receivables According to Risk Classes and Risk Weights:

	Current Period											Total credit
	Risk Classes/Risk Weight	0%	10%	20%	Guaranteed by 35% Real Estate Fund	50%	75%	100%	150%	200%	500%	risk exposure amount (after CCF and CRM)
		0%	10%	20%	Estate rund	50%	/5%	100%	150%	200%	500%	CKM)
1	Receivables from central governments or central banks	26,000,102		200,268								27.189.450
1		26,989,182		200,268	-			-		<u>-</u>		27,189,430
2	Receivables from regional governments or local authorities	-	-	-	-	3,201,581	-	-	-	-	-	3,201,581
3	Receivables from public sector entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Receivables from multilateral development banks	51,348	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	51,348
5	Receivables from international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Receivables from banks and institutions	6,466,041	-	1,473,725	-	2,214,559	-	23,760	-	-	-	10,178,085
7	Corporates receivables	1,424,283	-	3,119,456	-	8,036,821	-	34,134,831	20	-	-	46,715,411
8	Retail receivables	12,898	-	3,819	-	10,000	6,124,752	-	147,903	-	-	6,299,372
9	Receivables secured by residential property	147	-	-	112,794	-	-	-	-	-	-	112,941
10	Receivables secured by commercial real estate	53,889	-	716	-	7,735,219	-	1,939,096	-	-	-	9,728,920
11	Past-due loans	-	-	-	-	150,821	-	430,662	37,357	-	-	618,840
12	Higher-risk categories by the Agency Board	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Mortgage-backed securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Short-term receivables from banks and											
	intermediary institutions and short-term											
14	corporate receivables	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	<u> </u>	-	-
	Investments in the nature of collective											
15	investment enterprise	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
16	Investments in equities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
17	Other Receivables	451,560	-	-	-	-	-	8,468,602	-	-	-	8,920,162
18	Total	35,449,348	-	4,797,984	112,794	21,349,001	6,124,752	44,996,951	185,280	-	-	113,016,110

	Prior Period Risk Classes/Risk Weight	0%	10%	20%	Guaranteed by 35% Real Estate Fund	50%	75%	100%	150%	200%	500%	Total credit risk exposure amount (after CCF and CRM)
	Receivables from central governments or											
1	central banks	20,749,994	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		20,749,994
	Receivables from regional governments or local											
2	authorities	-	-	-	-	238,975	-	-	-	-		238,975
3	Receivables from public sector entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
	Receivables from multilateral development											
4	banks	4,413	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		4,413
5	Receivables from international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
6	Receivables from banks and institutions	-	-	-	-	2,124,416	-	18,862	-	-		2,143,278
7	Corporates receivables	214,152	-	2,407,171	-	4,271,824	-	21,149,075	1,014	4,719,680	1,558	32,764,474
8	Retail receivables	15,627	-	2,267	-	1,248	650,201	616,319	3,239,334	-		4,524,996
9	Receivables secured by residential property	3,505	-	11	118,229	-	-	22	-	-		121,767
10	Receivables secured by commercial real estate	22,559	-	4,678	-	5,378,611	-	1,673,174	-	-		7,079,022
11	Past-due loans	-	-	-	-	116,228	-	433,073	30,722	-		580,023
12	Higher-risk categories by the Agency Board	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
13		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
	Short-term receivables from banks and											
	intermediary institutions and short-term											
14	corporate receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
	Investments in the nature of collective											
15	investment enterprise	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
16	Investments in equities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
17	Other Receivables	470,749	-	-	-	-	-	5,515,095	-	-		5,985,844
18	Total	21,480,999	-	2,414,127	118,229	12,131,302	650,201	29,405,620	3,271,070	4,719,680	1,558	74,192,786

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INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

- g. Disclosures Regarding Counterparty Credit Risk
- 1. Qualitative Disclosures on Counterparty Credit Risk
- i. Objectives and policies of risk management with respect to CCR

Counterparty credit risk (CCR) states default risk of counterparty, which is a party to a transaction imposing an obligation to both parties, going into default before the final payment included in cash flow of the transaction in question. Derivative financial instruments, repo and reverse repo transactions, securities and commodities lending transactions, transactions having long clearing process and margin trading transactions are considered in the aforementioned scope. The Bank ensures timely and accurate briefing for senior management and related departments and assignment of appropriate staff for measurement and monitoring for the purpose of an effective counterparty credit risk management. Senior Management is responsible for understanding significance and level of counterparty credit risk taken by the Bank.

The Bank allocates limits approved on the basis of customer and approved in different level of authorization in order to manage counterparty credit risk. Those limits are determined in a way including risk, which shall be taken, instrument and maturity information and periodically reviewed.

Activities, job definitions and responsibilities related to management, measurement, monitoring and reporting of counterparty credit risk are determined through policies and procedures. Counterparty credit risks can be simultaneously controlled on treasury system and early warning limit excess mechanisms are triggered if the use of limits are over 80%.

The Bank uses mark-to-market approach in order to measure counterparty credit risk and therefore, determines coefficients (add-on) used in order to add current market value through multiplying nominal amount of transaction for the purpose of establishing the risk exposed by counterparty until the maturity. Aforementioned coefficients are calculated based on market data obtained from independent data providers and it is principal that aforementioned coefficients should be lower than coefficients determined in Part 3 of Annex -2 of Communique on Measurement and Evaluation of Bank's Capital Adequacy prepared by BRSA and coefficients used in legal capital calculations. Market Risk Department reviews add-on coefficients with updated market data periodically reserving its right to update add-on coefficients more frequently if the volatility increases.

Besides, senior management is periodically supported with stress tests for business lines, Treasury and Credit Allocation decision making processes, With monthly meetings, the business lines, Treasury, Credit Allocation, Monitoring and Risk Management teams evaluate the stress test results.

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INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENTS (Continued):

g. Disclosures Regarding Counterparty Credit Risk (Continued):

1. Qualitative Disclosures on Counterparty Credit Risk (Continued):

ii. Operational limit allocation method determined in scope of calculated internal capital for CCR and central counterparty risk,

The Bank assigns limits mentioned in transactions causing counterparty credit risk and central counterparty credit risk in accordance with principles determined in credit policies. It is principal to select customers having a high creditability and sufficient collateral conditions. Therefore, compliance of off-balance sheet transactions subject to CCR to in-balance sheet position of the customer in addition to creditability and collateral conditions of the customer, should be especially considered while allocating limits of the customer subject to such risks. Exchange rate and maturity compliance of in/off balance sheet transactions of the Customer and the customer having a foreign currency income reducing foreign currency risk to a minimum level are other important components which are considered while allocating aforementioned limits. The Bank should be careful in not allocating high level of leverage and/or long term off balance sheet transaction limits.

The Bank performs its treasury limit allocation in line with its Financial Institutions Credit Allocation and Borrowing Policy for those whose counterparty is a financial institution.

Daily Exchange Limit, Total Lending Limits, Issuer limit, Limit before Exchange and Total nominal limit are allocated for financial institutions.

A limit before exchange is allocated for customers apart from financial institutions.

On a solo basis, the Bank continues to be exposed to Central Counterparty risk due to the forward transactions carried out by Takasbank.

There is a minimal CCP risk exposure due to the future transactions carried out by the Bank in Takasbank market.

iii. Policies towards determination of Guarantee and other risk mitigations and CCR including central counterparty risk,

International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA), Credit Support Annex (CSA) and/or Global Master Repurchase Agreement (GMRA), which have international validity, are concluded in counterparty credit risk management with respect to financial institutions and collateral management process is operated on a daily basis.

Collateralization principles and procedures within the framework of credit policies applied at Bank for companies apart from financial institutions and individuals.

iv. Rules with respect to Counter-trend risk,

The Bank uses results of counterparty stress test performed periodically related to counter-trend risk and evaluates impact of deterioration in macro-economic conditions on credit risk of the customer.

v. Amount of additional collateralization, which have to be provided by the Bank if there exist a decline in credit rating grade,

There exists no additional collateral amount, which have to be provided by the Bank if there exists a decline in credit rating grade.

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

g. Disclosures Regarding Counterparty Credit Risk (Continued):

2. Assessment of Counterparty Credit Risk According to the Methods of Measurement:

		Revaluation	Potential credit risk		Alpha used for computing	Exposure after credit risk	Risk weighted
	Current Period	cost	exposure	EEPE	regulatory EAD	mitigation	amounts
1	Standard Approach-CCR (for derivatives)	-	-		1.4	7,643,418	561,934
	Internal Model Approach – (for derivative financial						
	instruments, repo transactions, marketable securities						
	or commodity lending or borrowing transactions,						
	transactions with long swap periods and overdraft						
2	securities transactions)			-	-	-	-
	Simplified Standardised Approach for Credit Risk						
	Mitigation – (for repo transactions, marketable						
	securities or commodity lending or borrowing						
	transactions, transactions with long swap periods						
3	and overdraft securities transactions)					1,629,336	927,053
	Comprehensive Method for Credit Risk Mitigation						
	- (for repo transactions, marketable securities or						
	commodity lending or borrowing transactions,						
	transactions with long swap periods and overdraft						
4	securities transactions)					-	-
	Value at risk for repo transactions, marketable						
	securities or commodity lending or borrowing						
	transactions, transactions with long swap periods						
5	and overdraft securities transactions					-	-
6	Total					9,272,754	1,488,987

	Prior Period	Revaluation cost	Potential credit risk exposure	ЕЕРЕ	Alpha used for computing regulatory EAD	Exposure after credit risk mitigation	Risk weighted amounts
1	Standard Approach-CCR (for derivatives)	_	-		1.4	7,589,884	1,538,060
2	Internal Model Approach - (for derivative financial instruments, repo transactions, marketable securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, transactions with long swap periods and overdraft securities transactions)			_	_	_	_
	Simplified Standardised Approach for Credit Risk Mitigation - (for repo transactions, marketable securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, transactions with long swap periods and overdraft securities transactions)					2,248,679	895,170
	Comprehensive Method for Credit Risk Mitigation - (for repo transactions, marketable securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, transactions with long swap periods and overdraft securities transactions)					-	-
5	Value at risk for repo transactions, marketable securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, transactions with long swap periods and overdraft securities transactions Total					9.838.563	2,433,230

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

g. Disclosures Regarding Counterparty Credit Risk (Continued):

3. Capital Requirement for Credit Valuation Adjustments:

		Risk
	Risk amount (After credit risk	weighted
Current Period	mitigation techniques)	amounts
Total portfolio value with comprehensive approach CVA capital adequacy		
1 (i) Value at risk component (including 3*multiplier)		-
2 (ii) Stressed Value at Risk (including 3*multiplier)		-
3 All portfolios subject to Standardised CVA capital obligation	7,643,418	156,668
4 Total amount of CVA capital adequacy	7,643,418	156,668

		Risk
	Risk amount (After credit risk	weighted
Prior Period	mitigation techniques)	amounts
Total portfolio value with comprehensive approach CVA capital adequacy		
1 (i) Value at risk component (including 3*multiplier)		-
2 (ii) Stressed Value at Risk (including 3*multiplier)		-
3 All portfolios subject to Standardised CVA capital obligation	7,589,884	639,331
4 Total amount of CVA capital adequacy	7,589,884	639,331

4. Standard Approach - Counterparty Credit Risk by Risk Classes and Risk Weights:

Current Period	-	100/				1000/	1.500/		Total credit
Risk weights	0%	10%	20%	50%	75%	100%	150%	Other	risk
Risk Classes									
Central governments and central banks									
receivables	6,396,635	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,396,635
Local governments and municipalities									
receivables Administrative and non commercial	-	-	-		-	-			-
receivables									
Multilateral Development Bank	 					-			-
receivables	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Receivables from international	 								
organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Banks and Intermediary Institutions									
receivables	-	-	257,895	1,015,645	-	2,532	-	-	1,276,072
Corporate receivables	-	-	361,870	766,983	-	471,169	-	-	1,600,022
Retail receivables	-	-	-	-	25	-	-	-	25
Mortgage receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Past-due loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Higher-risk categories by the Agency									
Board		-	-	_	-	-	-	-	
Mortgage- backed securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Securitization positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables from banks and intermediary									
institutions with short-term credit ratings									
and corporate receivables	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Investments in nature of collective									
investment enterprise	ļ		-			-			
Investments in equities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other assets	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	6,396,635	-	619,765	1,782,628	25	473,701	-	-	9,272,754

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

- g. Disclosures Regarding Counterparty Credit Risk (Continued):
 - 4. Standard Approach Counterparty Credit Risk by Risk Classes and Risk Weights (Continued):

Prior Period									Total credit
Risk weights	0%	10%	20%	50%	75%	100%	150%	Other	risk
Risk Classes								Ì	
Central governments and central banks receivables	4,089,389	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,089,389
Local governments and municipalities receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Administrative and non commercial receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Multilateral Development Bank receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables from international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Banks and Intermediary Institutions receivables	-	-	722,479	2,778,951	-	4,074	10	-	3,505,514
Corporate receivables	-	-	1,482,957	324,249	-	436,454	-	-	2,243,660
Retail receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mortgage receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Past-due loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Higher-risk categories by the Agency Board	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mortgage- backed securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Securitization positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables from banks and intermediary institutions with short-term credit ratings and corporate receivables									
Investments in nature of collective investment enterprise	_						-	-	
Investments in equities	_	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	_
Other receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	4,089,389	-	2,205,436	3,103,200	-	440,528	10	-	9,838,563

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

g. Disclosures Regarding Counterparty Credit Risk (Continued):

5. Collaterals Used for Counterparty Credit Risk

Current Period	C	Collaterals for de	rivatives trans	actions	Collaterals or oth	er transactions
	Collate	rals taken	Collat	erals given	Collaterals	Collaterals
	Segregated Unsegregated Segregated Unsegregated		taken	given		
Cash - Local Currency	-	-	-	-	3,008,288	-
Cash - Foreign Currency	-	-	-	-	3,559,326	-
Government Bonds-Domestic	-	-	-	-	-	-
Government Bonds-Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Institution Bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Corporate Bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share Certificate	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Guarantees	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	6,567,614	-

Prior Period	C	Collaterals for de	Collaterals or other transactions			
	Collate	rals taken	Collat	erals given	Collaterals	Collaterals
	Segregated	Unsegregated	Segregated	Unsegregated	taken	given
Cash - Local Currency	-	-	-	-	1,583,523	-
Cash - Foreign Currency	-	-	-	-	2,493,478	-
Government Bonds-Domestic	-	-	-	-	-	_
Government Bonds-Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Institution Bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Corporate Bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share Certificate	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Guarantees	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	4,077,001	-

6. Credit Derivatives:

None.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

g. Disclosures Regarding Counterparty Credit Risk (Continued):

7. Risk to Central Counterparty:

The Bank is exposed to a minimal Central Counterparty risk due to its futures transactions in the Takasbank market.

Curr	ent Period	Risk Amount After CRA	RAT
1	Total risks arising from transactions to qualified CCP		8,080
2	Regarding risks arising from transactions in CCP (excluding initial margin and guarantee fund amount)	-	-
3	(i) OTC derivative financial instruments	40,398	8,080
4	(ii) Other derivative financial instruments	-	-
5	(iii) Repo-reverse repo transactions, overdraft transactions, and lending or borrowing securities or commodities	-	-
6	(iv) Netting groups to which cross product netting is applied	-	-
7	Reserved initial margin	-	
8	Unreserved initial margin	-	
9	Paid guarantee fund amount	-	
10	Unpaid guarantee fund commitment	-	-
11	Total risks arising from transactions to non-qualified CCPs		
12	Regarding risks arising from transactions in CCP (excluding initial margin and guarantee fund amount)	-	-
13	(i) OTC derivative financial instruments	-	
14	(ii) Other derivative financial instruments	-	-
15	(iii) Repo-reverse repo transactions, overdraft transactions, and lending or borrowing securities or commodities	-	-
16	(iv) Netting groups to which cross product netting is applied	-	-
17	Reserved initial margin	-	
18	Unreserved initial margin	-	-
19	Paid guarantee fund amount	-	-
20	Unpaid guarantee fund commitment	-	-

Prio	r Period	Risk Amount After CRA	RAT
1	Total risks arising from transactions to qualified CCP		3,132
2	Regarding risks arising from transactions in CCP (excluding initial margin and guarantee fund amount)	-	
3	(i) OTC derivative financial instruments	15,660	3,132
4	(ii) Other derivative financial instruments	-	-
5	(iii) Repo-reverse repo transactions, overdraft transactions, and lending or borrowing securities or commodities	-	-
6	(iv) Netting groups to which cross product netting is applied	-	
7	Reserved initial margin	-	
8	Unreserved initial margin	-	-
9	Paid guarantee fund amount	-	-
10	Unpaid guarantee fund commitment	-	-
11	Total risks arising from transactions to non-qualified CCPs		-
12	Regarding risks arising from transactions in CCP (excluding initial margin and guarantee fund amount)	-	-
13	(i) OTC derivative financial instruments	-	
14	(ii) Other derivative financial instruments	-	
15	(iii) Repo-reverse repo transactions, overdraft transactions, and lending or borrowing securities or commodities	-	-
16	(iv) Netting groups to which cross product netting is applied	-	-
17	Reserved initial margin	-	
18	Unreserved initial margin	-	-
19	Paid guarantee fund amount	-	-
20	Unpaid guarantee fund commitment	-	_

h. Securitization Disclosures:

None.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

- j. Disclosures on Market Risk
 - 1. Qualitative Information which Shall be Disclosed to Public Related to Market Risk
- i. The Bank defines market risk as the potential financial loss which may occur as a result of fluctuations in capital markets. The aforementioned loss can occur due to fluctuations on share prices, interest rates, commodity prices and exchange rate.

The purpose of controlling and observance on market risk is to control and monitor impacts of markets risks on gain and economic value. In a more detail expression, the purpose of market risk control and audit is to protect Bank from unexpected market losses and to establish transparent, objective and consistent market risk information which shall form a basis for decision making process.

Market Risk is managed by Treasury, Capital Markets and Financial Institutions. The Bank limits the market risk which shall be exposed for different risk factors in the framework of risk appetite. The framework of the limit and tracking method is determined with Treasury Risk Parameters document approved by Board of Directors and limits are reviewed at least on an annual basis.

ii. Management of market risk is under responsibility of Treasury, Capital Markets and Financial Markets, which generate risk at primary level. Second line controls are provided through independent risk management and internal control functions. Treasury Internal Control Department is established under Market Risk Department and Directorate of Internal Control Department which operates independent of risk generating departments/units in the framework of authorizations and frameworks described at the Bank.

Third line of controls are made through audits of treasury processes and market risk management made periodically by Directorate of Supervisory Board. The audits in question reviews compliance of market risk management to BRSA regulations related to market risk and policy and procedures of Group and Bank, monitoring of limit usages and reporting related to limit excesses and market risk.

iii. The Bank uses Historical Simulation Method as internal method for market risk. one sided 99% confidence level, historical data belonging to working days in past two years and 10 days of holding period are taken into consideration in the calculation. The Bank also calculates stressed value at risk on a daily basis.

Treasury Risk Parameters are monitored by Market Risk Unit during the day and at the end of day and use of limits and related other analysis are reported to ALCO, Risk Committee, Audit Committee, Risk Coordination Committee and Board of Directors.

Early warning levels for limit usage are determined and the way, which shall be applied in case of an early warning or final limit excess, is stated clearly in Treasury Risk Parameters.

Risk parameters include different tfce of limits such as foreign currency position limit, nominal, maturity, foreign exchange breakdowns related to bond portfolio, value at risk limits, limits related to interest rate (DV01), option vega limits and loss limits determined for trading portfolio.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS ON RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

j. Disclosures on Market Risk

iv. Market risk under Standardised Approach:

	Current Period	RWA
	Outright (cash) products	
1	Interest rate risk (general and specific)	1,748,467
2	Equity risk (general and specific)	740,445
3	Foreign exchange risk	1,319,081
4	Commodity risk	753,532
	Options	
5	Simplified approach	-
6	Delta-plus method	243
7	Scenario approach	-
8	Securitisation	-
9	Total	4,561,768

	Prior Period	RWA
	Outright (cash) products	
1	Interest rate risk (general and specific)	177,792
2	Equity risk (general and specific)	1,499,830
3	Foreign exchange risk	761,385
4	Commodity risk	-
	Options	
5	Simplified approach	-
6	Delta-plus method	25
7	Scenario approach	-
8	Securitisation	-
9	Total	2,439,032

IV. EXPLANATIONS ON OPERATIONAL RISK:

The amount subject to operational risk is calculated once a year by using the "Basic Indicator Method" in the "Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy of Banks" published in the Official Gazette dated 28 June 2012 and numbered 28337. The operational risk capital requirement dated 31 December 2024 was calculated using the year 2021, 2022 and 2023 revenue.

Annual gross income is calculated through deducting profit/loss sourcing from sales of securities whose accounts are tracked in fair value through other comprehensive income and measured at amortized cost, and extraordinary income, activity expenses made in return for support service and amounts compensated from insurance from total of net amount of interest revenues and non-interest revenues.

Current Period	2 Prior Period Value	1 Prior Period Value	Current Period value	Number of Total / Positive RPM vears	Rate (%)	Total
Gross Income	946.084	2,459,238	4.190.981	2,532,101	15	379.815
Amount subject to operational risk				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		4 747 (90
(Total*12.5)						4,747,689
	2 Drien	1 Drien	Cummont	Number of Total /		
	2 Prior Period	1 Prior Period	Current Period	Number of Total / Positive RPM		
Prior Period				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Rate (%)	Total
Prior Period Gross Income	Period	Period	Period	Positive RPM	Rate (%)	Total 205,742
	Period Value	Period Value	Period value	Positive RPM years	······································	

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

V. EXPLANATIONS ON CURRENCY RISK:

The difference between the Bank's foreign currency denominated and foreign currency indexed on- and off-balance sheet assets and liabilities is defined as the "Net Foreign Currency Position" and it is the basis of currency risk. Another important dimension of the currency risk is the change in the exchange rates of different foreign currencies in Net Foreign Currency Position (cross currency risk).

A series of limits for the tenure of spot and forward foreign exchange positions are set by the Board of Directors annually. The Bank has a short-term conservative foreign currency position management policy.

The Bank's publicly announced foreign exchange bid rates as of the date of the financial statements and for the last five days prior to that date:

	EU	UR	USD		
	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Currency Buying Rate	TL 36.7362	TL 32.5739	TL 35.2803	TL 29.4382	
1st Day's Currency Buying Rate	TL 36.7362	TL 32.5739	TL 35.2803	TL 29.4382	
2nd Day's Currency Buying Rate	TL 36.7429	TL 32.6937	TL 35.2233	TL 29.3973	
3rd Day's Currency Buying Rate	TL 36.6134	TL 32.4186	TL 35.1368	TL 29.3374	
4th Day's Currency Buying Rate	TL 36.6076	TL 32.2421	TL 35.2033	TL 29.2647	
5th Day's Currency Buying Rate	TL 36.6592	TL 32.1766	TL 35.2162	TL 29.2108	

The simple arithmetic average of the Bank's foreign exchange bid rates for the last thirty days preceding the balance sheet date for major foreign currencies are shown below:

	EU	UR	USI)
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Arithmetic average - 30 days	TL 36.5807	TL 31.7509	TL 34.9369	TL 29.0619

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

V. EXPLANATIONS ON CURRENCY RISK (Continued):

Information on currency risk of the Bank:

	EUR	USD	Other FC	Total
31 December 2024				
Assets				
Cash (Cash in Vault, Effectives, Cash in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances	233,916	4,565,623	460,850	5,260,389
with The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey				
Banks	33,082	370,565	1,714,043	2,117,690
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (1)	186,684	1,148,604	78,309	1,413,597
Interbank Money Market Placements	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	1,352,534	3,235,045	-	4,587,579
Loans (2)	17,830,651	9,615,303	-	27,445,954
Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	1,170,502	3,939,230	-	5,109,732
Hedging Derivative Financial Assets (1)	67,885	78,478	-	146,363
Tangible Assets	-	-	-	-
Intangible Assets	-	-	-	-
Other Assets (4)	108,274	229,269	-	337,543
Total Assets	20,983,528	23,182,117	2,253,202	46,418,847
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	758	713,445	-	714,203
Foreign Currency Deposits	3,021,375	7,743,910	2,904,944	13,670,229
Funds From Interbank Money Market	210,544	3,537,923	-	3,748,467
Funds Borrowed From Other Financial Institutions	7,496,204	27,539,302	-	35,035,506
Marketable Securities Issued	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous Payables	151,581	602,825	328	754,734
Hedging Derivative Financial Liabilities (3)	41,541	30,018	4	71,563
Other Liabilities (4)	134,300	275,960	2,561	412,821
Total Liabilities	11,056,303	40,443,383	2,907,837	54,407,523
Net On-balance Sheet Position	9,927,225	(17,261,266)	(654,635)	(7,988,676)
Net Off-balance Sheet Position	(9,649,951)	16,145,982	705,623	7,201,654
Financial Derivative Assets	1,378,157	22,504,347	1,350,607	25,233,111
Financial Derivative Liabilities	11,028,108	6,358,365	644,984	18,031,457
Non-Cash Loans (5)	3,351,173	6,317,603	136,521	9,805,297
TWIPCASH EDANS	0,001,170	0,017,000	100,021	>,000, - >.
31 December 2023				
Total Assets	17,231,320	15,016,082	621,238	32,868,640
Total Liabilities	13,206,432	25,640,477	1,457,601	40,304,510
Net On-balance Sheet Position	4,024,888	(10,624,395)	(836,363)	(7,435,870)
Net Off-balance Sheet Position	(3,839,281)	11,033,505	879,384	8,073,608
Financial Derivative Assets	7,050,433	26,211,648	1,050,889	34,312,970
Financial Derivative Liabilities	10,889,714	15,178,143	171,505	26,239,362
Non-Cash Loans (5)	1,301,062	4,821,679	113,301	6,236,042

⁽¹⁾ TL 119,822 (31 December 2023: TL 537,672) derivative financial instruments income accruals are not included.

⁽²⁾ Foreign currency indexed loans amounting to TL 67,502 (31 December 2023: TL 86,152) are included in the table above. TL 150,019 (31 December 2023: TL 654,461) "Expected Loss Provisions" are not included in the table.

 $^{(3)\} TL\ 46{,}414\ (31\ December\ 2023:\ TL\ 403{,}230)\ derivative\ financial\ instruments\ expense\ accruals\ are\ not\ included\ in\ the\ table.$

⁽⁴⁾ Among Other Assets, TL 6,335 of Prepaid Expenses are not included in the table. Among Other Liabilities, TL 97,521 (31 December 2023: TL 576,374) of "Securities Valuation Differences" and "Hedging Reserves", as well as "General Reserves" (31 December 2023: TL 561,681) are not included in the table. Additionally, TL 11,046 of "Provisions for Stage One and Stage Two Non-Cash Loans Expected Credit Losses" are included in the table.

⁽⁵⁾ Non-cash loans are not included in the total of "Net Off-Balance Sheet Position".

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

V. EXPLANATIONS ON CURRENCY RISK (Continued):

Currency risk sensitivity analysis:

If foreign currency appreciated/depreciated against TL at a ratio of 10% and all other variables remain fixed as of 31 December 2024 and 2023, changes, which shall occur in net profit and equity regardless of tax effect due to exchange rate loss/profit sourcing from foreign currency net monetary position, are as follows.

		31 Decem	ber 2024		31 December 2023			
	Income s	tatement	Equity (*)		Income statement		Equity (*)	
	10% 10%		% 10% 10%		10% 10%		10%	10%
	increase	decrease	increase	decrease	increase	decrease	increase	decrease
USD	(110,014)	110,014	(105,327)	105,327	28,922	(28,922)	81,754	(81,754)
EUR	28,589	(28,589)	33,654	(33,654)	29,602	(29,602)	34,407	(34,407)
Other currency units	5,276	(5,276)	5,276	(5,276)	5,624	(5,624)	5,624	(5,624)
Total, net	(76,149)	76,149	(66,397)	66,397	64,148	(64,148)	121,785	(121,785)

^(*) The equity effect also includes the effects of the income statement.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

VI. **EXPLANATIONS ON INTEREST RATE RISK:**

Interest rate risk is the risk that expresses the effects of fluctuations in the market interest rates on the value increase/decrease of the Bank's interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities. The interest sensitivity of risks regarding the interest rate both on the on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet are monitored following several analyses and are discussed in Asset and Liability Committee weekly.

The Bank closely monitors the maturity gap between liabilities and assets that may arise in the balance sheet to manage the interest rate risk better. Additionally, interest rate swaps and cross currency swaps that are followed under banking accounts and aim to hedge risks are conducted by the Treasury, Capital Markets and Financial Institutions Group. Liquidity management is critical in the combination of investments, securities which fair value difference reflected in other comprehensive income and the trading portfolio. Through using these precautions, the possible loss effects on the shareholders' equity due to both credit risk and interest risk during the volatile periods of the market are minimized.

Interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items based on repricing dates (As for the remaining time to repricing):

	Up to 1	1-3	3-12	1-5		Non-Interest	
31 December 2024	Month	Months	Months	Years	and Over	Bearing	Total
Assets (1)							
Cash (Cash in Vault, Effectives, Cash in							
Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances							
with The Central Bank of the Republic of							
Turkey	4,683,047		_	_	_	6,208,492	10,891,539
Due From Banks			_	_	_	2,118,418	2,118,418
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through							
Profit/Loss (2)	1,172,076	848,872	673,040	880,123	490,064	370,219	4,434,394
Interbank Money Market Placements	200,268	-	-	-	-	-	200,268
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through							
Other Comprehensive Income	1,067,436	1,378,513	616,175	4,053,417	3,468,998	7,674	10,592,213
Loans (3)	17,781,832	8,814,171	17,324,884	14,160,213	2,295,473	628,439	61,005,012
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized							
Cost (4)	1,210,020	5,316,810	2,093,032	2,250,904	3,502,817	-	14,373,583
Other Assets (5)	-	-	-	-	-	9,856,362	9,856,362
Total Assets	26,114,679	16,358,366	20,707,131	21,344,657	9,757,352	19,189,604	113,471,789
Liabilities							
Bank Deposits	705,693	_	_	-	_	9,054	714,747
Other Deposits	28,533,141	9,307,144	1,900,920	581	-	12,285,600	52,027,386
Funds From Interbank Money Market	4,303,095	491,790	1,308,928	614,673	_	-	6,718,486
Miscellaneous Payables (6)	-	_	-	-	_	2,344,680	2,344,680
Marketable Securities Issued	-	-	_	-	_	-	-
Funds Borrowed From Other Financial							
Institutions	3,684,543	16,089,476	14,181,666	_	_	1,766,668	35,722,353
Other Liabilities (6) (7)	405,878	268,362	852,168	788,412	192	13,629,125	15,944,137
Total Liabilities	37,632,350	26,156,772	18,243,682	1,403,666	192	30,035,127	113,471,789
Balance Sheet Long Position			2,463,449	19,940,991	9,757,160		32,161,600
Balance Sheet Short Position	(11,517,671)	(9,798,406)	4,403,449	12,240,221	2,737,100	(10,845,523)	(32,161,600)
Off-balance Sheet Long Position	(11,317,071)	(2,/20,400)	504,011	1,767,743	-	(10,045,525)	2,271,754
Off-balance Sheet Short Position	(920.074)	(2 (12 1(9)	304,011	1,/0/,/43	-	-	
	(830,974)	(2,613,168)	2 0 67 4 60	21 700 724	0.757.100	(10.045.522)	(3,444,142)
Total Position	(12,348,645)	(12,411,574)	2,967,460	21,708,734	9,757,160	(10,845,523)	(1,172,388)

Assets are shown with their net values in their related period by deducting allowances for expected credit losse

⁽²⁾ Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/Loss includes hedging derivative financial assets amounting to TL 2,440,404 classified to a related re-pricing periods.

⁽³⁾ Loans includes TL 844,996 Expected Loss Provisions.

⁽⁴⁾ Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost item includes expected loss provisions of TL 471.
(5) Other Assets item consists of TL 1,571,475 Fixed Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations, TL 3,822,776 Partnership Investments, TL 550,069 Tangible Assets, TL 335,209 Intangible Assets, TL 32,614 Deffered Tax Asset and TL 3,270,599 Other Assets.

⁽⁶⁾ Derivative financial liabilities of Other Liabilities amounting to TL 2,177,219 are shown in the relevant repricing periods. Other Liabilities and Miscellaneous Payables item consists of TL 2,177,219 Derivative Financial Liabilities, TL 137,795 Liabilities from Lease Transactions, TL 1,231,648 Provisions, TL 591,077 Current Tax Liabilities, TL 3,757,109 Other Liabilities and TL 10,393,969 Shareholders' Equity.

⁽⁷⁾ Shareholders' Equity is presented in the Non-Interest Bearing column.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

VI. **EXPLANATIONS ON INTEREST RATE RISK (Continued):**

a. Interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items based on repricing dates (As for the remaining time to repricing) (Continued):

	Up to 1	1-3	3-12	1-5	5 Years and	Non-Interest	
31 December 2023	Month	Months	Months	Years	Over	Bearing	Total
Assets (1)							
Cash (Cash in Vault, Effectives, Cash in Transit,							
Cheques Purchased) and Balances with The							
Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	3,477,961	-	-	-	-	7,137,895	10,615,856
Due From Banks	-	-	-	-	-	1,203,956	1,203,956
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through	• • • • • • • • •	1 (10 0 10	2.5	440.500	25.442	7 40.040	4067024
Profit/Loss (2)	2,084,301	1,610,342	267,469	118,789	37,112	749,918	4,867,931
Interbank Money Market Placements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other	754 500	760 501	120 104	470.505	570.247	7.674	2 000 722
Comprehensive Income Loans (3)	754,522	769,581	429,104	478,595		7,674	3,009,723
	14,586,352	6,771,514	13,019,258	7,892,624		592,594	45,058,224
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost (4)	814,877	3,542,803	1,776,380	2,075,656	1,455,471	-	9,665,187
Other Assets (5)	-	-	-	-	-	6,020,670	6,020,670
Total Assets	21,718,013	12,694,240	15,492,211	10,565,664	4,258,712	15,712,707	80,441,547
Liabilities							
Bank Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	25,241	25,241
Other Deposits	27,079,420	5,113,324	1,316,411	1,968	-	7,142,401	40,653,524
Funds From Interbank Money Market	2,349,364	679,543	781,852	617,670	-	-	4,428,429
Miscellaneous Pavables	_	_	-	-	-	3,870,544	3,870,544
Marketable Securities Issued	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Funds Borrowed From Other Financial							
Institutions	1,409,143	11,289,153	4,410,837	-	-	1,472,299	18,581,432
Other Liabilities (6) (7)	1,039,083	370,393	512,156	354,500	3,493	10,602,752	12,882,377
Total Liabilities	31,877,010	17,452,413	7,021,256	974,138	3,493	23,113,237	80,441,547
Balance Sheet Long Position			8,470,955	9,591,526	4,255,219		22,317,700
Balance Sheet Short Position	(10,158,997)	(4 759 173)	0,470,233	2,021,020	1,200,210	(7,400,530)	(22,317,700)
Off-balance Sheet Long Position	(10,130,797)	(4,/30,1/3)	889,269	1,762,285	21,827	(7,400,330)	2,673,381
Off-balance Sheet Short Position	(277 911)	(2,456,108)	009,209	1,702,203	21,027		(2,833,919)
			0.260.224	11 252 011	4 255 046	(7, 400, 520)	
Total Position	(10,536,808)		9,360,224	11,353,811	4,277,046	(7,400,530)	(160,538

Interest rate sensitivity analysis:

Change in interest rate		
31 December 2024	Profit / Loss Effect	Effect on funds under equity
(+) 1%	(109,118)	(624,972)
(-) 1%	108,710	677,554

Change in interest rate 31 December 2023	Profit / Loss Effect	
(+) 1%	(6,314)	(105,972)
(-) 1%	5,799	116,695

The table above, the effects of (+)1% and (-)1% changes in interest rates on period profit/loss and the "capital reserves" item under equity are shown by excluding tax effects.

⁽a) Assets are shown with their net values in their related period by deducting allowances for expected credit loss.
(b) Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/Loss includes hedging derivative financial assets amounting to TL 4,051,737 classified to a related re-pricing periods.
(c) Loans includes TL 1,198,021 Expected Loss Provisions.

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

VI. EXPLANATIONS ON INTEREST RATE RISK (Continued):

b. Average interest rates for monetary financial instruments:

Average interest rates in the tables below are calculated by weighting simple interest rates with principal amounts.

31 December 2024	EUR	USD	Yen	TL
Assets	%	%	%	%
Cash (Cash in Vault, Effectives, Cash in Transit, Cheques Purchased)				
and Balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-
Due From Banks	-	2.94	-	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/Loss	5.28	7.98	-	29.63
Interbank Money Market Placements	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	5.09	7.25	-	43.93
Loans	6.95	7.81	-	46.27
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	4.25	8.00	-	42.67
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	-	4.40	-	-
Other Deposits (*)	-	1.52	-	41.96
Funds From Interbank Money Market	5.17	5.65	-	47.83
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-
Marketable Securities Issued	-	-	-	-
Funds Borrowed From Other Financial Institutions	5.61	6.13	-	45.13

^(*) Demand deposits are included in the calculation of the weighted average interest rates.

31 December 2023	EUR	USD	Yen	TL
Assets	%	%	%	%
Cash (Cash in Vault, Effectives, Cash in Transit, Cheques Purchased)				
and Balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-
Due From Banks	-	4.72	-	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/Loss	5.37	8.29	-	23.71
Interbank Money Market Placements	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	4.75	7.81	-	46.80
Loans	7.73	10.52	-	42.65
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	3.89	8.44	_	48.74
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	-	-	-	-
Other Deposits (*)	1.45	2.98	-	37.21
Funds From Interbank Money Market	5.90	6.42	-	41.45
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-
Marketable Securities Issued	-	-	-	-
Funds Borrowed From Other Financial Institutions	7.38	7.02	-	36.42

^(*) Demand deposits are included in the calculation of the weighted average interest rates.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

VI. EXPLANATIONS ON INTEREST RATE RISK (Continued):

c. Interest rate risk resulting from banking accounts:

1. The measurement frequency of the interest rate risk with important estimations including those relating to the quality of the interest rate resulting from banking accounts, advance loan repayment and movements of deposits other than time deposits is explained by the following:

Interest rate risk resulting from the banking accounts is measured according to the month-end balance in accordance with "Regulation No. 28034 on Measurement and Evaluation of Interest Rate Risk resulting from Banking Accounts with Standard Shock Method", dated 23 August 2011.

Interest sensitive items are taken into consideration in accordance with the re-pricing period and depending on the estimated cash flows. Demand deposits are taken into account based on the core deposit calculations. The change calculated by implementing interest rate shocks on the differences created in accordance with the re-pricing periods of the assets and liabilities in the banking accounts is proportioned to the equities.

2. The table below presents the economic value differences of the Bank resulting from fluctuations in interest rates in accordance with the "Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Interest Rate Risk resulting from Banking Accounts with Standard Shock Method" under sections divided into different currencies.

	Applied Shock (+/- x basis point)	Earnings/ Losses	Earnings/ Equities-Losses/ Equities
1. TL	+500 bp	(6,747)	0.0%
2. TL	-400 bp	757	0.0%
3. EUR	+200 bp	(533,677)	(3.1%)
4. EUR	-200 bp	610,933	3.5%
5. USD	+200 bp	(666,919)	(3.9%)
6. USD	-200 bp	802,760	4.7%
Total (For Negative Shocks)		1,414,450	8.2%
Total (For Positive Shocks)		(1,207,343)	(7.0%)

VII. EXPLANATIONS ON SHARE CERTIFICATE POSITION RISK:

None.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

VIII. EXPLANATIONS ON LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT AND LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO:

Liquidity risk is the risk generated as a result of not having an effect or cash inflow at a level which can meet cash outflow, formed because of an imbalance in cash flow, timely and completely.

Effective liquidity risk management requires assigning appropriate staff for measurement and monitoring and timely informing management of the Bank. Board of Directors and senior management is responsible to understand the nature and level of the liquidity risk taken by the Bank and the instruments measuring these risks. Additionally, Board of Directors and Senior Management are responsible for the compliance of funding strategies to risk tolerance which is determined to be applied.

Liquidity risk management framework of the Bank is determined with "Burgan Bank Risk Management Policy" and "Burgan Bank Liquidity Risk Policy" documents approved by Bank's Board of Directors and "Burgan Bank Risk Management Policy" and "Burgan Bank Treasury Policy" and "Burgan Bank Assets & Liabilities Management Committee (ALCO)" in scope of banking legislation.

Liquidity management is primarily under the responsibility of ALCO in accordance with the Liquidity Risk Management of the Bank. Treasury, Capital Markets and Financial Corporations Group are responsible to perform required actions in accordance with the liquidity standards determined in accordance with the Liquidity Risk Policy. Market Risk Departments is secondarily responsible and it is responsible to control and report compliance with the limits. Periodic and specific reports on liquidity risk, stress tests, scenario analyses, risk limits compliance reports and detailed information on legal liquidity reports (frequency of reports and the bodies they are submitted to) are included in the Bank's Liquidity Risk Policy.

Liquidity risk exposed by the Bank, risk appetite, liquidity risk reduction appropriate to liquidity and funding policies (diversification of funding sources and maturities, derivative transactions), establishment of effective control environment, risk limits, early warning and triggering market indicators are managed through monitoring closely.

The liquidity risk is removed by short term placements, liquid marketable assets wallet and strong equity structure in the management of liquidity risk. Board of Directors of Bank can perform limit reduction regardless of credit value in current placement limits when the volatility in markets increases. Management of the Bank and ALCO monitors possible marginal costs of payments and spurts as a result of studies made in scope of scenario analysis while tracking interest margin in diversified maturity segments between assets and liabilities. Borrowing limits which can be used in short-term for spurts from Central Bank, BIST Repo Market, Takasbank Money Market and banks are applied at a minimum level. The Bank does not need to use these sources because of its current liquidity position but it uses the aforementioned limits for short-term transaction opportunities. Assets, liabilities and positions on the basis of main tfces of currencies (currencies forming at least 5% of Bank's total liabilities) are managed under the control of Treasury and Capital Markets.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

VIII. EXPLANATIONS ON LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT AND LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (Continued):

Although the Bank is responsible to comply with liquidity limitations which are determined in Liquidity Risk Policy, it is primarily obliged with minimum liquidity limits determined by the legal legislation. There should be no excess in liquidity limits in accordance with the Bank's policy. Acceptation of current risk level, reduction or termination of activities causing to risk are evaluated for the risk which are not reduced. The actions, which shall be taken if there is an excess in the legal and internal limits, are detailed in Liquidity Risk Policy of the Bank. Overflow which is formed in liquidity ratios tracked according to legal limitations is eliminated in the period which is also determined by legal legislation.

Triggering market indicators are indicators which are tracked as early warning signals before the transition to stress environment which can form in the market as a result of ordinary business condition. Early warning limits related to liquidity risk in Bank are determined and aforementioned limits are monitored closely with the triggering market indicators.

Market Risk Department reports results of scenarios related to liquidity risk to Board of Directors, Risk Coordination Committee, Risk Committee and ALCO through making monthly calculations based on stress scenarios. These stress tests identify negative market conditions and potential fund outflows which occur in funding resources in a liquidity crisis. The purpose of stress test is to inform related committees and Board of Directors regarding liquidity outflows and derogation which can occur in the liquidity ratios of the Bank. Required actions are taken by ALCO if there are similar situations mentioned in stress scenarios. Market Risk Unit conducts stress tests more frequently during periods of high volatility and shares the results with the relevant management.

The Bank does not serve a function as a central funding institution in its relationship with its partnerships. Intra-group liquidity management and funding strategies are limited to related legal limitations.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

VIII. EXPLANATIONS ON LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT AND LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (Continued):

Liquidity Coverage Ratio:

	Total Value with D Applied		Consideration Rate Applied Total Value (*)		
31 December 2024	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC	
HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS					
1 High quality liquid assets			26,794,716	9,716,758	
CASH OUTFLOWS					
2 Retail and small business customers deposits	37,477,759	11,053,985	3,262,360	1,105,398	
3 Stable deposits	9,708,309	-	485,415	-	
4 Less stable deposits	27,769,450	11,053,985	2,776,945	1,105,398	
Unsecured funding other than retail and					
5 small business customers deposits	12,264,260	7,556,821	7,784,425	4,560,555	
6 Operational deposits	3,228,749	2,267,529	807,187	566,882	
7 Non-operational deposits	4,855,033	3,178,506	2,796,760	1,882,887	
8 Other unsecured funding	4,180,478	2,110,786	4,180,478	2,110,786	
9 Secured funding	-	-	-	-	
10 Other cash outflows	2,414,705	2,826,127	2,414,705	2,826,127	
Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market valuation changes on derivatives transactions	2,414,705	2,826,127	2,414,705	2,826,127	
Debts related to the structured financial	2,414,703	2,820,127	2,414,703	2,820,127	
12 products	-	-	-		
Commitment related to debts to financial					
markets and other off balance sheet liabilities	-	-	-	-	
Commitments that are unconditionally revocable at any time by the Bank and other contractual commitments	-	_	-		
Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable					
15 commitments	21,771,122	9,667,791	3,708,362	1,361,856	
16 TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS			17,169,852	9,853,936	
CASH INFLOWS					
17 Secured receivables	-	-	-		
18 Unsecured receivables	6,763,101	3,062,374	4,730,684	2,492,842	
19 Other cash inflows	62,651	318,266	62,651	318,266	
20 TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	6,825,752	3,380,640	4,793,335	2,811,108	
	······		Upper Limit App	olied Values	
TOTAL HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS 1 INVENTORY			26,794,716	9,716,758	
22 TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS			12,376,517	7,042,828	
23 LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)			216.50	137.97	

^(*) The arithmetic average of the last three months weekly Liquidity Coverage Ratio's are used.

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

VIII. EXPLANATIONS ON LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT AND LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (Continued):

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (Continued)

		Total Value with D				
		Applied		Value (*)		
	December 2023	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC	
HIG	H QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS					
1	High quality liquid assets			17,528,383	7,127,423	
CAS	SH OUTFLOWS					
2	Retail and small business customers deposits	33,506,202	16,291,085	3,101,155	1,629,109	
3	Stable deposits	4,989,313	-	249,466	-	
4	Less stable deposits	28,516,889	16,291,085	2,851,689	1,629,109	
	Unsecured funding other than retail and					
5	small business customers deposits	9,475,919	5,799,882	5,885,869	3,518,588	
6	Operational deposits	2,162,790	1,263,593	540,697	315,898	
7	Non-operational deposits	4,773,826	2,911,630	2,805,869	1,578,031	
8	Other unsecured funding	2,539,303	1,624,659	2,539,303	1,624,659	
9	Secured funding	-	-	-	-	
10	Other cash outflows	2,393,077	2,419,160	2,393,078	2,419,159	
	Liquidity needs related to derivatives and					
	market valuation changes on derivatives					
11	transactions	2,393,077	2,419,160	2,393,078	2,419,159	
	Debts related to the structured financial					
12	products	-	-	-	-	
	Commitment related to debts to financial					
	markets and other off balance sheet					
13	liabilities	-	-	-	-	
	Commitments that are unconditionally					
	revocable at any time by the Bank and other					
14	contractual commitments	-	-	-	-	
	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable					
15	commitments	14,987,219	6,514,637	2,448,953	982,594	
16	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS			13,829,055	8,549,450	
CAS	SH INFLOWS					
17	Secured receivables	-	-	-	-	
18	Unsecured receivables	6,993,679	1,929,247	4,818,510	1,327,055	
19	Other cash inflows	208,153	2,931,823	208,153	2,931,823	
20	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	7,201,832	4,861,070	5,026,663	4,258,878	
		<u> </u>		Upper Limit App	olied Values	
	TOTAL HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS					
21	INVENTORY			17,528,383	7,127,423	
22	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS			8,802,392	4,290,572	
23	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)			199.13	166.12	

^(*) The arithmetic average of the last three months weekly Liquidity Coverage Ratio's are used.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

VIII. EXPLANATIONS ON LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT AND LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (Continued):

Liquidity coverage rate is calculated through estimating high quality liquid assets owned by the Bank to net cash out flows based on 30 days of maturity. Balance items which are determinant on the ratio are sorted as required reserves kept in Central Bank of Turkey, securities which are not subject to repo/guarantee, deposit having a corporate transaction, banks deposits, foreign sourced funds and receivables from banks. The impacts of aforementioned items on liquidity coverage ratio are higher than other items since they have a higher share in liquid assets and net cash out flows and they can change in time.

High quality liquid assets of the Bank consist of accounts in Central Bank of Turkey, at a ratio of 34% and securities issued by Undersecretariat of Treasury at a ratio of 63%. The fund resources are distributed among deposits of individuals and retail, corporate deposits and due to banks at ratios of 16%, 35% and 22% respectively.

Fluctuations in foreign currency derivative transaction volumes, mainly in foreign currency swaps, can have an impact on foreign currency liquidity coverage rate although derivative transactions generate a lower level of net cash flow with respect to liquidity coverage rate.

Absolute value of net warrant flows realized as of 30 days periods for each transaction and liability are calculated provided that changes in fair values of derivative transactions and other liabilities can form a margin liability in accordance with "Regulation on Calculation of Liquidity Coverage Ratio of Banks" entered into force through publishing in Official Gazette dated 21 March 2014 and numbered 28948. The biggest absolute value, which is calculated in the last 24 months, is taken into consideration as cash outflow. Calculations for derivative transactions and other liabilities, having a flow history shorter than 24 months, are performed from the date in which the transaction is triggered. Information related to the aforementioned cash outflow occurred on 31 December 2024 is given below:

Date	FC	FC+TL
31 December 2024	2,392,122	2,392,122

Liquidity coverage rates are calculated weekly for unconsolidated basis and monthly for consolidated basis as of 31 December 2015 in accordance with the "Regulation on Calculation of Liquidity Coverage Ratio of Banks" published in Official Gazette dated 21 March 2014 and numbered 28948. Liquidity coverage rates must be at least 80% for foreign currency assets and liabilities and at least 100% in total assets and liabilities. Dates and values of lowest and highest foreign currency and total unconsolidated liquidity coverage rates calculated weekly related to the last quarter and average rates are explained in the table below:

Current Period	Maxim	um (%)	Minimum (%)		
	FC	FC+TL	FC	FC+TL	
Weekly Arithmetic Average (%)	164.90	249.86	114.24	190.16	
Week	13.12.2024	29.11.2024	18.10.2024	20.12.2024	

Prior Period	Maxim		Minimu	
	FC	FC+TL	FC	FC+TL
Weekly Arithmetic Average (%)	296.76	275.52	113.88	148.32
Week	10.11.2023	13.10.2023	6.10.2023	24.11.2023

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

VIII. EXPLANATIONS ON LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT AND LIQUIDITY COVERAGE **RATIO (Continued)**

Breakdown of assets and liabilities according to their outstanding maturities:

21 D 1 2024	ъ .	Up to 1		: :				70.4.1
31 December 2024	Demand	Month	Months	Months	Years	and Over	Unallocated (6)	Total
Assets (1)								
Cash (Cash in Vault, Effectives, Cash								
in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and								
Balances with the Central Bank of the	4 222 055	C 5 CO 404						10 001 520
Republic of Turkey	4,323,055	6,568,484		-	-	-	-	10,891,539
Banks	2,118,418	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,118,418
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through		226.004	2/2 040	700 202	2 202 505	553 460	250 220	4 42 4 20 4
Profit or Loss (2)		226,084	263,840	799,203	2,202,587	572,460	370,220	4,434,394
Interbank Money Market Placements		200,268	-	-	-	-	-	200,268
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through		100.014	440.200	((2.0(4	5 5 6 2 2 2 2 6	2 521 045	7.674	10 502 212
Other Comprehensive Income		186,014	440,380	·	5,762,236			10,592,213
Loans (3)	-	8,942,021	10,448,476	19,405,128	18,362,103	3,218,845	628,439	61,005,012
Financial Assets Measured at		# 040<	2.40=2:0	0.100.101	2.050.05	.		110=0 =0=
Amortized Cost (4)	-	584,063	3,495,349	·	2,878,827	5,293,238		14,373,583
Other Assets (5) (6)		944,323		119,875	_	-	8,792,164	9,856,362
Total Assets	6,441,473	17,651,257	14,648,045	23,110,276	29,205,753	12,616,488	9,798,497	113,471,789
Y								
Liabilities								
Bank Deposits	9,054	705,693	_	_	_	-	_	714,747
Other Deposits	12,285,600	28,533,141	9,307,144	1,900,920	581	-	-	52,027,386
Funds Borrowed From Other								
Financial Institutions	1,764,015	3,687,198	8,390,248	14,687,992	1,838,787	5,354,113	_	35,722,353
Funds From Interbank Money Market		3,752,636	491,790	1,308,928	614,673	-	550,459	6,718,486
Marketable Securities Issued	_	-	-			-	_	-
Miscellaneous Payables (7)	_	184,726	_	_	_	_	2,159,954	2,344,680
Other Liabilities (7) (8)	_	1,296,153	141,347	833,794	1,121,064	192	12,551,587	15,944,137
Total Liabilities	14,058,669	38,159,547		18,731,634	3,575,105	5,354,305		113,471,789
	11,000,000	00,100,017	10,000,022	10,701,001	0,010,100	0,001,000	10,202,000	110,171,702
Liquidity Gap	(7.617.196)	(20,508,290)	(3,682,484)	4,378,642	25,630,648	7,262,183	(5,463,503)	-
nguius, oup	(1,027,1270)	(=0,000,=>0)	(0,00=,10.)			.,,	(0,100,000)	
Net Off-balance sheet Position	_	134,250	(25,028)	(278,572)	(196,415)		_	(365,765)
Financial Derivative Assets	_	15,057,527	5,982,587	10,553,049	5,213,111	_	_	36,806,274
Financial Derivative Liabilities	_	(14,923,277)		·		_	_	(37,172,039)
Non-cash Loans	_	9,747,058	2,637,162	8,038,938	679,025	35,944	_	21,138,127
TVOII-Casii Loans		2,747,030	2,037,102	0,050,750	077,023	33,744		21,130,127
31 December 2023								
Total Assets	4,735,574	15,483,713	9,548,952	14,483,396	20,890,446	7,910,212	7,389,254	80,441,547
Total Liabilities	7,167,642	32,347,671			3,332,020	4,474,688		80,441,547
1 VIII LAWIIIIII	7,107,042	52,547,571	12,077,500	0,730,104	5,552,520	1,17,1000	10,200,770	00,441,547
Liquidity Gap	(2,432,068)	(16,863,958)	(3,348,414)	7,525,212	17,558,426	3,435,524	(5,874,722)	-
Zignini, Sup	(=,102,000)	(20,000,200)	(0,010,114)	,,020,212	1,000,120	0,100,024	(0,0,1,,22)	
Net Off-balance sheet Position		(17,093)	85,890	679,516	505,817	280,393	_	1,534,523
Financial Derivative Assets		22,655,009	9,052,616		6,060,639	2,744,813		49,052,988
Financial Derivative Assets Financial Derivative Liabilities		(22,672,102)				·	· 	(47,518,465)
Non-cash Loans		7,552,861	1,800,587	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		14,667,755

⁽¹⁾ Assets are shown with their net values in their related period by deducting allowances for expected credit losses.
(2) Derivative financial assets of the Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss item amounting to TL 2,440,404 are shown in the relevant maturity periods.
(3) Loans includes TL 844,996 Expected Loss Provisions.
(4) Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost item includes expected loss provisions of TL 471.
(5) Other Assets item consists of TL 1,571,475 Fixed Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations, TL 3,822,776 Partnership Investments, TL 550,069 Tangible Assets, TL 335,209 Intangible Assets, TL 306,234 Deffered Tax Asset, TL 3,270,599 Other Assets.
(6) Among the asset accounts that consisting the balance sheet, accounts such as fixed assets, associates and subsidiaries and goods are shown in the "Unallocated" column in "Other Assets".

Altong the asset accounts that constraining the state of the Assets".

(7) Derivative financial liabilities of the Other Liabilities item amounting to TL 2,177,219 are shown in the relevant maturity periods. Other Liabilities and Miscellaneous Payables item consists of TL 2,177,219 Derivative Financial Liabilities, TL 137,795 Liabilities from Lease Transactions, TL 1,231,648 Provisions, TL 591,077 Current Tax Liabilities, TL 3,757,109 Other Liabilities and TL 10,393,969 Shareholders' Equity.

(8) Shareholders' equity is presented under the "Other liabilities" item in the "Unallocated" column.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

VIII. EXPLANATIONS ON LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT AND LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (Continued):

Breakdown of financial liabilities according to their remaining contractual maturities:

31 December 2024 Liabilities	Up to 1 month	1-3 months	3-12 months	1-5 years	Above 5 years	Total
Banks deposit	706,615	_	-	-	-	706,615
Other deposits	41,208,900	9,854,812	2,232,483	770	-	53,296,965
Funds from other financial institutions	3,704,772	8,625,382	15,592,633	5,425,820	6,064,374	39,412,981
Payables to money markets	3,565,782	1,077,482	1,353,988	622,365	-	6,619,617
Total	49,186,069	19,557,676	19,179,104	6,048,955	6,064,374	100,036,178

31 December 2023	Up to 1 month	1-3 months	3-12 months	1-5 years	Above 5 years	Total
Banks deposit	260,895	-	-	-	-	260,895
Other deposits	34,403,212	5,321,219	1,493,409	2,749	-	41,220,589
Funds from other financial institutions	1,413,968	7,006,960	4,859,717	1,334,602	6,817,028	21,432,275
Payables to money markets	2,220,926	706,806	186,325	726,112	525,231	4,365,400
Total	38,299,001	13,034,985	6,539,451	2,063,463	7,342,259	67,279,159

Derivative instruments of bank, counter-based maturity analysis:

31 December 2024	Up to 1 month	1-3 months	3-12 months	1-5 vears	Above 5 vears	Total
Derivative insturments held for trading				V	V	
Exchange rate derivatives:						
- Entry	16,780,977	4,876,366	7,546,601	-	-	29,203,944
- Out	16,982,269	4,955,431	8,669,064	-	-	30,606,764
Interest rate derivatives:						
- Entry	103,084	214,230	674,524	434,028	14,516	1,440,382
- Out	91,822	195,751	638,655	502,324	13,489	1,442,041
Derivative instruments for hedging						
purposes						
Exchange rate derivatives:						
- Entry	5,047	55,814	9,635	655,028	-	725,524
- Out	5,047	55,814	9,635	655,028	-	725,524
Interest rate derivatives:						
- Entry	659,257	1,025,756	3,708,847	4,974,020	-	10,367,880
- Out	439,318	730,998	3,228,466	5,972,277	-	10,371,059
Total cash inflow	17,548,365	6,172,166	11,939,607	6,063,076	14,516	41,737,730
Total cash outflow	17,518,456	5,937,994	12,545,820	7,129,629	13,489	43,145,388

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

VIII. EXPLANATIONS ON LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT AND LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (Continued):

Derivative instruments of bank, counter-based maturity analysis (Continued):

31 December 2023	Up to 1 month	1-3 months	3-12 months	1-5 years	Above 5 years	Total
Derivative insturments held for trading						
Exchange rate derivatives:						
- Entry	22,468,452	8,651,406	6,894,081	3,607,889	2,724,769	44,346,597
- Out	22,527,672	8,693,782	6,646,756	2,351,871	2,444,786	42,664,867
Interest rate derivatives:						
- Entry	163	26,931	74,586	91,809	20,044	213,533
- Out	847	28,324	73,830	85,724	19,634	208,359
Derivative instruments for hedging						
purposes						
Exchange rate derivatives:						
- Entry	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Out	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest rate derivatives:						
- Entry	186,394	374,279	1,571,244	2,360,941	-	4,492,858
- Out	143,583	244,620	1,139,809	3,117,227	-	4,645,239
Total cash inflow	22,655,009	9,052,616	8,539,911	6,060,639	2,744,813	49,052,988
Total cash outflow	22,672,102	8,966,726	7,860,395	5,554,822	2,464,420	47,518,465

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

VIII. EXPLANATIONS ON LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT AND LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (Continued):

Net Stable Funding Ratio:

Net stable funding ratio (NSFR) is calculated by dividing the available stable funding amount by the required stable funding amount. Available stable funding includes the portion of banks' liabilities and capital that are expected to be permanent; and required stable funding refers to the portion of banks' onbalance sheet assets and off-balance sheet liabilities that are expected to be refunded.

Available stable funding amount is calculated by summing the amounts to be found after applying the relevant consideration rates determined within the scope of the legislation to the amounts of banks' liabilities and capital items valued in accordance with TFRS. Required stable funding amount will be found after applying the relevant consideration rates determined within the scope of the legislation to the value calculated by deducting the special provisions set aside in accordance with the Regulation on the Procedures and Principles on the Classification of Loans and the Provisions from the amounts of the banks' on-balance sheet liabilities valued in accordance with TFRS.

The three-month simple arithmetic average of the consolidated and unconsolidated NSFR calculated monthly as of capital calculation periods as of March, June, September and December cannot be less than one hundred percent.

Cu	rrent Period	a	ь	С	ç	d
		Unweighted Amount According to Residual Maturity				
		Non Maturity	Residua Imaturity of less than 6 months	Residual maturity of six months and longer but less than one year	Residual maturity of one	Total Weighted Amount
A	ailable stable funding	Non Maturity	iess than 6 months	and longer but less than one year	year or more	Total Weighted Amount
1	Capital Instruments	10,800,995			7,400,403	18,201,398
2	Tier 1 Capital and Tier 2 Capital	10,800,995			7,400,403	18,201,398
2	Other Capital Instruments	10,800,333			7,400,403	18,201,338
1	Real-person and Retail Customer Deposits	3,899,745	35,903,782	381,572	770	36,682,795
5	Stable Deposits	454,198	9,832,992	22,708	365	9,794,749
6	Less Stable Deposits	3,445,547	26,070,790	358,865	406	26,888,046
7	Other Obligations	5,656,670	18,195,654	7,692,710	2,461,152	18,233,670
,	Operational deposits	3,030,070	6,045,387	7,092,710	2,401,132	3,022,694
0	Other Obligations	5,656,670	12,150,267	7,692,710	2,461,152	15,210,976
10	Liabilities equivalent to interconnected assets	3,030,070	12,130,207	7,092,710	2,401,132	13,210,970
11	Other Liabilities					
12	Derivative liabilities	-	-	202 149		-
13	All other equity not included in the above categories	5,826,262	203,148			
14	Available stable funding	3,820,202	21,386,034	-	-	73,117,863
	quired stable funding				l	/3,11/,603
15	High quality liquid assets					2,513,597
16	Deposits held at financial institutions for operational purposes					2,313,397
17	Performing Loans	1,896,877	28,157,214	106,787,445	30,374,359	46,285,688
18	Encumbered loans to financial institutions, where the loan is secured against Level 1 assets	1,690,677	20,137,214	100,787,443	30,374,339	40,263,086
10	Unencumbered loans to financial institutions or encumbered loans that are not secured against		-		-	-
19	Level l assets	1,889,203	4,660,194	92,415,166	977,388	2,041,235
20	Loans to corporate customers, real persons and or retail customers, central banks, other than credit agencies and/or financial institutions	_	23,497,019	14,372,279	29,361,719	44,217,702
21	Loans with a risk weight of less than or equal to 35%		73,040	19,873	29,301,719	46,505
22	Residential mortgages		75,040	17,075	35,251	22,913
23	Residential mortgages with a risk weight of less than or equal to 35%		_		35,251	22,913
24	Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA and exchange-traded equities	7,674	_		33,231	3,837
25	Assets equivalent to interconnected liabilities	7,074	-	_		3,037
26	Other Assets		_	_		12,337,894
27	Physical traded commodities, including gold		-	_		12,337,074
28	Initial margin posted or given guarantee fund to central counterparty			703,029	ı	597,575
29	Derivative Assets		103,027		391,313	
30	Derivative Liabilities before the deduction of the variation margin		51,471		51,471	
31	Other Assets not included above	11,066,483	_		622,365	11,688,848
32	Off-balance sheet commitments	11,000,463	18,837,995	3,254,094	777,777	1,143,493
33	Total Required stable funding		10,001,000	5,254,074	,,,,,,,	62,280,672
34	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					117.40
34			l	1	1	117.40

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (continued):

VIII. EXPLANATIONS ON LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT AND LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (continued):

Net Stable Funding Ratio (continued):

Prio	Period	a	ь	С	ç	d
		Unweighted Amount According to Residual Maturity				
		Non Maturity	Residua lmaturity of less than 6 months	Residual maturity of six months and longer but less than one year	Residual maturity of one year or more	Total Weighted Amount
Ava	ilable stable funding	Non Maturity	less than 6 months	and longer but less than one year	year or more	Total Weighted Amount
Ava	Capital Instruments	7,288,580			5,887,640	13,176,220
2	Tier 1 Capital and Tier 2 Capital	7,288,580		-	5,887,640	13,176,220
2	Other Capital Instruments	7,286,380	-		3,087,040	13,170,220
4	Real-person and Retail Customer Deposits	3,238,746	31,462,103	331,432	2,751	31,824,863
-5	Stable Deposits	189,696	5,659,116	16,929	947	5,573,353
6	Less Stable Deposits	3,049,050	25,802,987	314,503	1,804	26,251,510
7	Other Obligations	945,418	10,010,101	1,217,248	627,316	6,713,699
0	Operational deposits	743,418	812.648	1,217,246	027,310	406.324
0	Other Obligations	945,418	9,197,453	1,217,248	627,316	6,307,375
10	Liabilities equivalent to interconnected assets	743,418	9,197,433	1,217,246	027,310	0,307,373
11	Other Liabilities					
12	Derivative liabilities	-	-	408,501	-	-
13	All other equity not included in the above categories	7,560,263	11.888.441	408,301		
14	Available stable funding	7,300,203	11,000,441	-	-	51,714,782
	uired stable funding		l		1	31,/14,/62
15	High quality liquid assets					717,418
16	Deposits held at financial institutions for operational purposes	_	_	_		717,410
17	Performing Loans	445,958	25,726,154	5,030,985	21,958,582	32,530,592
18	Encumbered loans to financial institutions, where the loan is secured against Level 1 assets	445,756	23,720,134	5,050,765	21,750,502	32,330,372
10	Unencumbered loans to financial institutions or encumbered loans that are not secured against					
19	Level l assets	438,284	4,805,388	-	-	786,551
20	Loans to corporate customers, real persons and or retail customers, central banks, other than credit agencies and/or financial institutions		20,920,766	5,030,985	21,909,824	31,708,512
21	Loans with a risk weight of less than or equal to 35%		36,008	8,140	23,687	45,761
22	Residential mortgages		-	-	48,758	31,692
23	Residential mortgages with a risk weight of less than or equal to 35%	-	-	-	48,758	31,692
24	Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA and exchange-traded equities	7,674	-	-	-	3,837
25	Assets equivalent to interconnected liabilities					.,
26	Other Assets	-	-	-	-	9,260,414
27	Physical traded commodities, including gold	-				
28	Initial margin posted or given guarantee fund to central counterparty			278,302	•	236,556
29	Derivative Assets		=		-	
30	Derivative Liabilities before the deduction of the variation margin		67,791		67,791	
31	Other Assets not included above	8,328,751	-	-	627,316	8,956,067
32	Off-balance sheet commitments	.,.==,.==	12,141,253	2,389,788	749,430	764,024
33	Total Required stable funding		,1,200	_,,,,,,,,	. 15,150	43,272,448
34	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					119.51

The unconsolidated NSFR ratio for the third quarter months of 2024 and the last three months of 2023 is presented in the table below.

Period	Ratio
31.10.2024	112.64
30.11.2024	118.83
31.12.2024	117.4
3 Months Average	116.29

Period	Ratio
31.10.2023	126.39
30.11.2023	120.69
31.12.2023	119.51
3 Months Average	122.20

BURGAN BANK A.Ş. NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

IX. EXPLANATIONS ON LEVERAGE RATIO:

Information on subjects that causes difference in leverage ratio between current and prior periods:

As of 31 December 2024, leverage ratio of the Bank calculated from the arithmetic average of the three months is 8.42% (31 December 2023: 7.84%). This ratio is above the minimum required. The most important reason for the difference in leverage ratio between current and prior period is the increase in balance sheet and off-balance sheet assets.

Disclosure of leverage ratio template:

	31 December 2024 (*)	31 December 2023 (*)
Balance sheet assets		
Balance sheet assets (excluding derivative financial assets and credit derivaties, including collaterals)	106,542,415	77,676,368
(Assets deducted from Core capital)	258,880	124,347
Total risk amount of balance sheet assets	106,283,535	77,552,021
Derivative financial assets and credit derivaties		
Cost of replenishment for derivative financial assets and credit derivatives	2,217,560	5,049,418
Potential credit risk amount of derivative financial assets and credit derivatives	365,274	439,220
Total risk amount of derivative financial assets and credit derivatives	2,582,834	5,488,638
Financing transactions secured by marketable security or commodity	-	
Risk amount of financing transactions secured by marketable security or commodity (excluding Balance sheet)	-	-
Risk amount arising from intermediary transactions	-	-
Total risk amount of financing transactions secured by marketable security or commodity	-	_
Off-balance sheet transactions		
Gross nominal amount of off-balance sheet transactions	28,972,262	18,376,940
(Correction amount due to multiplication with credit conversion rates)	-	-
Total risk of off-balance sheet transactions	28,972,262	18,376,940
Capital and total risk		
Core capital	11,609,106	7,949,325
Total risk amount	137,838,631	101,417,598
Leverage ratio		
Leverage ratio	8.42%	7.84%

^(*) The arithmetic average of the last 3 months in the related periods.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

X. EXPLANATIONS ON HEDGE TRANSACTORS:

As of 31 December 2024, The Bank applies cash flow hedge accounting using interest swaps to hedge its FC deposits with an average maturity up to 3 months against interest rate fluctuations. The Bank implements effectiveness tests at the balance sheet dates for hedge accounting; the effective parts are accounted as defined in TFRS 9, in financial statements under equity "Hedging Funds", whereas the amount concerning ineffective parts is associated with the statement of profit or loss.

As of the balance sheet date derivative financial assets of which carrying amount is TL 1,437,332 (31 December 2023: TL 2,541,045) and derivative financial payables of which carrying amount is TL 1,001,581 (31 December 2023: TL 932,699), are subject to hedge accounting as hedging instruments. As a result of the mentioned hedge accounting, fair value expense amounting to TL (429,024) (31 December 2023: TL (130,328) fair value expense) after tax is recognized under the equity in the current period. The amount which is ineffective or transferred from equity to the income statement due to closed swaps is TL 569,074 (31 December 2023: TL 2,064).

Hedging Instrument	Hedging Subject	Exposed Risk	Hedging	Instruments Fair Value	Hedging Funds (*)	Ineffective Part Accounted in the Statement of Profit or Loss(Net)
			Assets	Liabilities		
Cross Currency Swap	Floating rate up to 3 month maturity FC deposits	Cash flow risk of changes in market interest rates	186,960	186,960	20,882	-
Interest Rate Swap	Floating rate up to 3 month maturity FC deposits	Cash flow risk of changes in market interest rates	1,250,372	814,621	140,416	-

^(*) Includes TAS 27 impacts and describes after tax amounts.

When hedge accounting of cash flow hedges cannot be maintained effectively as defined in TAS 39, the accounting application is ended. In case of deterioration of efficieny, the effective amounts, which are recognized under the equity due to the risk hedge accounting, are eliminated from equities in the periods or periods, when cash flow effects profit and losses (periods, when interest income or expenses are recognized) as re-classification adjustment and then it is re-classified in the profit and loss. The amount which is ineffective or transferred from equity to the income statement due to closed swaps is 569,074. (31 December 2023: TL 2,064).

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

XI. EXPLANATIONS REGARDING SERVICES PROVIDED ON BEHALF OF OTHERS:

The bank engages in securities trading and custodial activities on behalf of real and legal persons. The details of the securities held in custody are presented in the Off-Balance Sheet Liabilities table.

XII. EXPLANATION REGARDING THE PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT THEIR FAIR VALUES:

a. Financial assets and liabilities at their fair values:

Financial assets measured at amortized cost, market prices or in cases where this price is indetermined, are determined based on the quoted market prices for other securities subject to the same qualifying redemption in terms of interest, maturity and other similar conditions.

The estimated fair value of the demand placements and deposits represents the amount to be paid upon request. The estimated fair value of the fixed rate deposit is calculated by determining the cash flow discounted using the current bank interest rates as of the balance sheet date.

Calculating the discounted cash flows using the Bank's current interest rates for fixed interest loans. For the loans with floating interest rates, it is assumed that the book value reflects the fair value. The expected fair value of bank placements, money market placements and bank deposits are determined by calculating the discounted cash flows using the current market interest rates of similar assets and liabilities. The book value represents the sum of the acquisition cost and accumulated interest accruals of the related assets and liabilities.

The following table summarises the book values and fair values of some financial assets and liabilities of the Bank.

	Book Value		Fair	Value
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Financial Assets	88,290,101	58,937,203	87,344,758	59,410,311
Receivables from Money Markets	200,268	-	200,321	-
Banks (*)	2,118,554	1,204,021	2,118,557	1,204,022
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	10,592,213	3,009,723	10,592,213	3,009,723
Other Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	14,374,054	9,665,234	11,695,223	8,410,952
Loans	61,005,012	45,058,225	62,738,444	46,785,614
Financial Liabilities	90,815,185	67,559,171	91,357,001	68,241,336
Bank Deposits	714,747	25,241	714,961	25,241
Other Deposits	52,027,386	40,653,524	52,566,107	41,329,393
Borrowings	35,722,353	18,581,432	35,725,234	18,587,728
Marketable Securities Issued	-	4,428,429	-	4,428,429
Miscellaneous Payables	2,350,699	3,870,545	2,350,699	3,870,545

^(*) Includes CBRT time deposit accounts.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

XII. EXPLANATION REGARDING THE PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT THEIR FAIR VALUES (Continued):

b. Fair value hierarchy:

TFRS 13 sets a hierarchy of valuation techniques according to the observability of data used in valuation techniques which establish basis for fair value calculations.

Aforesaid fair value hierarchy is determined as follows.

- a) Quoted market prices (non-adjusted) for identica assets or liabilities. (1st level);
- b) Directly (by way of prices) or indirectly (derived from prices) data for the assets or liabilities other than quoted prices in the 1st level (2nd level);
- c) Data not based on observable data regarding assets or liabilities (3rd level).

Fair value hierarchy of the financial assets and liabilities of the Bank carried at fair value according to the foregoing principles is given in the table below:

31 December 2024	1st Level	2nd Level	3 rd Level	Total
Fig. 1.1 A 4- 4 F- 7 V.1. Th 1. D. 64 - 1	1 002 000	1 002 072		2 007 072
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	÷	1,003,072	-	2,997,062
Government Debt Securities	904,222	-	-	904,222
Share Certificates	-	-	-	-
Derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	1,003,072	-	1,003,072
Other Securities	1,089,768	-	-	1,089,768
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through other comprehensive income (*)	10,193,042	399,171	-	10,592,213
Share Certificates	-	7,674	-	7,674
Government Debt Securities	10,193,042	-	-	10,193,042
Other Securities	-	391,497	-	391,497
Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive				
Income	-	1,437,332	-	1,437,332
Total Assets	12,187,032	2,839,575	_	15,026,607
Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	-	1,175,638	-	1,175,638
Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive				
Income	_	1,001,581		1,001,581
Total Liabilities	-	2,177,219	-	2,177,219

^(*) As noted in the Section Three footnote VII-d, since the securities representing the share in the capital, which are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, are not traded in organized markets and their fair value cannot be determined reliably, they are reflected in the financial statements at cost after deducting the provision for impairment. There are no transfer between 1st and 2nd levels in the current period.

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

XII. EXPLANATION REGARDING THE PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT THEIR FAIR VALUES (Continued):

b. Fair value hierarchy (Continued):

31 December 2023	1st Level	2nd Level	3 rd Level	Total
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	816,194	1,510,692		2,326,886
Government Debt Securities	66,277	-	-	66,277
Share Certificates	-	-	-	-
Derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	1,510,692	-	1,510,692
Other Securities	749,917	-	-	749,917
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through other comprehensive income (*)	3,002,049	7,674	-	3,009,723
Share Certificates	-	7,674	-	7,674
Government Debt Securities	3,002,049	-	-	3,002,049
Other Securities	-	-	-	-
Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive				
Income	-	2,541,045	-	2,541,045
Total Assets	3,818,243	4,059,411	_	7,877,654
Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	-	1,400,172		1,400,172
Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive				
Income	-	932,699		932,699
Total Liabilities	-	2,332,871	-	2,332,871

^(*) As noted in the Section Three footnote VII-d, since the securities representing the share in the capital, which are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, are not traded in organized markets and their fair value cannot be determined reliably, they are reflected in the financial statements at cost after deducting the provision for impairment. There are no transfer between 1st and 2nd levels in the current period.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

XIII. EXPLANATIONS ON OPERATING SEGMENTS:

The Bank manages its banking operations through three main business units; retail banking, corporate and commercial banking and treasury.

Retail banking provides products and services to individual and private customers. Products and services include primarily deposit, loan, automatic payment services, internet banking and other various banking services.

Corporate and commercial banking provides loan, deposit, cash management products, foreign trade financing, non-cash loans, foreign currency transaction services and other corporate banking services to corporate clients.

Treasury transactions include fixed income security investments, fund management, foreign currency transactions, money market transactions, derivative transactions and other related services.

Stated balance sheet and income statement items based on operating segments

Prior period information is presented for balance sheet and income/expense items as of 31 December 2023.

31 December 2024	Retail Banking	Digital Banking	Corporate and Commercial	: :	Other and Unclassified	Total Operations of the Banks
Net Interest Income	1,152,855	1,566,456	2,950,167	(1,915,807)	_	3,753,671
Net Fees and Comissions	7,457	47,152	340,015	-	-	394,624
Trading Profit/Loss	131,897	9,960	75,395	445,315	_	662,567
Other Operating Income	1,793	25,114	1,107,932	-	_	1,134,839
Operating Income	1,294,002	1,648,682	4,473,509	(1,470,492)	_	5,945,701
Operating and Provision Costs (-)	(808,613)	(1,051,652)	(1,136,181)	(398,452)	(527,089)	(3,921,987)
Net Operating Income	485,389	597,030	3,337,328	(1,868,944)	(527,089)	2,023,714
Dividend Income	_	-	-	_	52	52
Income/Loss from subsidiaries based on equity method	-	-	-	-	1,504,926	1,504,926
Profit Before Tax	485,389	597,030	3,337,328	(1,868,944)	977,889	3,528,692
Tax Provisions (-)	(145,617)	(179,109)	(815,708)	560,683	555,682	(24,069)
Net Profit/Loss	339,772	417,921	2,521,620	(1,308,261)	1,533,571	3,504,623
Segment Assets	1,418,085	6,437,821	55,953,636	39,805,885		103,615,427
Investments in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	-	-	3,822,776	3,822,776
Unallocated Assets	-	-	-	-	6,033,586	6,033,586
Total Assets	1,418,085	6,437,821	55,953,636	39,805,885	9,856,362	113,471,789
Segments Liabilities	26,050,827	13,879,104	12,840,636	45,332,777	4,974,476	103,077,820
Unallocated Liabilities	_	-	-	-	10,393,969	10,393,969
Total Liabilities	26,050,827	13,879,104	12,840,636	45,332,777	15,368,445	113,471,789

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK (Continued):

XIII. EXPLANATIONS ON OPERATING SEGMENTS (Continued):

			Corporate and	Treasury and Assets		Total
	Retail		Corporate and Commercial	Assets Liability	Other and	
31 December 2023	Banking	Digital Banking	Banking	Management	Unclassified	the Banks
Net Interest Income	643,026	442,412	786,443	(845,327)		1,026,554
Net Fees and Comissions	2,325	(8,494)	803,776	-		797,607
Trading Profit/Loss	73,932	4,078	198,326	1,313,252		1,589,588
Other Operating Income	1,099	12,892	259,625	-	_	273,616
Operating Income	720,382	450,888	2,048,170	467,925	-	3,687,365
Operating and Provision Costs (-)	(410,459)	(350,546)	(123,978)	(221,230)	(309,501)	(1,415,714)
Net Operating Income	309,923	100,342	1,924,192	246,695	(309,501)	2,271,651
Dividend Income	-	-	_	-	32	32
Income/Loss from subsidiaries based on equity method	_	_	_	_	965,707	965,707
Profit Before Tax	309,923	100,342	1,924,192	246,695	656,238	
Tax Provisions (-)	(92,977)	(30,103)	(678,431)	(74,008)	198,433	(677,086)
Net Profit/Loss	216,946	70,239	1,245,761	172,687	854,671	2,560,304
Segment Assets	3,259,814	5,367,657	42,035,517	23,757,889	-	74,420,877
Investments in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	-	-	2,388,445	2,388,445
Unallocated Assets	-	-	_	-	3,632,225	3,632,225
Total Assets	3,259,814	5,367,657	42,035,517	23,757,889	6,020,670	80,441,547
Segments Liabilities	22,404,675	9,207,265	8,336,026	25,367,973	7,735,931	73,051,870
Unallocated Liabilities	-	-	-	-	7,389,677	
Total Liabilities	22,404,675	9,207,265	8,336,026	25,367,973	15,125,608	80,441,547

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO ASSETS

a. Information related to cash and the account of Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey:

1. Information on cash and the account of the CBRT:

	31 December 2024		31 December 2023	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Cash	43,725	544,892	35,594	700,550
CBRT	5,587,425	4,307,913	4,391,890	5,354,642
Other	-	407,584	_	133,180
Total	5,631,150	5,260,389	4,427,484	6,188,372

2. Information on the account of the CBRT:

	31 December 2024		31 Decem	ber 2023
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Demand Unrestricted Amount	5,587,425	2,949,881	4,391,890	2,596,976
Time Unrestricted Amount	-	_	_	_
Time Restricted Amount	-	1,358,032	_	2,757,666
Total	5,587,425	4,307,913	4,391,890	5,354,642

3. Information on reserve requirements:

The bank establishes mandatory reserves with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (CBRT) for Turkish lira and foreign currency liabilities according to the CBRT's "Communiqué on Reserve Requirements No. 2013/15." Mandatory reserves can be held at the CBRT in TL, USD, EUR, and standard gold as per the "Communiqué on Reserve Requirements."

As of 31 December 2024, the applicable rates for mandatory reserves held at the CBRT are between 3% and 17% for TL, depending on the maturity structure, excluding accounts for which the Central Bank provides exchange rate/price protection (31 December 2023: between 0% and 8%); for accounts with exchange rate/price protection provided by the Central Bank, the range is between 22% and 33% (31 December 2023: between 10% and 30%). For foreign currency, the rates range between 5% and 30% depending on the maturity structure of foreign currency deposits (31 December 2023: between 5% and 30%). Additionally, a mandatory reserve of 4% in TL is required for foreign currency deposits.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO ASSETS (Continued):

- o. Information on Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/Loss:
 - 1. Financial assets at fair value through profit / loss given as collateral / blocked:
 - As of 31 December 2024, there are TL 40,636 of financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss given as collateral/blocked (31 December 2023: None).
 - 2. Financial assets at fair value through profit / loss subject to repo transactions:
 - As of 31 December 2024, there is no amount subject to repo transactions from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (31 December 2023: None).

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO ASSETS (Continued):

c. Information on banks:

1. Information on banks:

	31 Decer	nber 2024	31 December 2023		
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Banks					
Domestic	864	229,352	311	500,680	
Foreign	-	1,888,338	-	703,030	
Headquarters and Branches Abroad	-	-	-	-	
Total	864	2,117,690	311	1,203,710	

2. Information on foreign banks:

	Unrestricte	d Amount	Restricted	l Amount
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
EU Countries	18,145	44,928	-	-
USA, Canada	53,074	111,653	-	-
OECD Countries (*)	1,770,169	492,413	-	-
Off-shore Banking Regions	-	_		_
Others	46,950	54,036	-	-
Total	1,888,338	703,030	-	-

^(*) OECD countries except EU countries, USA and Canada.

d. Information on Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income:

- 1. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income given as collateral:
 - As of 31 December 2024, there are TL 741,795 financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income given as collateral/blocked (31 December 2023: TL 1,602,712).
- 2. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income subject to repo transactions:
 - As of 31 December 2024, there are TL 2,605,390 financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income subject to repurchase agreements. (31 December 2023: TL 1,314,677).
- 3. Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Debt Securities	10,681,818	3,096,588
Quoted on Stock Exchange	10,681,818	3,096,588
Not Quoted	-	-
Share Certificates	7,674	7,674
Quoted on Stock Exchange	-	-
Not Quoted	7,674	7,674
Impairment Provision (-)	97,279	94,539
Total	10,592,213	3,009,723

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO ASSETS (Continued):

e. Explanations on loans:

1. Information on all trees of loan or advance balances given to shareholders and employees of the Bank:

	31 December 2024		31 Decem	ber 2023
	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Direct Loans Granted to Shareholders of the Bank	-	391	-	21,373
Loans Given to Legal Entity Partners	-	391	-	21,373
Loans Given to Real Person Partners	-	-	-	-
Indirect Loans Given to Bank Partners	-	-	-	-
Loans Given to Bank Members	7,354	-	4,646	-
Total	7,354	391	4,646	21,373

2. Information on the first and second group loans and other receivables including the loans that have been restructured or rescheduled and other receivables:

i.

		Loans Under Close Monitoring			
		Loans and Receivables	Restructured		
Cash Loans	Standard Cash Loans Loans	Not Subject to Restructuring	Change in Contract Conditions	Re-finance	
Non-Specialized Loans	55,185,156	201,029	5,428,107	-	
Loans Given to Enterprises	-	-	-	-	
Export Loans	9,426,136	463	-	-	
Import Loans		-	-	-	
Loans Given to Financial Sector	6,369,786	-	-	-	
Consumer Loans	5,589,122	127,718	3,776	-	
Credit Cards	329	-	-	_	
Other (*)	33,799,783	72,848	5,424,331	_	
Specialized Loans	-	-	-	-	
Other Receivables	-	-	-	-	
Total	55,185,156	201,029	5,428,107	_	

^{*}Other item includes Factoring Receivables amounting to TL 42,172.

ii.

	Standard Loans	Loans Under Close Monitoring
General provisions	87,850	349,869
12 Month Expected Credit Losses	87,850	-
Significant Increase in Credit Risk	-	349,869

3. Distribution of Cash Loans According to Their Maturities:

		Loans Under Close Monitoring	
	Standard Loans	Loans without Revised Contract Terms	Restructured Loans
Short-term Loans	20,964,568	107,676	64,085
Medium and Long-term Loans	34,220,588	93,353	5,364,022
Total	55,185,156	201,029	5,428,107

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO ASSETS (Continued):

e. Explanations on loans (Continued):

4. Information on consumer loans, individual credit cards, personnel loans and personnel credit cards:

	Short-Term	Medium and Long-Term	Total
Consumer Loans-TL	1,318,598	4,230,692	5,549,290
Real estate loans	-	10,864	10,864
Automotive loans	380,295	2,408,237	2,788,532
Consumer loans	938,303	1.811.591	2,749,894
Other		-	
Consumer Loans-FC Indexed	_	_	-
Real estate loans	_		-
Automotive loans			-
Consumer loans			-
Other			-
Consumer Loans-FC	_	5,299	5,299
Real estate loans	_	5,299	5,299
Automotive loans		3,277	
Consumer loans			
Other			
Individual Credit Cards-TL	24		24
With installments	24	-	
Without installments	24		
Individual Credit Cards-FC	24		24
With installments			-
L			
Without installments	-	2 02 6	
Personnel Loans-TL	4,023	3,026	7,049
Real estate loans	-	124	-
Automotive loans	-	134	134
Consumer loans	4,023	2,892	6,915
Other	-	=	
Personnel Loans-FC Indexed	-	-	-
Real estate loans	-	-	
Automotive loans	-	-	-
Consumer loans	_	_	-
Other	_		-
Personnel Loans-FC	_		-
Real estate loans	_	-	-
Automotive loans	_	-	-
Consumer loans	_		-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Credit Cards-TL	300	-	300
With installments	_	-	-
Without installments	300	-	300
Personnel Credit Cards-FC	5		5
With installments	-	-	-
Without installments	5	-	5
Credit Deposit Account-TL (Real Person)	158,978	-	158,978
Credit Deposit Account-FC (Real Person)	-	_	-
Total	1,481,928	4,239,017	5,720,945

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO ASSETS (Continued):

e. Explanations on loans (Continued):

5. Information on commercial installment loans and corporate credit cards:

	Short-Term	Medium and Long-Term	Total
Commercial Installments Loans-TL	2,453,189	5,740,747	8,193,936
Real estate Loans	-	-	-
Automotive Loans	-	-	_
Consumer Loans	2,453,189	5,740,747	8,193,936
Other	-	-	_
Commercial Installments Loans-FC Indexed	-	67,502	67,502
Real estate Loans	-	-	-
Automotive Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	67,502	67,502
Other	-	-	-
Commercial Installments Loans-FC	114,170	15,878,525	15,992,695
Real estate Loans	-	-	-
Automotive Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	114,170	15,878,525	15,992,695
Other	-	-	-
Corporate Credit Cards-TL	-	-	-
With installments	-	-	_
Without installments	-	-	-
Corporate Credit Cards-FC	-	-	_
With installments	-	-	-
Without installments	-	-	_
Credit Deposit Account-TL (Legal Person)	-	_	_
Credit Deposit Account-FC (Legal Person)	_	_	_
Total	2,567,359	21,686,774	24,254,133

6. Loans according to types of borrowers:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Public	5,233,599	1,322,572
Private	55,580,693	44,043,256
Total	60,814,292	45,365,828

7. Distribution of domestic and foreign loans:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Domestic Loans	60,814,292	45,345,715
Foreign Loans	-	20,113
Total	60,814,292	45,365,828

8. Loans given to associates and subsidiaries:

	31 December 2024	
Direct loans given to associates and subsidiaries	-	-
Indirect loans given to associates and subsidiaries	-	-
Total	-	-

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO ASSETS (Continued):

e. Explanations on loans (Continued):

9. Specific provisions provided against loans:

	31 December 2024	
Substandard Loans	41,134	3,856
Doubtful Loans	35,859	1,128
Uncollectible Loans	330,284	292,839
Total	407,277	297,823

- 10. Information on non-performing loans (Net):
- i. Information on loans and other receivables restructured or rescheduled by the Bank from non-performing loans:

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
	Substandard Loans	Doubtful Loans	Uncollectible Loans
31 December 2024			
Gross Amounts Before the Provisions	-	-	-
Restructured Loans	5	73	2,094
31 December 2023			
Gross Amounts Before the Provisions	-	-	-
Restructured Loans	39	-	6,247

ii. Information on the movement of total non-performing loans:

	Group III	Group III Group IV	
	Substandard Loans	Doubtful Loans	Uncollectible Loans
Prior Period End Balance	18,197	7,499	864,721
Additions (+)	201,418	1,222	47,395
Transfers from Other Categories of Non-			
performing			
Loans (+)	-	100,357	9,340
Transfers to Other Categories of Non-			
performing			
Loans (-)	100,357	9,340	
Collections (-)	45,930	36,577	21,873
Write-offs (-) ^(*)	-	-	356
Sold Portfolio (-)	-	-	-
Corporate and Commercial Loans	_	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Balance at the End of the Period	73,328	63,161	899,227
Specific Provision (-)	41,134	35,859	330,284
Net Balance on Balance Sheet	32,194	27,302	568,943

^(*) TL 356 Commercial loan has been written off from the records in accordance with the relevant regulations.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO ASSETS (Continued):

e. Explanations on loans (Continued):

iii. Information on non-performing loans granted as foreign currency loans:

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
	Substandard Loans	Doubtful Loans	Uncollectible Loans
31 December 2024			
Balance at the End of the Period	-	-	760,257
Provision Amount (-)	-	-	259,900
Net Balance on Balance Sheet	-	-	500,357
31 December 2023			
Balance at the End of the Period	-	-	738,687
Provision Amount (-)	-	-	227,004
Net Balance on Balance Sheet	-	-	511,683

iv. Information on gross and net amounts of non-performing loans based on types of borrowers:

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
31 December 2024	Substandard Loans	Doubtful Loans	Uncollectible Loans
Current Period (Net)	32,194	27,302	568,943
Loans Given to Real Persons and Legal Persons (Gross)	73,328	63,161	899,227
Provision Amount (-)	41,134	35,859	330,284
Loans Given to Real Persons and Legal Persons (Net)	32,194	27,302	568,943
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Provision Amount (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other Loans (Gross)	-	-	-
Provision Amount (-)	-	-	-
Other Loans (Net)	-	-	-
Prior Period (Net)	14,341	6,371	571,882
Loans Given to Real Persons and Legal Persons (Gross)	18,197	7,499	864,721
Provision Amount (-)	3,856	1,128	292,839
Loans Given to Real Persons and Legal Persons (Net)	14,341	6,371	571,882
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Provision Amount (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other Loans (Gross)	-	-	-
Provision Amount (-)	-	-	-
Other Loans (Net)	-	_	_

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO ASSETS (Continued):

e. Explanations on loans (Continued):

11. Policy followed-up for the collection of uncollectible loans and other receivables:

The Bank aims to collect uncollectible loans and other receivables are collected through the liquidation of collaterals by legal procedures.

12. Explanations of the write-off policy:

Within the scope of the amendment to the Banking Act, the Regulation on the Classification of Loans and the Procedures and Principles for the provisions to be allocated for them were also amended;

- Classified under Fifth Group-Uncollectible Loans,
- Part of the borrower's default for the lifetime expected credit losses or if there are no reasonable expectations for the recover of loans allocated in specific provision,
- From the first reporting period (interim or year-end reporting period) following their classification in the group,

It has been allowed to be written-off from the accounts under TFRS 9.

Accordingly, non-performing loans are tracked in off-balance sheet accounts by writing-off the records. This transaction is an accounting application that allows the transfer of the legal proceeding balance to the off-balance sheet by removing it from asset accounts and not the result of the Bank giving up the right to credit.

It is not compulsory that the entire receivable for collecting from registration has no possibility to collect, but it is possible to remove the part that does not have partial collection possibility from the assets.

In order to write-off any legal proceedings from the account;

- Classified under Fifth Group (Uncollectible Loans),
- 100% provision for the portion of the account balance that will be written-off,
- Either the legal proceedings to be continued or to be started,

must be met.

Provisions allocated for amounts written-off from the accounts are considered "expense" in terms of tax legislation. The write-off process is only an accounting process and will continue the legal proceedings for the collection of the Bank's receivables. After the writing-off process, the balance in the off-balance sheet accounts will be collected for the part of the debt that is written-off from the account in full or part of the collection by agreeing with the borrower and the debtor's request.

As of 31 December 2024, the Bank has a written-off receivable of TL 356 (31 December 2023: TL 193,612).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO ASSETS (Continued):

f. Information on the calculation of interest accruals, valuation differences and their provisions for non-performing loans by banks which allocate expected credit losses according to TFRS 9:

	Group III	Group III Group IV	
	Substandard Loans	Doubtful Loans	Uncollectible Loans
Current Period (Net)	1.463	2.131	20.149
Interest Accruals and Valuation Differences	2.819	4.763	32.729
Provision Amount (-)	1.356	2.632	12.580
Prior Period (Net)	86	3	17.679
Interest Accruals and Valuation Differences	125	9	34.184
Provision Amount (-)	39	6	16.505

g. Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost:

1. Information on financial assets valued at amortized cost subject to repurchase agreements:

	31 December 2024		31 December 2023	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Bonds	-	-	-	-
Bonds and Similar Securities	2,723,290	3,161,289	1,670,222	3,031,657
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	2,723,290	3,161,289	1,670,222	3,031,657

2. Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost given as collateral/blocked:

	31 December 2024		31 December 2023	
	TL FC		TL	FC
Bonds	-	-	-	-
Bonds and Similar Securities	1,898,999	603,973	2,105,071	201,210
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	1,898,999	603,973	2,105,071	201,210

3. Information on government debt securities measured at amortized cost:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Government Bond	13,824,990	9,665,234
Treasury Bond	-	-
Other Public Debt Securities	549,064	
Total	14,374,054	9,665,234

4. Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Debt securities	14,374,054	9,665,234
Publicly-traded	14,374,054	9,665,234
Not publicly-traded	-	-
Provision for impairment (-)	-	-
Total	14,374,054	9,665,234

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO ASSETS (Continued):

g. Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost (Continued):

5. Movement of financial assets measured at amortized cost within the period:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Opening Balance	9,665,234	5,380,706
Foreign Exchange Differences in Monetary Assets	498,263	947,068
Purchases During The Year	3,027,292	2,178,641
Disposals Through Sales and Redemptions	(1,993,767)	(594,021)
Value Decrease Equivalent (-)	3,177,032	1,752,840
End of Period Total	14,374,054	9,665,234

h. Information on associates (Net):

None (31 December 2023: None).

i. Information on subsidiaries (Net):

1. Information on unconsolidated subsidiaries:

None (31 December 2023: None).

2. Main financial figures of the unconsolidated subsidiaries in order of the below table:

None (31 December 2023: None).

3. Information on subsidiaries that are consolidated:

	Title	Address	Different Voting	Other Shareholders' Share Percentage
		(City/Country)	Percentage (%)	(%)
1	Burgan Finansal Kiralama A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	99.99	99.99
2	Burgan Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	100.00	100.00

4. Main financial figures of the consolidated subsidiaries in the order of the above table:

			Total		Income from Marketable	:		
		Shareholders'	Tangible	Interest	Securities	Period	Prior Period	Fair
	Total Assets	Equity	assets	Income	Portfolio	Profit/Loss	Profit/ Loss	Value
1	13,762,184	3,138,809	4,982,413	3,292,364	-	1,380,844	821,145	-
2	1,217,418	684,050	40,282	389,367	718	124,082	144,562	-

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO ASSETS (Continued):

i. Information on subsidiaries (Net) (Continued):

5. Movement schedules of consolidated subsidiaries:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Balance at the beginning of the Period	2,388,445	1,096,358
Movements during the Period	1,434,331	1,292,087
Purchases	-	350,000
Bonus Shares Obtained	-	-
Profit from Current Year Income (*)	1,504,926	965,707
Sales	-	-
Revaluation Increase/Decrease (*)	(70,595)	(23,620)
Impairment Provision	-	-
Balance at the End of the Period	3,822,776	2,388,445
Capital Commitments	-	-
Share Percentage at the End of the Period (%)	99.99%	99.99%

^(*) Includes the increases occured as a result of the application of the equity method in accordance with TAS 27.

6. Sectoral information on consolidated financial subsidiaries and the related carrying amounts:

Subsidiaries		31 December 2023
Banks	-	-
Insurance Companies	-	-
Factoring Companies	-	-
Leasing Companies	3,138,726	1,828,899
Finance Companies	-	-
Other Financial Subsidiaries	684,230	559,546
Total	3,822,776	2,388,445

7. Subsidiaries quoted on stock exchange:

None (31 December 2023: None).

j. Information on jointly controlled partnerships (joint ventures):

None (31 December 2023: None).

k. Information on lease receivables (net):

None (31 December 2023: None).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO ASSETS (Continued):

l. Information on derivative financial assets

1. Information on derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:

	31 Decemb	31 December 2024		ber 2023
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward Transactions	302,018	55,134	60,271	1,037
Swap Transactions	445,242	131,038	1,010,350	431,986
Futures Transactions	5,391	-	1,205	-
Options	-	64,249	-	5,843
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	752,651	250,421	1,071,826	438,866

2. Information on derivative financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:

	31 Decemb	er 2024	31 December 2023		
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Fair Value Hedge	-	-	-	-	
Cash Flow Hedge	1,290,969	146,363	1,425,932	1,115,113	
Foreign Net Investment Hedge	-	-	-	-	
Total	1,290,969	146,363	1,425,932	1,115,113	

m. Information on tangible assets:

	Immovables	Motor Vehicle	Other Tangible Assets	Total
31 December 2023				
Cost	134,402	320	540,639	675,361
Accumulated Depreciation (-)	9,402	289	210,258	219,949
Net Book Value	125,000	31	330,381	455,412
31 December 2024				
Net Book Value at Beginning of the Period	125,000	31	330,381	455,412
Additions	-	-	246,591	246,591
Disposals (-), net	-	-	116	116
Impairment (-)	-	-	-	-
Depreciation (-)	2,750	31	164,287	167,068
Revaluation Increase	15,250	-	-	15,250
Cost at Period End	149,652	320	759,910	909,882
Accumulated Depreciation at Period End (-)	12,152	320	347,341	359,813
Closing Net Book Value	137,500	-	412,569	550,069

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO ASSETS (Continued):

m. Information on tangible assets (continued):

	Immovables	Motor Vehicles	Other Tangible Assets	Total
31 December 2022				
Cost	66,652	420	293,007	360,079
Accumulated Depreciation (-)	6,902	285	145,773	152,960
Net Book Value	59,750	135	147,234	207,119
31 December 2023				
Net Book Value at Beginning of the Period	59,750	135	147,234	207,119
Additions	-	-	263,026	263,026
Disposals (-), net	-	32	704	736
Impairment (-)	-	-	-	-
Depreciation (-)	2,500	72	79,175	81,747
Revaluation Increase	67,750	-	-	67,750
Cost at Period End	134,402	320	540,639	675,361
Accumulated Depreciation at Period End (-)	9,402	289	210,258	219,949
Closing Net Book Value	125,000	31	330,381	455,412

n. Information on intangible assets:

1. Gross book value and accumulated depreciation at the beginning and at the end of the period:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Gross Book Value	505,156	274,219
Accumulated Depreciation (-)	169,947	124,096
Net Book Value	335,209	150,123

2. Movement table containing the information between the beginning of the period and the end of the period:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Beginning of the Period	150,123	81,502
Internally Generated Amounts	-	-
Additions due to Mergers, Transfers and Acquisitions	230,937	90,912
Exclusions and Sales (-)	-	-
Amounts Recorded in the Valuation Fund due to Increase or Decrease in	-	
Value		-
Decreases in Value Recorded in the Income Statement	-	-
Decreases in Value Canceled from the Income Statement	-	-
Amortisation (-)	45,851	22,291
Net Foreign Currency Difference From Foreign Investments in Associates	-	-
Other Changes in Book Value	-	-
End of the Period	335,209	150,123

o. Information on investment property:

None (31 December 2023: None).

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO ASSETS (Continued):

p. Information on deferred tax asset/liability:

As of 31 December 2024, Bank has netted-off the calculated deferred tax asset of TL 616,011 (31 December 2023: TL 380,745) and deferred tax liability of TL 309,777 (31 December 2023: TL 834,263) in accordance with TAS 12 and has recorded a net deferred tax asset TL 306,234 (31 December 2023: TL 453,518 net deferred tax liability) in the financial statements.

As of 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, the details of accumulated temporary differences and deferred tax assets and liabilities are presented below:

	Accumulated Differ		Deferred tax assets/liabilities		
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023	31 December 2024	31 December 2023	
Provision for Legal Cases and Other	15,739	12,508	4,722	3,752	
Expected Loss Provisions	479,099	916,921	143,730	275,076	
Employee Benefits Provisions	473,903	323,297	142,171	96,989	
Unearned Revenue	-	16,428	-	4,928	
Difference Between Book Value and Tax Value and Tax Value of Fixed					
Assets	1,041,414	-	323,218	-	
Other	7,234	-	2,170	-	
Deferred Tax Assets	2,017,389	1,269,154	616,011	380,745	
Unearned Revenue	-	_	-	-	
Difference Between Book Value and Tax Value and Tax Value of Fixed Assets	-	342,608	-	87,862	
Valuation Differences of Derivative Instruments	254,610	1 729 217	76,383	521 465	
		1,738,217	······	/	
Other(*)	777,981	1,024,492			
Deferred Tax Liabilities	1,032,591	3,105,317	309,777	834,263	
Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities) (Net)			306,234	(453,518)	

Movement of deferred tax asset/liabilities is presented below:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Balance as of 1 January	(453,518)	164,843
Current year deferred tax income/(expense), net	573,945	(661,639)
Deferred tax charged to equity, net (*)	185,807	43,278
Balance at the end of the period	306,234	(453,518)

^(*) Deferred tax accounted in equity due to the effects of TAS 27 amounts to TL 30,571.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO ASSETS (Continued):

r. Information on assets held for resale and discontinued operations:

The Bank has assets held for resale amounting to TL 1,571,475 (31 December 2023: TL 1,805,136) and has no discontinued operations.

Prior Period	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Cost	1,805,412	855,576
Accumulated Depreciation (-)	276	287
Net Book Value	1,805,136	855,289
Current Period		
Net Book Value at Beginning of the Period	1,805,136	855,289
Additions	28,182	1,215,954
Disposals (-), net	261,843	266,107
Impairment (-)	-	-
Depreciation (-)	-	-
Cost at the End of the Period	1,571,751	1,805,412
Accumulated Depreciation at the End of the Period (-)	276	276
Closing Net Book Value	1,571,475	1,805,136

s. Information on other assets:

Other assets amount to TL 3,270,599 (31 December 2023: TL 1,188,578) and do not exceed 10% of the total assets excluding off-balance sheet commitments.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO LIABILITIES

a. Information on deposits:

1. Information on maturity structure of deposits:

i. 31 December 2024:

		With 7 days	Up to 1	1-3	3-6	6 months -	1 vear	Accumulated	
	Demand	notifications	month	months	months	1 year	and over	Deposit	Total
Saving Deposits	915,456	-	6,213,768	17,023,140	2,474,621	444,034	662,308	-	27,733,327
Foreign Currency Deposits	4,927,949	-	1,640,050	4,659,883	231,839	29,362	62,436	-	11,551,519
Residents in Turkey	4,861,901	-	1,636,010	4,497,627	219,154	25,180	41,163	-	11,281,035
Residents Abroad	66,048	-	4,040	162,256	12,685	4,182	21,273	-	270,484
Public Sector Deposits	2,121,718	-	4,269	105,389	-	-	-	-	2,231,376
Commercial Deposits	2,194,470	-	695,261	4,774,891	503,766	171,352	29,746	-	8,369,486
Other Institutions Deposits	7,297	-	6,100	9,571	-	-	-	-	22,968
Precious Metal Deposits	2,118,710	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,118,710
Bank Deposits	9,054	-	705,693	-	-	-	-	-	714,747
The CBRT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	210	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	210
Foreign Banks	8,844	-	705,693	-	-	-	-	-	714,537
Special Financial Institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	12,294,654	-	9,265,141	26,572,874	3,210,226	644,748	754,490	-	52,742,133

ii. 31 December 2023:

		With 7 days	Up to 1	1-3	3-6	6 months -	1 vear	Accumulated	
	Demand	notifications	month	months	months	1 year		:	Total
Saving Deposits	463,844	-	4,966,288	6,650,887	4,276,197	917,691	308,748	-	17,583,655
Foreign Currency Deposits	3,816,222	-	1,723,132	8,174,267	727,982	96,740	146,188	-	14,684,531
Residents in Turkey	3,592,211	-	1,715,724	8,017,076	709,116	94,350	70,103	-	14,198,580
Residents Abroad	224,011	-	7,408	157,191	18,866	2,390	76,085	-	485,951
Public Sector Deposits	182,057	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	182,057
Commercial Deposits	2,125,567	-	126,033	4,840,314	304,220	230,968	17,492	-	7,644,594
Other Institutions Deposits	93,916	-	343	3,633	-	-	-	-	97,892
Precious Metal Deposits	460,795	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	460,795
Bank Deposits	25,241	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,241
The CBRT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28
Foreign Banks	25,213	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,213
Special Financial Institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	7,167,642	-	6,815,796	19,669,101	5,308,399	1,245,399	472,428	-	40,678,765

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO LIABILITIES (Continued):

- a. Information on deposits (Continued):
 - 2. Information on saving deposits insurance:
 - i. Information on saving deposits under the guarantee of the saving deposits insurance fund and exceeding the limit of deposit insurance fund:

	Under the gua insur	rantee of deposit ance	nit of the deposit rance	
Saving Deposits	31 December 2024	31 December 2023	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Saving Deposits	12,594,101	7,582,044	15,139,226	10,001,611
Foreign Currency Savings Deposit	1,522,849	1,589,772	5,002,945	9,154,369
Other Deposits in the Form of Savings				
Deposits	377,629	156,113	1,741,081	304,682
Foreign Branches' Deposits Under				
Foreign Authorities' Insurance	-	-	-	-
Off-shore Banking Regions' Deposits				
Under Foreign Authorities' Insurance	-	-	-	-
Total	14,494,579	9,327,929	21,883,252	19,460,662

^(*) In accordance with the "Regulation Amending the Regulation on the Insured Deposit and Participation Funds and Premiums to be Collected by the Savings Deposit Insurance Fund" published in the Official Gazette dated 27 August 2022 and numbered 31936 all deposits and participation funds, except those belonging to official institutions, credit institutions and financial institutions in the presence of credit institutions, are included in the insurance coverage and deposits of TL 395,467 which are covered by the insurance, are not included in the note above.

- ii. There are no deposits covered under foreign authorities' insurance since the Bank is incorporated in Turkey.
- 3. Saving deposits of real persons which are not under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance fund:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Deposits and Other Accounts in Foreign Branches	_	_
Deposits and Other Accounts of Main Shareholders and their Families	-	_
Deposits and Other Accounts of President of Board of Directors, Members of Board of Directors, Vice General Managers and Their Families	209,675	74,119
Deposits and Other Accounts of Property Assets Value due to Crime which is in the Scope of Article 282 of Numbered 5237 "TCK" Dated 26/9/2004	-	-
Deposits in Banks Incorporated in Turkey Exclusively for Off-shore Banking Operations	_	_
Total	209,675	74,119

b. Information on financial liabilities at fair value through profit/loss:

None (31 December 2023: None).

^(**)The amount of deposits subject to insurance is TL 650 for the current period (31 December 2023: TL 400).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO LIABILITIES (Continued):

c. Information on borrowings:

1. Information on banks and other financial institutions:

	31 December 2024		31 December 202	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
CBRT Borrowings	-	-	-	-
From Domestic Banks and Institutions	2,654	-	10,555	-
From Foreign Banks, Institutions and Funds	684,193	27,917,379	-	12,627,772
Total	686,847	27,917,379	10,555	12,627,772

2. Information on maturity structure of borrowings:

	31 December 2024		31 December 2023	
	FC	TL	FC	FC
Short-term	686,847	13,058,495	10,555	10,054,235
Medium and Long-Term	-	14,858,884	-	2,573,537
Total	686,847	27,917,379	10,555	12,627,772

3. Additional information on the major concentration of the Bank's liabilities:

The Bank's main funding sources are deposits and borrowings. As of 31 December 2024, deposits and borrowings from Bank's risk group comprise 1.93% (31 December 2023: 1.31%) of total deposits. Besides, borrowings from Bank's risk group comprise 33.04% (31 December 2023: 72.40%) of subordinated and other borrowings.

d. Information on marketable securities issued:

None (31 December 2023: None).

e. Information on other liabilities:

Other foreign liabilities amounting to TL 3,757,109 (31 December 2023: TL 4,624,961) do not exceed 10% of the total of the balance sheet excluding off-balance sheet commitments.

f. Information on lease payables:

	31 December 2024		31 December 2023	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Less Than 1 Year	20,820	12,462	1,355	1,270
Between 1-4 Years	84,450	61,460	77,361	62,068
More Than 4 Years	96,620	63,873	43,885	30,598
Total	201,890	137,795	122,601	93,936

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO LIABILITIES (Continued):

g. Information on derivative financial liabilities:

1. Information on Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss:

	31 Decem	31 December 2024		er 2023
Trading Derivative Financial Liabilities	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward Transactions	588,781	14,809	47,402	9,092
Swap Transactions	471,247	54,441	927,958	410,493
Futures Transactions	1,555	-	287	-
Options	-	44,805	-	4,940
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	1,061,583	114,055	975,647	424,525

2. Information on Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income:

	31 December 2024		31 December 2023	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
For Fair Value Hedges	-	-	-	-
For Cash Flow Hedging	944,230	57,351	693,435	239,264
For Hedging Net Investments Abroad	-	-	-	-
Total	944,230	57,351	693,435	239,264

h. Information on provisions:

1. Information on reserve for employment termination benefits:

Under the Turkish Labor Law, the Bank is required to pay a specific amount to the employees who have been working more than one year, when employment is terminated due to obligatory reasons or they retire, when they have fulfilled 25 working years (women 20) and are eligible for retirement (for women 58 years, for men 60 years), when they have been called up for military service or when they die. After the amendment of legislation on 23 May 2002, some of the transition process articles related to the working period before retirement were enacted.

The compensation to be paid is equivalent to one month's salary for each year of service, and this amount is capped by the severance pay ceiling. Severance pay obligation is not legally subject to any funding, and there are no funding requirements.

The reserve has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Bank arising from the retirement of its employees. TAS 19 necessitates the actuarial valuation methods to calculate liabilities of enterprises. Independent actuaries are used in determining the liability of the Bank. There are assumptions in the calculation as discount rate, employee turnover and expected salary increases. In this context, the following actuarial assumptions are used in the calculation of total liabilities.

	31 December 2024	
Discount Rate (%)	2.75	2.46
Salary Increase Rate (%)	25.28	22.61
Average Remaining Work Period (Year)	16.61	12.97

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO LIABILITIES (Continued):

h. Information on provisions (Continued):

Movement of reserve for employment termination benefits during the period:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Prior period balance	76,310	75,431
Current service cost	15,804	10,577
Interest cost	15,699	7,249
Settlement cost	-	-
Actuarial loss/gain	627	23,726
Benefits paid (-)	16,759	40,673
Balance at the End of the Period	91,681	76,310

In addition, as of 31 December 2024, the Bank has accounted for vacation rights provision and personnel bonus provision amounting to TL 382,222 (31 December 2023: TL 246,987).

2. Other Provisions:

i. Information on provisions related with foreign currency difference of foreign indexed loans:

The provisions related to foreign currency differences of foreign indexed loans calculated as of the balance sheet date have been netted-off from the loan amount in the financial statements, and there is no the provision related to foreign currency differences of foreign indexed loans (31 December 2023: None).

ii. Information on other provisions:

The Bank set aside reserves under other provisions amounting to TL 701,889 (31 December 2023: 1,308,970) for free provision, TL 40,117 (31 December 2023: TL 48,438) for provisions for non-cash loans and commitments that are not converted to cash and not indemnified and lawsuit provisions amounting to TL 8,612 (31 December 2023: TL 6,561) and other provisions amounting to and TL 7,127 (31 December 2023: TL 5.947).

i. Information on taxes payable:

1. Information on tax provision:

As of 31 December 2024, corporate tax provision is amounting to TL 256,616 (31 December 2023: None).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO LIABILITIES (Continued):

i. Information on taxes payable (Continued):

2. Information on taxes payable:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Corporate Tax Payable	256,616	-
Taxation of Marketable Securities	135,124	39,893
Property Tax	998	230
Banking Insurance Transaction Tax	82,234	38,463
Foreign Exchange Transaction Tax	958	705
Value Added Tax Payable	9,941	12,142
Other	58,973	30,550
Total	544,844	121,983

3. Information on premium payables:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Social Security Premiums-Employee	17,577	16,570
Social Security Premiums-Employer	24,509	22,763
Bank Social Aid Pension Fund Premiums-Employee	_	-
Bank Social Aid Pension Fund Premiums-Employer	-	-
Pension Fund Membership Fee and Provisions-Employee	_	-
Pension Fund Membership Fee and Provisions-Employer	-	-
Unemployment Insurance-Employee	1,100	1,014
Unemployment Insurance-Employer	2,200	2,029
Other	847	386
Total	46,233	42,762

4. Explanations on deferred tax liability:

As of 31 December 2024, the Bank has netted-off the calculated deferred tax asset of TL 616,011 (31 December 2023: TL 380,745) and deferred tax liability of TL 309,777 (31 December 2023: TL 834,263) in accordance with TAS 12 and has recorded a net deferred tax asset of TL 306,234 (31 December 2023: TL 453,518 net deferred tax liability) in the financial statements.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO LIABILITIES (Continued):

j. Information on payables for assets held for resale and discontinued operations:

None (31 December 2023: None).

k. Information on subordinated debt instruments:

Detailed explanation on subordinated loans including quantity, maturity, interest rate, issuing institution, if available, option to be converted into stock certificate:

Issuing Institution	Amount	Opening Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate
Burgan Bank K.P.S.C. (Main Shareholder)	USD 150,000,000	12 May 2022	••	SOFR+4.25
Burgan Bank K.P.S.C. (Main Shareholder)	USD 50,000,000	22 February 2021	Indefinite	-

The subordinated loan does not have the option to be converted into stock certificate.

	31 Decem	31 December 2024		ber 2023
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Domestic Banks	-	-	-	-
Other Domestic Institutions	-	-	-	-
Foreign Banks	-	7,118,127	-	5,943,105
Other Foreign Institutions	-	-	-	-
Total	-	7,118,127	-	5,943,105

	31 December 2024		31 December 2023	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Debt Instruments Subject to Common Equity	-	1,764,015	-	1,471,910
Subordinated Loans	-	1,764,015	-	1,471,910
Subordinated Debt Instruments	-	-	-	-
Debt Instruments Subject to Tier 2 Equity	-	5,354,112	-	4,471,195
Subordinated Loans	-	5,354,112	-	4,471,195
Subordinated Debt Instruments	-	-	-	-
Total	-	7,118,127	-	5,943,105

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO LIABILITIES (Continued):

1. Information on shareholders' equity:

1. Presentation of paid-in capital:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Provision for Common Stock	3,050,000	3,050,000
Provision for Preferred Stock	-	-

2. Paid-in capital amount, explanation as to whether the registered share capital system is applied and if so, amount of registered share capital ceiling:

Capital System	Paid-in Capital	Ceiling
Registered Capital	3,050,000	6,000,000

3. Information on the share capital increases during the period and their sources:

None.

4. Information on capital increases from capital reserves during the current period:

None.

- Information on capital commitments, up until the end of the fiscal year and the subsequent period: None.
- 6. Information on equity by considering the prior period indicatiors of income, profitability and liquidity of the Parent Bank and the uncertainties on these indicators:

The interest, liquidity and foreign exchange risk on on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet assets and liabilities are managed by the Bank within several risk limits and legal limits.

7. Information on privileges given to shares representing the capital:

Based on the Principal Agreement, the Bank has 1,000,000 founder's shares. According to the Principal Agreement, after allocating 5% to legal reserves and distributing 5% of the paid in capital, 10% of distributable amount is distributed to the owners of the founder's shares.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO LIABILITIES (Continued):

1. Information on shareholders' equity (Continued):

8. Information on marketable securities valuation reserve:

	31 December 2024		31 December 2023	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries, and Joint Ventures (From Partnerships)	-	-	-	-
Valuation Difference	(218,036)	32,463	(118,481)	16,475
Foreign Currency Difference	-	_	_	-
Total	(218,036)	32,463	(118,481)	16,475

9. Information on tangible assets revaluation reserve:

	31 December 2024		31 December 2023	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Movables	-	-	-	-
Immovables	111,538	-	99,718	-
Common Stocks of Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries that will be added to the Capital and Sales Income from				
Immovables (*)	1,413	-	1,413	-

^(*) Classified under other capital reserves.

10. Information on distribution of prior year's profit:

As per the decision made at the Bank's Annual General Assembly Meeting held on 25 March 2024, the 2023 profit of TL 2,560,304, including the effects of TMS 27 Standard, has been transferred to the legal reserves and extraordinary reserves accounts.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO OFF-BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS:

a. Information on off-balance sheet commitments:

1. The type and amount of irrevocable commitments:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Currency forward buy/sell commitements	2,496,521	735,405
Securities buy/sale commitments	-	-
Loan allocation commitment with guaranteed usage	1,511,654	397,903
Commitments for cheques	173,763	141,403
Time deposit buy-sell commitments	_	-
Cheques blocked issued to customers	43,721	73,410
Commitments for credit card limits	2,601	-
Total	4,228,260	1,348,121

2. Type and amount of probable losses and obligations arising from off-balance sheet items:

There are no probable losses and obligations arising from off-balance sheet items. Obligations arising from off-balance sheet are disclosed in "Off-Balance Sheet Commitments".

i. Non-cash loans, including guarantees, bank acceptances and financial guarantees, and other letters of credit:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Letter of guarantees	10,552,898	7,936,300
Letter of credits	7,274,180	3,794,082
Bank acceptance loans	134,400	102,272
Other guarantees	3,176,649	2,835,101
Total	21,138,127	14,667,755

ii. Revocable, irrevocable guarantees, contingencies and other similar guarantees:

	31 December 2024		31 December 2023		
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Irrevocable Letters of Guarantee	3,276,997	1,074,251	3,384,273	1,037,105	
Letters of Temporary Guarantees	40,720	23,132	31,340	171,802	
Letters of Advance Guarantees	39,128	782,076	34,975	283,146	
Letters of Guarantees Given to Customs	11,124	86,881	11,645	77,037	
Other Letters of Guarantee	4,870,711	347,878	2,597,191	307,786	
Total	8,238,680	2,314,218	6,059,424	1,876,876	

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO OFF-BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS (Continued):

a. Information on off-balance sheet commitments (Continued):

3. i. Total amount of non-cash loans:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Non-Cash Loans Given Against Cash Loans	5,190,267	2,889,499
With Original Maturity of 1 Year or Less Than 1 Year	-	-
With Original Maturity of More Than 1 Year	5,190,267	2,889,499
Other Non-Cash Loans	15,947,860	11,778,256
Total	21,138,127	14,667,755

ii. Information on the risk concentration on the basis of sector in the non-cash loans account:

	31	31 December 2024			31 December 2023			
	TL	(%)	FC	(%)	TL	(%)	FC	(%)
Agriculture	94,135	0.83	81,916	0.84	15,704	0.19	-	0.00
Farming and Stockbreeding	94,113	0.83	81,411	0.83	15,475	0.18	-	0.00
Forestry	-	0.00	505	0.01	-	0.00	-	0.00
Fishery	22	0.00	-	0.00	229	0.00	-	0.00
Manufacturing	2,734,654	24.13	2,170,729	22.14	582,962	6.91	859,691	13.79
Mining and Quarrying	49,269	0.43	706	0.01	57	0.00	-	0.00
Production	2,589,614	22.85	2,095,104	21.37	582,177	6.90	346,612	5.56
Electricity, Gas and Water	95,771	0.85	74,919	0.76	728	0.01	513,079	8.23
Construction	226,798	2.00	125,689	1.28	129,420	1.53	213,506	3.42
Services	8,242,753	72.73	7,386,561	75.33	7,659,364	90.84	5,159,481	82.74
Wholesale and Retail Trade	3,474,386	30.66	5,907,194	60.24	6,473,199	76.77	4,260,585	68.32
Accommodation and Dining	4,170	0.04	-	0.00	956	0.01	-	0.00
Transportation and Telecom	64,799	0.57	14,649	0.15	19,412	0.23	-	0.00
Financial Institutions	4,560,937	40.25	1,440,411	14.69	1,161,340	13.77	886,256	14.21
Real Estate and Rental Services	20,741	0.18	24,307	0.25	4,457	0.05	12,640	0.20
Professional Services	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	0.00
Educational Services	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	0.00
Health and Social Services	117,720	1.04	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	0.00
Other	34,490	0.30	40,402	0.41	44,263	0.52	3,364	0.05
Total	11,332,830	100.00	9,805,297	100.00	8,431,713	100.00	6,236,042	100.00

iii. Information on non-cash loans classified in group I and II:

	Group I		Group II	
Current Period (*)	TL	FC	TL	FC
Letters of Guarantee	8,185,650	2,255,531	47,301	52,920
Bill of Exchange and Acceptances	650	133,750	-	-
Letters of Credit	-	6,873,239	-	400,941
Endorsements	-	-	-	-
Purchase Guarantees for Securities Issued	-	-	-	-
Factoring Related Guarantees	-	-	-	-
Other Collaterals and Sureties	3,093,500	83,149	-	-
Total	11,279,800	9,345,669	47,301	453,861

^(*) In addition to the non-cash loans stated in the table above, the Bank has a non-cash loan amounting to TL 11,496, which is classified as total non-performing loans. As of 31 December 2024, the Bank has recorded a TL 8,733 provision regarding these loans.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO OFF-BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS (Continued):

a. Information on off balance sheet commitments (continued):

	Group	Ι	Group II	
Prior Period (*)	TL	FC	TL	FC
Letters of Guarantee	6,031,977	1,770,685	21,096	74,361
Bill of Exchange and Acceptances	75,030	27,242	-	-
Letters of Credit	-	3,518,443	166,509	109,130
Endorsements	-	-	-	-
Purchase Guarantees for Securities Issued	-	-	-	-
Factoring Related Guarantees	-	-	-	-
Other Collaterals and Sureties	2,130,750	704,351	-	-
Total	8,237,757	6,020,721	187,605	183,491

^(*) In addition to the non-cash loans stated in the table above, the Bank has a non-cash loan amounting to TL 38,181 which is classified as total non-performing loans. As of 31 December 2023, the Bank has recorded a TL 35,670 provision regarding these loans.

b. Information on derivative financial instruments:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Types of Trading Transactions		
Foreign Currency Related Derivative Transactions (I)	63,091,526	71,830,512
Currency Forward Transactions	13,969,506	1,777,935
Currency Swap Transactions	33,396,707	63,103,834
Futures Transactions	7,284,515	3,077,015
Options	8,440,798	3,871,728
Interest Related Derivative Transactions (II)	6,181,846	5,121,624
Forward Rate Agreements	-	-
Interest Rate Swaps	6,181,846	5,121,624
Interest Rate Options	-	-
Interest Rate Futures	_	-
Other Trading Derivative Transactions (III)	_	-
A. Total Trading Derivative Transactions (I+II+III)	69,273,372	76,952,136
Types of Hedging Transactions	41,052,756	41,182,186
Fair Value Hedges	-	-
Cash Flow Hedges	41,052,756	41,182,186
Foreign Currency Investment Hedges	_	-
B. Total Hedging Related Derivatives	41,052,756	41,182,186
Total Derivative Transactions (A+B)	110,326,128	118,134,322

c. Information on contingent assets and contingent liabilities:

As of 31 December 2024, the total amount of legal cases against the Bank is TL 14,452 (31 December 2023: TL 10,957) and the Bank sets aside a provision of TL 8,612 (31 December 2023: TL 6,561) regarding these risks.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

III. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO OFF-BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS (Continued):

d. Brief information on the Bank's rating given by International Rating Institutions:

FITCH (17 September 2024)

Outlook	Stable
Long Term FC	BB-
Short Term FC	В
Long Term TL	BB-
Short Term TL	В
Support Rating	bb-
National Rating	AA(tur)
Viability Note	Ь

IV. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO INCOME STATEMENT:

a. Information on interest income:

1. Information on interest income on loans:

	31 Decemb	oer 2024	31 December 2023		
Interest Income on Loans (*)	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Short-term Loans	5,413,757	417,532	2,809,494	540,718	
Medium/Long-term Loans	6,441,070	1,410,018	1,189,866	951,588	
Interest on Loans Under Follow-up	78,594	-	186,154	-	
Premiums Received from Resource Utilisation Support Fund	-	-	-	-	
Total	11,933,421	1,827,550	4,185,514	1,492,306	

^(*) Includes fee and commission income related with cash loans.

2. Information on interest income on banks:

	31 Decemb	31 December 2024		er 2023
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From the CBRT	11,664	5,428	-	453
From Domestic Banks	411,234	4,327	74,108	4,817
From Foreign Banks	-	19,680	-	15,694
Headquarters and Branches Abroad	-	-	-	-
Total	422,898	29,435	74,108	20,964

3. Information on interest income on marketable securities:

	31 December 2024		31 December	2023
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value				
through Profit or Loss	67,083	75,189	4,740	12,585
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value				
through Other Comprehensive Income	1,566,214	181,409	549,833	42,619
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	2,699,505	305,324	1,744,038	193,659
Total	4,332,802	561,922	2,298,611	248,863

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

IV. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO INCOME STATEMENT (Continued):

a. Information on interest income (Continued):

4. Information on interest income received from associates and subsidiaries:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Interest Received From Associates and Subsidiaries	22	29,626

b. Information on interest expense:

1. Information on the interest of the loans used:

	31 December 2024		31 December	2023
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks	81,797	1,825,671	1,964	856,389
The CBRT	-	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	1,680	-	1,964	-
Foreign Banks	80,117	1,825,671	-	856,389
Headquarters and Branches Abroad	-	-	-	-
Other Institutions	-	_	-	-
Total (*)	81,797	1,825,671	1,964	856,389

^(*) Includes fee and commission expense related with cash loans.

2. Information on interest expense given to investments in associates and subsidiaries:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Interest Paid to Associates and Subsidiaries	53,460	76,922

3. Interest expense on issued marketable securities:

None (31 December 2023: None).

4. Display of the interest paid on the deposit according to the maturity structure:

Current period				Time Depo	osit	·····			
	Demand Deposit	Up to 1 Month	Up to 3 Months	Up to 6 Months	Up to 1 Year	Over 1 Year		Total	Prior Period Total
Turkish Lira									
Bank Deposits	-	65,299	_	_	_	-	_	65,299	54,269
Savings Deposits	-	2,354,460	4,717,230	1,611,639	443,493	209,941	-	9,336,763	4,278,319
Public Deposits	_	256	10,375	_	_	-	_	10,631	6
Commercial Deposits	-	333,645	479,854	101,012	96,070	23,290	-	1,033,871	687,877
Other Deposits	-	855	2,074,112	25,176	470	-	-	2,100,613	829,847
7 Day Notice Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	2,754,515	7,281,571	1,737,827	540,033	233,231	-	12,547,177	5,850,318
Foreign Currency	-								
Foreign Currency Account	-	22,529	106,425	11,494	939	5,343	-	146,730	268,802
Bank Deposits	-	17,022	-	-	-	-	-	17,022	13,010
7 Day Notice Deposits	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Precious Metal Deposits	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Total	-	39,551	106,425	11,494	939	5,343	-	163,752	281,812
Grand Total	-	2,794,066	7,387,996	1,749,321	540,972	238,574	-	12,710,929	6,132,130

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

IV. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO INCOME STATEMENT (Continued):

c. Explanations on dividend income:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	-	-
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	52	32
Other	-	-
Total	52	32

d. Information on trading income/loss (Net):

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Profit	111,386,192	84,014,301
Capital Market Transactions	531,262	729,034
Derivative Financial Transactions	2,395,721	1,428,215
Foreign Exchange Gains	108,459,209	81,857,052
Loss (-)	110,723,625	82,424,713
Capital Market Transactions	77,617	71,201
Derivative Financial Transactions	2,050,285	1,726,331
Foreign Exchange Losses	108,595,723	80,627,181
Net Profit/Loss	662,567	1,589,588

e. Information on other operating income:

For the period ended 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023 other operating income includes the adjustment account for previous years' expenses and other operating income.

f. Expected loss provision expenses and other provision expenses:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Expected Credit Loss	(414,641)	(1,098,678)
12 Month Expected Credit Loss (Stage 1)	101,333	(190,184)
Significant Increase in Credit Risk (Stage 2)	43,171	(2,746)
Non-performing Loans (Stage 3)	(559,145)	(905,748)
Marketable Securities Provisions for Impairment	-	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	-	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-
Provisions for Impairment of Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures	-	-
Investments in Associates	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Joint Ventures	-	-
Other(*)	4,185	338,581
Total	(410,456)	(760,097)

^(*) As of 31 December 2024, there is no free provision expense for possible risks. (31 December 2023: TL 337,243).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

IV. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO INCOME STATEMENT (Continued):

g. Information related to other operating expenses:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Reserve For Employment Termination Benefits (*)	49,904	19,210
Bank Social Aid Pension Fund Deficit Provision	-	-
Impairment Expenses of Tangible Assets	-	-
Depreciation Expenses of Tangible Assets	167,068	81,747
Impairment Expenses of Intangible Assets	-	-
Depreciation Expenses of Intangible Assets	45,851	22,291
Impairment Expenses of Equity Preferreds for which Equity Method is Applied	-	-
Impairment Expenses of Assets Held For Resale	-	_
Depreciation Expenses of Assets Held for Resale	-	_
Impairment Expenses of Tangible Assets Held for Sale	-	_
Other Operating Expenses	1,612,118	800,256
Leasing Expenses Related to TFRS 16 Exceptions	20,215	11,714
Maintenance Expenses	10,006	4,757
Advertising Expenses	156,744	113,291
Other Expense(**)	1,425,153	670,494
Loss on Sales of Assets	361	52,570
Other	-	-
Total	1,875,302	976,074

^(*) As of 31 December 2024 there is "Employee Vacation Fee Provision Expense" amounting to TL 18,401 (31 December 2023: TL 1,384).

h. Information on net income/loss before taxes from discontinued and continuing operations:

The Bank has no discontinued operations. The Bank's profit before taxes from continuing operations is TL 3,528,692 (31 December 2023: TL 3,237,390).

i. Information on provision for taxes from discontinued or continuing operations:

The Bank has no discontinued operations and the explanations below represent the provision for taxes of continuing operations:

1. Information on calculated current tax income or expense and deferred tax income or expense:

As of 31 December 2024, the Bank has current tax expense amounting to TL 598,014 and net deferred tax income amounting to TL 573,945. As of 31 December 2023 the Bank has current tax expense amounting to TL 15,447 and net deferred tax expense amounting to TL 661,639.

^(**) As of 31 December 2024, the "Other Expenses" item consists of TL 398,700 Banking Service Expenses, TL 215,250 Information Technology Software and Hardware Maintenance Support, TL 123,622 Banking and Insurance Transactions Tax, TL 102,487 Savings Deposit Insurance Fund, TL 62,970 Call Center Service Expenses, TL 41,014 Financial Activity Fees, TL 41,532 Online Information, TL 41,341 Security Service Expenses, TL 31,389 Cleaning Expenses, TL 26,077 Other Communication, TL 33,098 Review, Research, Translation and Consultancy, and TL 307,672 Other Expenses.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

IV. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO INCOME STATEMENT (Continued):

i. Information on provision for taxes from discontinued or continuing operations (Continued):

2. Explanations on deferred tax income or expense arising from the formation or closure of temporary differences:

The Bank has a deferred tax income of TL 915,856 arising from the temporary differences. There is no deferred tax income arising from the financial losses carried from previous periods. There is a net deferred tax expense of TL 573,945 and TL 341,911 of which is deferred tax expense arising from the closing of temporary differences.

As of 31 December 2023, the Bank has deferred tax income amounting to TL 77,393 arising from the formation of temporary differences. There are no deferred tax income arising from the financial losses carried from previous periods. There is a net deferred tax income of TL 661,639, and TL 739,032 of which is deferred tax expense arising from the closing of temporary differences.

3. Information on recognition of deferred tax income or expense as of temporary difference, financial loss, diminution of tax and exceptions on income statement:

As of 31 December 2024, the Bank has TL 573,945 (31 December 2023: TL 661,639 net deferred tax expense) net deferred tax income arising from temporary differences.

j. Information on continuing and discontinued operations' current period net profit/loss:

It has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on Financial Statements to Be Disclosed to the Public by Banks and Explanations and Footnotes Related to Them.

k. Information on net income/loss for the period:

1. If the disclosure of usual banking transactions, income and expenditure items' composition is necessary to understand the annual performance of the Bank, the composition and amount of these items:

None.

2. If an estimation change related to financial statement items significantly affects profit/loss or has the probability of affecting the profit/loss of the following periods, the effect including these periods:

None.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

IV. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO INCOME STATEMENT (Continued):

l. Information on other income and expenses:

1. In the current period, the Bank's interest income amounts to TL 29,640,383 (31 December 2023: TL 11,980,433) and TL 9,544,298 (31 December 2023: TL 3,481,936) of this amount is classified as "Other Interest Income" in the income statement.

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Other Interest Income		
Interest Income Related to Derivative Transactions	9,510,865	3,473,943
Other	33,433	7,993
Total	9,544,298	3,481,936

2. In the current period, the Bank's interest expense amounts to TL 25,886,712 (31 December 2023: TL 10,953,879), TL 9,113,439 (31 December 2023: TL 3,654,831) of this amount is classified as "Other Interest Expense" in the income statement.

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Other Interest Expense		
Interest Expense Related to Derivative Transactions	8,902,427	3,436,014
Other	211,012	218,817
Total	9,113,439	3,654,831

3. The amount of fees and commissions received in the income statement of the Bank in the current period is TL 571,766 (31 December 2023: TL 896,377) and TL 410,158 (31 December 2023: TL 761,309) of this amount is classified as "Other".

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Other Fee and Commissions Received		
Early Closing Commissions	98,879	118,583
Commissions on Investment Fund Services	67,455	38,291
Insurance Commissions	38,691	20,256
Commissions from Correspondent Banks	10,362	6,178
Card and POS Exchange Commissions	9,585	2,492
Transfer Commissions	1,397	1,155
Common Point Commissions	1,052	516
Other(*)	182,737	573,838
Total	410,158	761,309

4. In the current period, Bank's fee and commission expense amounts to TL 177,142 (31 December 2023: TL 98,770) and TL 177,048 (31 December 2023: TL 98,670) of the related amount is classified under "Other" account.

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Other Fee and Commissions Given		
Card Transaction Commission	51,658	17,905
Commissions Granted to Correspondent Banks	12,261	7,591
Common Point Exchange Commissions	11,668	6,718
Fees and Commissions for EFT	4,973	3,479
Transfer Commissions	417	388
Other	96,071	62,589
Total	177,048	98,670

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

IV. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO INCOME STATEMENT (Continued):

5. Fees for Services Received from Independent Audit Firm: (Amounts are presented on an unconsolidated basis and do not include audit fees of subsidiaries.)

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Independent audit fee for the reporting period	6,925	3,682
Other assurance services fee	-	-
Fee for services other than independent audit	-	-
Total	6,925	3,682

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

V. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

a. Information on change in the shareholder structure of the Bank:

None.

b. Information on distribution of profit:

In accordance with the decision made at the Annual General Assembly meeting held on 25 March 2024, the 2023 profit of TL 2,560,304, including the effects of TMS 27 Standard, has been transferred to the legal reserves and extraordinary reserves accounts.

c. Information on capital increase:

None.

d. Information on valuation differences of marketable securities:

"Unrealized profit/loss" arising from changes in the fair value of securities classified as available-forsale are not recognized in current year income statements; they are recognized in the "Marketable securities valuation reserve" account under equity, until the financial assets are sold, disposed or impaired.

	31 December 2024 TL FC		31 December 2023	
			TL	FC
From Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries, and Joint Ventures				
(From Partnerships)	-	-	-	-
Valuation Difference	(218,036)	32,463	(118,481)	16,475
Foreign Currency Difference	-	-	-	-
Total	(218,036)	32,463	(118,481)	16,475

e. Information on revaluation differences of tangible and intangible assets:

The reversal from revaluation reserve to their fair value for immovables amounting to TL 11,820 net of tax (31 December 2023: TL 46,413) is accounted under "Revaluation differences of tangible assets and intangible assets".

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

VI. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

a. Information on cash and cash equivalents:

Components of cash and cash equivalents and the accounting policy applied in their determination:

Cash, foreign currency, cash in transit and purchased bank cheques together with demand deposits at banks including the CBRT are defined as "Cash"; interbank money market and time deposits in banks with original maturities of less than three months are defined as "Cash Equivalents".

i. Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Cash	7,752,203	3,972,249
Cash, Foreign Currency and Other	869,324	521,677
Demand Deposits in Banks	6,882,879	3,450,572
Cash Equivalents	264,944	1,799,400
Interbank Money Market	-	1,799,400
Time Deposits in Bank	264,944	-
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	8,017,147	5,771,649

The total amount from the operations that occurred in the prior period is the total cash and cash equivalents amount at the beginning of the current period.

ii. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Cash	10,895,303	7,752,203
Cash, Foreign Currency and Other	996,201	869,324
Demand Deposits in Banks	9,899,102	6,882,879
Cash Equivalents	200,000	264,944
Interbank Money Market	200,000	_
Time Deposits in Bank	_	264,944
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	11,095,303	8,017,147

b. Information on other items presented in the statement of cash flows and the effects of the change in foreign exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents:

"Other" items presented in "Net operating income before changes in operating assets and liabilities" amount to negative TL 2,230,386 (31 December 2023: negative TL 1,474,280) and mainly consists of other operating income excluding collections from non-performing loans, other operating expenses excluding personnel expenses and foreign exchange gain and loss items.

"Net increase/decrease in other payables" items presented in "Changes in operating assets and liabilities" amount to positive TL 779,061 (31 December 2023: positive TL 3,259,176) and consist of changes in other liabilities and miscellaneous payables.

As of 31 December 2024, the effect of change in foreign exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents is calculated as approximately positive TL 165,142 (31 December 2023: positive TL 434,382).

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

VII. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO BANK'S RISK GROUP:

- a. The volume of transactions relating to the Bank's risk group, outstanding loan and deposit transactions and profit and loss of the period:
 - 1. Prior period information is presented for balance sheet items and income/expense items as of 31 December 2023.

31 December 2024 Banks' Risk Group	Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures		Shareho		Persons th	eal and Legal at Have Been ed in the Risk Group
Loans and Other Receivables	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Balance at the Beginning of the						
Period	-	7,169	-	21,373	1,173	87
Balance at the End of the Period	-	26,910	-	391	610	87
Interest and Commission Income						
Received	22	76	-	4	348	1

31 December 2023 Banks' Risk Group	Associates	nvestments in s, Subsidiaries oint Ventures	Shareho		Persons tha	eal and Legal at Have Been ed in the Risk Group
Loans and Other Receivables	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Balance at the Beginning of the						
Period	20,825	15,466	-	17,225	828	87
Balance at the End of the Period	-	7,169	-	21,373	1,173	87
Interest and Commission Income						
Received	29,626	2,149	-	4	225	1

2. Information on deposits and repurchase transactions of the Bank's risk group:

			Other Re	eal and Legal		
	Investments i	n Associates,	Direct an	d Indirect	Persons tha	at Have Been
	Subsidiaries and Joint		int Shareholders of The		e Included in the F	
Banks' Risk Group	Ventures		Bank			Group
	Current	Prior	Current	Prior	Current	Prior
Deposit	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period
Beginning of the Period	130,679	334,371	314,501	332,312	86,820	40,543
End of the Period	424,019	130,679	374,545	314,501	220,977	86,820
Interest Expense on Deposits	53,460	76,922	42,123	5,741	44,043	7,365

					Other Re	al and Legal
	Investment	s in Associates,	Direct a	nd Indirect	Persons that Have Bee	
	Subsidi	aries and Joint	Sharehol	ders of The	Included	l in the Risk
Banks' Risk Group	Ventures			Bank	_	Group
	Current	Prior	Current	Prior	Current	Prior
Repo	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period
Beginning of the Period	-	-	-	-	-	-
End of the Period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Repo Interest Expense	-	79	-	-	32	4

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

VII. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO BANK'S RISK GROUP (Continued):

- a. The volume of transactions relating to the Bank's risk group, outstanding loan and deposit transactions and profit and loss of the period (Continued):
 - 3. Information on forward and option agreements and other similar agreement with the Bank's risk group:

Banks' Risk Group	Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures		lers of The	, 0		
Transactions at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period			Prior Period
Beginning of the Period (*)	387,569	1,450,982	3,303,501	1,745,925	-	-
End of the period (*)	698,249	387,569	-	3,303,501	-	-
Total Profit/Loss	755,663	(632,487)	81,275	(24,295)	_	_
Transactions for Hedging Purposes						
Beginning of the Period	5,227,289	3,659,119	-	-	-	-
Balance at the End of the Period	2,222,096	5,227,289	-	-	-	-
Total Profit/Loss	(146,550)	(495,241)	-	-	-	-

^(*) The information in the table above shows the total amount of "buy".

b. With respect to the Bank's risk group:

1. The relations with entities that are included in the Bank's risk group and controlled by the Bank regardless of the presence of a transaction between parties:

The Bank performs various transactions with related parties during its banking activities. These are commercial transactions realised with market prices.

2. Along with the type of relationship, the type of transaction, the amount and its ratio to total transaction volume, the amount of significant items and their ratios to total items, pricing policy and other issues:

		According to the amounts included in the financial
	Total Risk Group	statements (%)
Loans Received and Subordinated Borrowing Instruments	11,802,294	33.04
Deposit	1,019,541	1.93
Banks and Other Financial Institutions	27,388	0.13
Non-Cash Loans	7,986	0.38
Loans	610	0.00

As of 31 December 2024, the Bank has realized interest income from deposits given to banks included in the risk group amounting to TL: None (31 December 2023: None). The Bank has realized interest expense amounting to TL 874,445 (31 December 2023: TL 697,724) on loans borrowed from the banks in the Bank's risk group.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued):

VII. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO BANK'S RISK GROUP (Continued):

b. With respect to the Bank's risk group (Continued):

3. Information on transactions such as purchase-sale of immovable and other assets, purchase-sale of service, agent agreements, financial lease agreements, transfer of the information gained as a result of research and development, license agreements, financing (including loans and cash or in kind capital), guarantees, collaterals and management contracts:

According to the Joint Expense Sharing Agreement with the Bank and its subsidiaries; the Bank has received TL 3,525 (31 December 2023: TL 2,032) from Burgan Finansal Kiralama A.Ş., TL 9,687 (31 December 2023: TL 1,764) other operation income from Burgan Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.

In accordance with the limits in Banking Law, cash and non-cash loans are allocated to the Bank's risk group and the amount composes 0.03% (31 December 2023: 0.05%) of the Bank's total cash and non-cash loans.

As of 31 December 2024, there are no purchase-sales transactions on any assets including real estate with the risk group consisting the Bank.

As of 31 December 2024, there are no agreements related to transfer and management of the information gathered from the research and development with the risk group that the Bank is included.

c. Information on benefits provided to top management:

Top management of the Bank is composed of the Board of Directors, General Manager and Vice General Managers. The sum of benefits paid to top management in the current period, totals TL 226,208 (31 December 2023: TL 119,445) which constitutes of the sum of other benefits including yearly gross salaries and other payments and travel, meal aids, heath and life insurances and vehicle expenses.

VIII. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE DOMESTIC, FOREIGN, OFF-SHORE BRANCHES AND FOREIGN REPRESENTATIVES OF THE BANK

a. Information on domestic, foreign branches and foreign representatives:

	Number	Employee Number			
Domestic branch	26	1,320			
			Country of Incorporation		
	None.				Grand GI
				Total Asset	Statutory Share Capital
Foreign branch	None.				
Off-Shore Banking Region Branch	None.				

b. There is no event that would affect opening or closing a domestic branch, a foreign branch or a representative office of the Parent Bank.

IX. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES ON RELATED TO SUBSEQUENT EVENT:

None.

NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION SIX OTHER EXPLANATIONS

I. EXPLANATIONS ON RELATED TO BANK'S OPERATIONS

None.

SECTION SEVEN

EXPLANATIONS ON THE INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT

I. EXPLANATIONS ON THE INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT

The unconsolidated financial statements as of and for the period ended 31 December 2024 have been audited by KPMG Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. and the auditor's audit report dated 7 February 2025 has been presented prior to the unconsolidated financial statements.

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES PREPARED BY INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

None.